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The Bombay Chronicle

FOUNDED BY SIR PHEROZESHAH M. MEHTA IN 1913.

VOL. XXV NO. 86 BOMBAY: TUESDAY, APRIL 13, 1937 PRICE: ONE ANNA

INSURANCE
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Sastri's Formula For Averting Crisis

Paving Way For Assurances

DISCREPANCY IN GANDHI-HOARE UNDERSTANDING

Says, Zetland Created A Bogey & Demolished It

BANGALORE, April 12.

"I am surprised that Gandhiji accepted Lord Zetland's version of his original statement and the imagined discrepancy between himself and Sir Samuel Hoare", said the Rt. Hon. Srinivasa Sastri in an interview with the Associated Press.

"The discrepancy is of Lord Zetland's creation," he added.

Sir Samuel Hoare admits his original expectation that the Governors' special powers of interference would not ordinarily be called into play. What he denies is that he ever said that the Governors could give previous assurances to that effect.

Gandhiji in his statement of March 30, gave a correct statement of Sir Samuel Hoare's conversation. Lord Zetland created a bogey and demolished it."

RT. HON. SRINIVASA SASTRI.

NO WAY OUT.

Mr. Sastri continued:—"Gandhiji's new demand has a precedent according to him. I regret that I am not aware of any. A Commission is generally appointed in such cases and the Commission's findings are not binding on Government. If they agree to arbitration they would be bound by the verdict of the Tribunal. I have heard it said that in the dispute between Britain and India, Britain would not be bound even by the decision of the League of Nations, of which both are equal members. It seems unlikely that the idea of an arbitration tribunal between Government and the Congress would be accepted. Ticklish questions of Sovereignty may arise. That way does not lie settlement.

NOT A QUESTION OF LAW.

Gandhiji is a lawyer and falls to the temptation of treating national and international problems as though they were questions of pure law and for decision by a issue is, in its essence, one of high policy. Justice and expediency and the fulfilment of the nation's destiny are involved. If the Arbitration Tribunal decides the legal aspects against the Congress, I doubt whether the nation can sit still under the verdict. Whether Sir Tej Bahadur Sapru is right or Gandhiji is right in the technical field of law is not the question. Is Government justified in raising technical barriers against the exercise by large popular electorates of the rights given they by the new Constitution? If, when Gandhiji made his proposal to the All-India Congress Committee, he meant that only the Governors should promise not to use their powers ordinarily, he allowed the Governors a small margin of freedom, which is all they could desire. The All-India Congress Committee and the local leaders in the six provinces dropped the word "ordinarily" and made the demand of an assurance absolute.

IS IT POSSIBLE?

Concluding, he asks: 'Is it possible to review Gandhiji's original qualification which, in my humble judgment, was both necessary and wise? Government should not object to an assurance, which saves the Governors' powers of interference for extraordinary cases and at the same time permits the working of the Constitution in an atmosphere of general confidence and co-operation between the Governors and the chosen leaders of the people." A. P.

PROTECTION TO BRITISH SHIPS

Baldwin Heckled On Want Of Adequate Measures In Spanish Waters

LONDON, April 12.

In the House of Commons asked by Mr. Archibald Sinclair what measures Government proposed to prevent interference with peaceful British shipping attempting to enter Bilbao, Mr. Baldwin said Government had been considering the situation during the week-end. It was necessary to take into account practical aspects of the problem. Bilbao was in close proximity to war zone and there was constant and serious risk to shipping in the harbour from aircraft bombing. In addition both sides had laid mines in the approaches and there was grave risk to any ship seeking to enter the harbour, unless minesweeping was first carried out in Spanish territorial waters.

GOVT'S. MEASURES.

Government had decided they could not recognise or concede belligerent rights and could not tolerate any interference with British shipping at sea. They were, however, warning British shipping that in view of conditions at Bilbao they should not, for practical reasons enter the area. Vice-Admiral commanding battle cruiser squadron in H.M.S. "Hood" had been sent to north coast of Spain. Government desired to have adequate naval force under the command of an officer of Flak rank.

Mr. Sinclair asked whether warships would be ordered to give shipping protection not only on the high seas but in territorial waters.

Mr. Baldwin said he adhered to his previous answer drawing attention to the sowing of the harbours and their approaches with mines.

QUESTION OF RISKS.

Mr. Shinwell enquired the position if British vessels were compelled to undertake the risks involved.

Mr. Baldwin rejoined that ships had been warned of the danger. He could not imagine there were any owners who were going to send ships there.

Maj. Attlee intimated that in view of the Premier's unsatisfactory answers he would request a debate to discuss the Government's failure to give protection to merchant ships.—Reuter.

TASK BEFORE CONGRESS CABINET

Difficulties In Way Of Parallel Legislatures

KARACHI, April 12.

Mr. Jairamdas Daulatram, who arrived this morning at Mirpurkhas village for a few days' rest, interviewed by the Associated Press, said that there could not be a more courteous and conciliatory reply to a most offensively worded assertion of might than Mahatma Gandhi's offer of an Arbitration Tribunal in response to Lord Zetland's fiat that the King's Government in India must go on in defiance of the will of the electorate. Lord Zetland's speech, he said, had bolted the door to all settlement and India had been forced to face a crisis.

The plan of action for the coming months would need the most careful consideration at Wardha on April 26. The idea of parallel legislatures was attractive but there were difficulties in the way of their functions as such. The holding of meetings of elected members of the Provincial Assemblies at which legislative and administrative measures for the benefit of the masses would be outlined and organising of widespread propaganda in support of those proposals would strengthen the Congress position in the country. No question of resigning from the Legislatures need arise.

The meeting at Wardha will no doubt review the situation as it exists both in the majority and minority provinces.—A. P.

WHITEHALL CONSIDERING

Butler On Gandhiji's Statement

LONDON: April 4.

In the House of Commons, replying to Mr. Grenfell (Labourite) Mr. Butler said, he had no further developments to report in the Indian political situation.

Mr. Grenfell asked whether Government were taking note of Mr. Gandhi's declaration published in the Press.

Mr. Butler replied: "Government is taking these into consideration."—Reuter.

NO INVITATION TO INDIA

Chambers' Federation's Protest To London Sugar Conference

(From Our Correspondent)

NEW DELHI: April 12.

Mr. D. P. Khaitan, President, Federation of Indian Chambers of Commerce and Industry has sent the following telegram to Mr. Ramsay MacDonald, Chairman, World Sugar Conference, the Secretary of State for India and the High Commissioner for India, in connection with the World Sugar Conference:

"The Committee of the Federation of Indian Chambers of Commerce and Industry, very much regret that India was not invited to participate in the World Sugar Conference, though an important sugar manufacturing country. India is vitally interested in questions relating to production and export of sugar. Suggest that India as a factor in any international scheme regarding this industry should not be over-looked".

ALLEGED GERMAN SPY ON TRIAL

Otto Ludwig Charged Under Official Secrets Act

LONDON: April 12.

The German, Otto Karl Ludwig was charged to-day at Mistley in Essex with being an alien attempting to land at Harwich on Saturday and being in possession of documents and data calculated to constitute an act preparatory to committing an offence under Official Secrets Act. A detective gave evidence to arresting Ludwig who admitted the documents were his. In view of the nature of the documents, they were sent to War Office. Ludwig who protested against the arrest was remanded to custody for a week.—Reuter.

EX-ROYAL FAMILY SUPPORTS FRANCO

PARIS: April 12.

"We are giving everything we can, because we want General Franco to win", said Infanta Eulalia, ex-King Alfonso's aunt, to Reuter.

Questioned about the report that Alfonso had subscribed two million sterling to General Franco's cause, Eulalia said it was impossible to say what sums the Spanish Royal Family and Grandees had given, "but we are ready to sacrifice all."—Reuter.

Assembly Prorogued

(From Our Correspondent)

NEW DELHI: April 12.

A "communique" says:

The Governor-General has prorogued the session of the Legislative Assembly.

LONDON: April 12.

British Troops in Indian establishment, like the army at home, will shortly have five meals daily, Mr. Butler told Capt. Macnamara.—Reuter.

ALLEGED "REDS" ON TRIAL

Charges Under Cr. L. A. A. Against Thirteen Young Men

CALCUTTA, April 12.

The twelve young men who figure as accused in what is known as "Communist Conspiracy Case" were produced in the court of Mr. J. K. Biswas, Additional Chief Presidency Magistrate, Northern Division, this afternoon when a charge sheet was submitted against them under section 17, Criminal Law Amendment Act and section 18 (1), Press Emergency Act. The case then adjourned till April 15 for opening by the public prosecutor.

THE CHARGES.

The charge under the Criminal Law amendment Act against the accused is that they were parties to criminal conspiracy to assist the operation of Communist Party In India. Its committees, subcommittees and branches which were declared unlawful by the Government of India in July 1934 by doing various acts particularly by making, publishing, distributing or keeping for publication or distribution unauthorised Newspaper News sheets entitled "Communists" between 28-7-1934 and 6-12-36 at Calcutta, Kalighat, Tollygunj, Chetla and other places in British India.

The charge under Press Act against six accused is that they published or distributed unauthorised news-sheets entitled "Communist organ of Central Committee of Communist Party in India" in persuance of the said conspiracy.

About 125 witnesses will be examined in the case.—United Press.

Four Released On Bail

Four of the accused namely, Subodh, Karuna, Jatindra and Samar in the "Communist Conspiracy Case" have been allowed bail and the others were remanded —A.P.

U. S. GOLD POLICY

Speculations About Abolishing Inactive Gold Fund

NEW YORK, April 12

Early action to abolish Inactive Gold Fund is expected in well-informed quarters at Washington says the "Journal of Commerce," while other arrangements would prevent renewed expansion of excess reserves. Re-establishment of open gold market, adds the "Journal," is understood to be receiving increasingly favourable attention.—Reuter's Special.

U. S. TREASURY REFUTES REPORTS

WASHINGTON, April 12.

The treasury officials have flatly denied the reported intention to abolish Inactice Gold Fund or re-establish open gold market.—Reuter's Special.

STOP PRESS.

INDIAN STUDENTS FROM MOSCOW.

LONDON: April 12.

Question of Indian students' Free University courses at Moscow provided they return to India as Communist Missionaries was raised by Capt. Ramsay at question time in the House of Commons.

Mr. Butler stated he understood that 40 to 50 of these students had returned to India in the past two years and a majority of them had been traced by the authorities. Some of them had been arrested and others kept under strict survey. He did not think that representations at present would serve any useful purpose.—Reuter's Special.

"VICEROY OF INDIA" SAILS.

PORT SAID: April 12.

The P. and O. liner, "Viceroy of India" sailed at 8-30 p.m.—Reuter.

Sir Sikandar Heckled In Punjab Assembly

Adjournment Debate On Zetland's Statement Talked Out

WHEN POLICE WERE TOLD TO BE IN READINESS!

LAHORE: April 12.

In the Punjab Legislative Assembly, the adjournment motion, moved by Mr. Gauba to discuss the recent statement of Lord Zetland "and the grave implications thereof on the Provincial Autonomy and Responsible Government, purported to have been established by the Government of India Act," was talked out after two hours' discussion, and the Assembly adjourned 'sine die' at a late hour.

Police Told To Be Ready?

The main feature of the debate was the statement made by the Leader of the Opposition, Dr. Gopichand Bhargava, that, although the Punjab was apparently not concerned with the present storm, it was certain that there would be mass action in the other provinces, followed by repression. He said that he had already heard that the Police of all the Provinces had been told to be in readiness. He appealed to all irrespective of other differences, to signify their dissatisfaction, not only with the Constitution, but with the interpretation sought to be given to Responsible Government of India by Lord Zetland's speech.

PREMIER'S REPLY

Sir Sikandar Hyat Khan, the Premier, replying to the debate said that he had no doubt that had the position been as stated "by our revered leader Mahatma Gandhi" as quoted by Lord Zetland in his speech from Gandhiji's statement, then his opinion was that agreement would be quite possible thereon (cheers) and he would urge well-wishers to move again in that direction. Sir Sikandar regretted that while demanding the assurance from the Governors in the terms of the A. I. C. C. resolution Congress leaders had not themselves made clear to the Governors that they on their part would not allow a situation to arise calling for the exercise of the Special Powers. In regard to the rights of the services and the interests of minorities. Had this been made clear, he thought that the constitutional situation would not have arisen.

SIKANDAR HECKLED

The Congress members repeatedly heckled Sir Sikandar, but he said that that was his view of the matter and he hoped that there was still a chance of a settlement on the basis of Gandhi's statement in which he says:—"We wanted nothing more".

Besides Mr. Gauba, Dewan Chamanlal, Begum Shah Nawaz Khan, Malik Barkatali, Dr. Gopichand and the Advocate-General participated in the debate.—A.P.

(SEE PAGE 7)

WHEN PUNJAB PREMIER WILL NOT HESITATE TO RESIGN'!

LAHORE, April 12.

The Punjab Assembly to-day finished its legislative programme by passing the Removal of Disqualifications Bill, a technical ("enabling") measure in respect of the election of a certain class of public servants performing quasi-Governmental functions and the appointment of elected members as Parliamentary Secretaries.

In the course of a reply to the motion for circulation of the bill, Sir Sikander Hyat Khan, the Premier, said:—"If ever we find that the Governor disagrees with what we believe is the right thing to do in the interests of the people we shall not hesitate to resign our offices and go to the opposition benches."

Congress members: "Have you obtained an assurance from the Governor?"

The Premier: "We do not need an assurance. We are sure of ourselves."

The House previously passed the Speaker's and Deputy Speaker's Salaries Bill. The Premier offered a proposed new clause (making the Speaker's and Deputy Speaker's salaries non-votable), if the Opposition agreed to follow the convention of not moving cuts in their salaries. The Opposition gave the required assurance and the bill was passed.—A. P.

MORE REGIMENTS FOR WAZIRISTAN

RAWALPINDI, April 12.

An indication of the serious view taken by the military authorities in Waziristan of the recent developments in that area is provided by the fact that two regiments of the Second Brigade in Rawalpindi are leaving for Waziristan.

They are the 2/4 Bombay Grenadiers and the 2/8 Punjab Regiment.

The Hampshire Regiment, also of the Second Brigade, is however staying here for the present.—A. P.

7 KILLED IN BOMBARDMENT OF MADRID

MADRID, April 12.

Seven persons have been killed in yesterday's insurgent bombardment of the capital, according to [illegible] said [illegible]

END CONSTITUTIONAL DEADLOCK

S. I. Christians Appeal To Govt. And Congress

MADRAS, April 12.

A resolution deeply deploring the deadlock which has arisen in connection with the inauguration of the new Constitution and appealing to both Government and the majority party to explore all avenues towards arriving at a compromise with a view to a speedy establishment of permanent Ministry was passed by the Conference of South Indian Christian Federation which commenced sitting at Madras to-day.—A. P.

Ex-Civilian Dead

LONDON, April 12

The death has occurred of Mr. Henry Phillips Tollington, formerly of the I. C. S.—Reuter.

BENGAL MINISTRY

Disciplinary Action Against N. R. Sarkar

CALCUTTA, April 12.

It is understood that Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru has written to the Bengal Provincial Congress Committee asking them to take disciplinary action against Mr. Nalini Ranjan Sarkar for accepting ministry despite the Congress decision. It is also understood that the Executive Council of the B.P.C.C. decided to call for an explanation from Mr. Sarkar, on receipt of an explanation the council will finally decide what action should be taken.—A.P.

Jawahar Cancels Engagements

ALLAHABAD, April 12.

Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru is yet getting slight temperature and is confined to bed. He has, therefore, cancelled all public engagements either in Bihar or at Shantiniketan.

He had a temperature of 101 degrees last evening.—United Press.

INDO-JAPANESE TRADE PROTOCOL

NEW DELHI, April 12.

The Indo-Japanese Trade Protocol was initialled this afternoon.

A press communique in this connection says: "The delegates of the Government of India and the Government of Japan held their final meeting at 4 p.m. on April 12, Mr. Dow stated in detail his understanding of the agreement of views that had been arrived at between the Government of India and the Government of Japan and Mr. Yonezawa stated he concurred in this statement. Mr. Dow then enquired whether Mr. Yonezawa was prepared to proceed immediately to initialling of the Draft Protocol, in which he had, in consultation with Mr. Yonezawa, embodied in terms now agreed upon and on Mr. Yonezawa expressing his willingness the Draft Protocol was duly initialled by the delegates in duplicate.

The delegates propose to issue a detailed statement of the terms of the Protocol within a few days.—A. P.

TABULATED ADLETS
Low-Cost Advertisements

INFORMATION

CLASSIFIED ADVERTISEMENTS under the heading "Automobile", "Bicycles and Motorcycles", "Books and Magazines", "Cameras and Optical Goods," "Dressmaking", "Employment Agencies", "Educational", "Household Furnishings", "Jewellery", "Machinery and Equipment", "Musical Instrument", "Miscellaneous", "Patents", "Radio", "Real Estate", "Situation Vacant", "To Rent", "Travel", "Typewriter", "Wanted Items", etc. are inserted at the rate of ONE ANNA per word and the minimum charge being Re. 1 for 16 words. When special heading is desired Annas four extra will be charged per line.

REDUCTION: Until further notice for all bona-fide tabulated adlets advertisers, the following concession is allowed, provided the total number of insertion required in one week is ordered at a time and cash payment is made with the order:

Once in a week ..... Full rate
Thrice and over in a week...25 per cent

HOW TO REMIT MONEY: All postal orders should be made payable to "The Bombay Chronicle" and crossed. The advertiser should send the Receipt Coupon, with the letter containing Tabulated Adlet advertisement. All money orders should bear the signature of issuing officer and the stamp of issuing office. Crossed cheques are accepted and should be made payable to the "Bombay Chronicle" but insertion of the advertisement will be withheld until cashed. Registered post should be used when currency notes and stamps are sent for payment.

NAME AND ADDRESS: Every bona-fide advertisement should bear the name and address of the advertiser in spite of not being necessary for publication.

HOW TO SEND REPLIES: Replies to advertisements should be addressed carefully as follows: "Advt. Box No....., "The Bombay Chronicle", Red Building, Parsi Bazar Street, Fort, Bombay. To prevent mistakes and to avoid misdelivery the Box No. ..... should be written very distinctly and as the specimen shown above.

BOX NO. When Box No. is given to the advertisements of private nature the five words "Box No..... "Bombay Chronicle" will be charged for

REDIRECTING REPLIES: For redirecting replies to our Mofussil advertisers no extra charge is made.

LOCAL ADVERTISERS: Can collect replies addressed to their Box No..... by producing Cash Receipt at the "Bombay Chronicle" office during working hours, between 11 a.m. to 6 p.m

RESERVED RIGHTS: The management reserves the right to revise any advertisement or refuse publication without assigning any reason for doing so.

UNCLAIMED REPLIES: After 30 days all unclaimed replies will be destroyed.

LOSS IN TRANSIT: "The Chronicle" does not assume any responsibility for replies lost or mislaid in transit.

REPETITION IN "SENTINEL": Tabulated Adlets appearing in "The Chronicle" will be charged at half the price if inserted in the "Sentinel" same day.

To ensure prompt publication of your Tabulated Adlets, cash payment strictly in advance is necessary.

8. MATRIMONIAL.

Healthy, educated, fair-complexioned bride 20-25 age, any community for America qualified Chemical Engineer earning 600 monthly. (Apply Box No. 8075), "Bombay Chronicle."

9. SITUATIONS VACANT

Salesman to Secure Orders for an every-day household necessity. Bright prospects for really energetic persons. Apply Box No. 2641, "Bombay Chronicle."

Wanted two energetic young men, must be graduates of Bombay University to do outdoor calling as representatives. Apply stating salary required to Box No. 2656, "Bombay Chronicle."

Wanted—A whole time Governess and Tutoress to teach all school subjects for a girl in an Indian accomplished family, with prospects for a continental tour with the girl. Boarding and lodging free. Apply till April 15, '37, with photo and copies of testimonials and minimum pay acceptable, etc., to Box No. 8034, "Bombay Chronicle."

Wanted Organisers and Chief Agents for Gujarat, Rajputana and Central Provinces. Liberal terms. Apply Kaiser-i-Hind Insurance Company, Ltd., 11, Bank Street, Bombay. (8061).

M.T.B. College, Surat—Applications with testimonials stating age, qualifications, experience and minimum salary are invited so as to reach the Principal before the 1st May, 1937 for the posts of Professor (Lecturer) in (1) Gujarati, (2) Persian, (3) Ardhamagadhi, (4) History and Economics and for the posts of Demonstrators in Biology, Physics, Chemistry (preferably an M.Sc., with Inorganic Chemistry) and a duly qualified Physical Instructor, to be appointed from the beginning of the next term. (5219).

9. SITUATION WANTED.

Extensively experienced Stenographer with first-class European references, knowing Book-keeping, desires permanent situation in good concern. P. A. Risbud, 6, Dhaswadi, Thakurdwar, Bombay, No. 2.

Smart, young, experienced Stenotypist, knowing Accounts. Prepared to go anywhere. Low remuneration. V. Sivaramakrishnan, C|o Mr. K. N. Rama Iyer, Postal Appg. Dept., Irwin House, Bombay.

A B.Com. Advanced Accountancy and Auditing—Optional; German Second language; 30 Speed in Typewriting. G. R. K. Murty, C|o Y. S. Rao, B.A., M.L., Vakil, James Street, Secunderabad, (Deccan).

An active young man of excellent character and references, knowing many modern languages seeks employment as a clerk or rent collector. Ready to work outside Bombay also. K. G. Salian, 28, Manohardas St., Fort.

Wanted situation by experienced shorthand typist with knowledge of Engineering and Machinery business. H. J. Soneji, Dalmia Building, Matunga, Bombay.

Situation wanted by England-returned Agriculture and Forestryman. Good business organising capacity. Write to Box No. 2761, "Bombay Chronicle".

Fourteen years' experienced Inspector of Co-operative Societies, knowing correspondence and accounts works seeks employment. Apply to Box No. 2713, "Bombay Chronicle."

TO
ALL THOSE WHO
ARE UNEMPLOYED

"Chronicle" in order to assist all those who are without employment requiring full time or part-time positions, offers to insert an advertisement in the Tabulated adlets columns, FREE OF CHARGE provided the unemployed are married, have been out of job for one full year, and have experience at anyone trade or profession for five continuous years. Only three names will be accepted for free advertisement in any one class of work.

The management reserves the right to revise or refuse any advertisement without assigning any reason for doing so.

Undergraduate stenographer, 8 years experience, good correspondent, thorough knowledge of accounts, office routine seeks employment, reasonable salary. R. Ramanarayanan, 17 Bhoj Terrace, Vincent Road, Matunga, G.I.P.

Ayurvedic doctor with twelve years' experience in the profession seeks any position. Prefer to act as family doctor to some influential families in Bombay or work in any charitable institution. Apply to Box No. 2616 "Bombay Chronicle."

Dyeing, Bleaching, Finishing and Mercerising Master desires suitable post. Sound practical and theoretical knowledge in Cotton, Silk, Wool, Course and Fine. Expert in Chemistry, erection and organisation. Knowing weaving also. Best results guaranteed. Terms moderate. Dorabji Khursedji Daruvala, Opp. Podders Blocks, Meher Vila, Besant Street, Santa Cruz, B. B. and C. I. Rly.

An experienced, energetic and honest teacher and businessman wants employment as a tutor, guardian or travelling agent with a consolidated allowance or pay or correspondent clerk. Apply to Box No. 2680, "Bombay Chronicle."

Competent, energetic and young Parsee gentleman with 18 years of experience as assistant steward in European-Shanghai Club seeks employment anywhere in India. Best references. Will furnish security. Willing to accept reasonable salary. Please write to Box No. 2685, "Bombay Chronicle."

Experienced Parsee youth, well-conversant with Accounts work, correspondence and general office routine, seeks employment in Bombay or mofussil as accounts clerk. Willing to work out-door if necessary. Excellent testimonials. Will accept any reasonable salary Please write to Box No. 2703, "Bombay Chronicle."

Very influential, honest, hard-working former businessman, widely travelled in India, now seeks job of salesman with any reputable business concern or manufacturer either locally or in upcountry. Will accept reasonable salary. Best references. Please write to Box No. 2789, "Bombay Chronicle".

9. SITUATION WANTED.

One perfectly efficient in Paper, Stationery, Printers' requirements and machinery seeks employment as canvasser or manager in any office trading in the lines Applicants experience extends over 20 years. Can give best references Reasonable salary acceptable. Please write to K. S. Krishna Rao 7|51 J. K. Building, Gamdevi, Bombay, No. 7.

Experienced Indian seeks engagement responsible position. Thorough in Accounts, Correspondence in fact every aspect of modern business. Moderate terms acceptable. P. N. Sarma, Jayasinh Building, Sir Bhalchandra Road. Bombay, 14.

15 years experience in printing, business, Hindu seeks position as Manager, Superintendent or Canvassers, write to G. V. Bhagwat Bhagirathi Bldg. No. 2 Block No. 7 Chikalwadi, Grant Road, Bombay 7.

An experienced advocate with 10 years' Secretariat experience seeks suitable employment as Secretary, office assistant, personal secretary to legislative members. Please write to Box No. 2782. "Bombay Chronicle".

Young and experienced Cashier wants position as accountant with reputable firm. Write to Vrijlal D. Mankad, Nagarchakla, Jamnagar.

Ex-Service man can work in any capacity—electrician, store-keeper, clerk, yarn testing master, salesman, cashier, etc. Any reasonable salary will be accepted. Excellent references furnished. Please write to Box No. 2727, "Bombay Chronicle".

Young man with 6 years' experience in business lines seeks situation on reasonable salary. Desire position with any reliable firm or manufacturer as canvasser, representative or commission agent. Apply to Box No. 2764, "Bombay Chronicle".

European with good references, seeks a post as Advertising Representative in a Newspaper or as a Canvasser with a Job Press. Well experienced in the Printing trade. Reply to Box No. 2762, "Bombay Chronicle".

Efficient Stenographer with five years' experience in a Semi-Government and Commercial offices seeks situation. Willing to accept any reasonable salary. V. S. Sarang, J. K. Building, No. 1, 1st floor, Room No. 14, Gamdevi, Bombay 7.

Young Parsee seeks job of clerk, typist or salesman. Well experienced. Will furnish excellent references. A good all-round cricketer too, having played well-known cup matches. Apply Box No. 2774, "Bombay Chronicle."

Chief Clerk and Accountant with excellent references seeks situation Has experience of oil business. Served as Manager of sports club. Please write to Box No. 2695 "Bombay Chronicle."

12. TO BE LET.

Setalwad Road for Hindus seafacing ground floor five bedrooms, large hall, kitchen. Vegetarians preferred. Rent Hundred. Apply Pandit Spot. 'Phone 44011. (8074).

Matheran keepsake bungalow: Guest House four bed-rooms; cottage seven rooms; newly painted electrified Hindus special facilities Excellent Bombay view. Also Sunder Villa Bungalow Guest House near Rugby. Apply Pandit, Setalwad Road, 'Phone 44011. (8074).

Setalwad Road seafacing modern second third floors, each two bedrooms, baths, hall, large verandahs, dining, kitchen. Rent attractive. Apply Pandit Spot. 'Phone 44011. (8074).

14. HOUSES & FLATS TO LET

To Let—For Hindus only (preference to Gujratis and Dekhsains) Airy Flats of five, three and two rooms in new building Parvati Mansion, Plot No. 164A, Vincent Road, Dadar. Also a motor Garage. Apply Receiver's Office at the premises between 9 and 11 a.m. or to Lowji, 60, Forbes Street, Fort, Telephone 20230. 8073

DAIRY REQUISITES

For Sale—Milk Separator Crescent Incubator, Apply to Box No. 2777, "Bombay Chronicle".

DEALERS WANTED

To handle tea consignment. Best quality tea in original packing at very reasonable price Only dealers should write for supply straight from the plantations. Write to Box No. 2579 "Bombay Chronicle."

BOOKS AND MAGAZINES

Wanted—Ellis' Psychology Of Sex similar books, Carrington publications. Art books photos. Murray's Oxford English Dictionary. Ency. Brit. 14th edition. Apply to Box No. 2639, "Bombay Chronicle"

Wanted—Military Engineer Services Handbook Vol. II (Architecture) and Vol. IV (Elec. Mech. and Water Supply). Secondhand copies of either or both accepted for full original price. Write to Box No. 2769 "Bombay Chronicle"

JEWELLERY

For Sale—Two Fine Emeralds of extraordinary size and several antique curios, very old collection. rate attractive, quick transaction. Apply to Box No. 2748 "Bombay Chronicle"

HOUSEHOLD APPLIANCES

For Sale — Refrigerator—H.M.V.— Medium Size—Rs. 400|- Carpets crockery, glassware, kitchen utensils, etc reasonable. Apply to Box No. 2779 "Bombay Chronicle".

OFFICE EQUIPMENT

All-Steel Shelving Roneo Cabinets, office furniture, Partition, etc. every article a bargain. Apply to Box No. 2753 "Bombay Chronicle".

AUTOMOBILES

Morris Eight 4-door Saloon, mileage 9,300. European owned, new battery. Rs. 1,900. No. brokers. Apply to Box No. 2754, "Bombay Chronicle".

Morris 8 H.P. Tourer, taxed end. December, new paint, hood, upholstery, carpets, magnificent engine, new tyres. Absolute bargain. Apply to Box No. 2770, "Bombay Chronicle".

1936 Morris Saloon, Series 11, 18 h.p., for sale, Calcutta, 7000 miles, new Rs. 5,800 for Rs. 3,250, going on leave must sell. Apply Box No. 2788, "Bombay Chronicle".

For Sale—1935 Model Baby Ford— Engine and appearance like new mechanically guaranteed, absolutely sound. Even plugs not touched. Original tyres like new. Very sparingly used by owner Engineer driver, 35 miles per gallon. Lots of spare fittings and tools. Price Rs. 1,500. Apply to Box No. 2683, "Bombay Chronicle".

KNITTING SUPPLIES

Over 500 thrilling colours, combinations. Fashion columnists. Economical knitters raving over our famous novelty yarns. Imported for discriminating knitters. Begin knitting your winter garments now. Cashmeres, Tweeds, Zephyrs, etc. Re. -|8|- an ounce and up. Apply to Box No. 2800. Bombay Chronicle".

HOUSE DECORATIONS

For Sale— A large tiger skin winter coat, mounted snarling, same cub 7 feet, recently shot. Apply Box No. 2686. "Bombay Chronicle"

HANDBAGS

Art embroidery—Beaded, spangled, Petitpoint bags, dresses repaired. Bags framed, lined. Rhinestoning embroideries, etc. Work undertaken, by expert lady returned from abroad. Apply to Box No 2676, "Bombay Chronicle"

MENDING AND WEAVING

Invisible reweaving moth holes, tears, burns in garments. Shine removed. Expert workmanship undertaken by widow. Pay according to work. Please write to Box No. 2711, "Bombay Chronicle".

CAMERA EQUQIPMENT

Wanted—To buy Pathe Baby and 16 m.m. Projectors of Bolex preferred also films. Apply Box No. 2749 "Bombay Chronicle".

Wanted—Offers for 16 M.M. Movector projector and Movex 3.5 Cine Camera, as new Highest offer secures. Apply Box. No. 2765 "Bombay Chronicle".

Wanted—A 3 1|2" x 2 1|2" Revolving back reflex with f2.7 or f3.5 lens and preferably with a telephoto lens. Must be in very good or almost new condition. Reply stating condition of the outfit and price wanted to Box No. 2793 "Bombay Chronicle".

HORSES & PONIES

For Sale—Query Palm Chest. Aust. Mare 15.1 hands winner in Australia. Comfortable Hack, good looker, broken to stick and ball, believed sound. Owner shortly going Home on leave. Apply to Box No. 2752 "Bombay Chronicle".

Chestnut Waler Mare Rose Marie handsome plays Polo fast jumps well, handy. Saddlery complete. Bay Stud Bred. Gelding Echo perfect hack, handsome fast handy saddlery. Both animals no blemishes certificated sound. Bargain to good homes only as owner going on leave. Apply to Box No. 2785 "Bombay Chronicle".

RADIOS

For Sale—Two "His Master's Voice" Radiograms (1935-36) with Short-wave Adapters, offered at Rs. 250|- and Rs. 425|- Write to Box No. 2755 "Bombay Chronicle"

Scott or McMurdo Silver 1937, All wave Radio set made specially for India after receipt of your order and shipped direct from America to you. Supplied under guaranteed service. Apply to Box No. 2787 "Bombay Chronicle"

SPORTING GUNS

Wanted — Winchester Repeating Rifle .22 in good condition. Also Telescopic Sights for same. Apply to Box No. 2746 "Bombay Chronicle".

Wanted—A .405 Winchester Repeating Rifle, takedown model, little used and deadly accurate, in perfecct condition. Apply to Box No. 2802 "Bombay Chronicle".

TYPEWRITERS

American Factory Rebuilt Remington and Underwood Typewriter, 160|- These machines equal New in appearance and action. Write to Box No. 2737 "Bombay Chronicle".

WEARING APPAREL

Lovely Silk, Creamy White, 9 yds. x 27". Complete for 3 shirts or 6 blouses. Post Free. Apply to Box No. 2759 "Bombay Chronicle".

4 New Chickon Camisoles new Peach Pink Silk Bed coatec, trimmed Ecru lace, Soft Salmon Pink Silk Dress, Cape and pleated frills —tall figure, Crepe-de-chine Swagger Coat with cape—small figure, Pink Broche new slimming Corsets, Pale Pink Satin Slip Silk Union dress, Wedge-wood blue and white spot, trimmed kilted frills with sleeve evening—tall figure, Brown and fawn silk dress with sleeves. Apply Box No. 2763 "Bombay Chronicle".

Public Notices.

GOVERNMENT Announcements, Legal and Public Notifications are published in these columns at the following rates:—

	Per column inch Per insertion
1st Insertion	.. Rs. 7-8-0
2nd Insertion	.. Rs. 5-8-0
3rd Insertion	.. Rs. 4-8-0
4th and Subsequent Insertions	.. Rs. 3-8-0

Mofussil Advertisers are requested to send remittances in advance and state clearly whether they wish to insert their advertisements in these columns or in the Classified.

Public Notices.

NOTICE.

APPLICATIONS ARE INVITED from persons possessing the degree of M.B.B.S. with special Diploma in Tuberculosis work for the post of a Medical Officer for a Tuberculosis Clinic to be opened by the Ahmedabad Municipality, in the grade of Rs. 200-10-400, so as to reach the undersigned on or before the 28th April 1937.

The applicants should state their age, caste, qualification and experience along with copies of testimonials, if any.

The selected candidate will be a full time servant and will be debarred from private practice. He will be in charge of the Tuberculosis Hospital also when it is opened

(Sd.) I. R. BHAGAT.
Chief Officer,
Ahmedabad Municipality.

Municipal Office.
Ahmedabad, 5th April, 1937.

5248.

THE LATE MR. JUSTICE BADRUDDIN TYABJI MEMORIAL FUND.

A MEETING of the subscribers to the BADRUDDIN TYABJI MEMORIAL FUND will be held at the Anjuman-E-Islam Hall, Hornby Road, on FRIDAY, 23rd April, 1937, at 5-30 p.m. to consider proposals for the disposal of the balance of the funds. Accounts of the subscriptions collected will also be presented.

KAIKOBAD COWASJI DINSHAW
JAMSETJEE JEEJEEBHOY,
CURRIMBHOY EBRAHIM.

5251.

NOTICE.

SEALED TENDERS will be received by the Deputy Commissioner of Police, Port, Bombay, upto 12-0 noon on the 30th April, 1937, for the supply of tyres and tubes for the Morris Commercial Vehicles of the Motor Transport Section of the Bombay City Police for the year ending 30-4-1938. The rate quoted should be per tyre and tube. The sizes of the tyres required are as follows:—

34x7, 32x6, 30x5, 600x20, 475x16 and 325x19.

J. SIMMONS.
Dy. Commissioner of Police, Port.

Head Police Office,
Bombay 12th April, 1937.

5250.

NOTICE.

THIS IS TO GIVE NOTICE that the Power of Attorney granted by our client Mr. ANANDRAJ SURANA as one of the Directors of the Federal Printing and Advertising Co., Ltd., to one Jai Narayan Vyas, has been CANCELLED and no person should deal with the said Jai Narayan Vyas, under the said power of attorney and any person doing so will do so at his own risk and our client will not be bound by any such action of the said Jai Narayan Vyas.

Dated this 12th day of April 1937.

MANCHERSHAW B
CHOTHIA CO.
Attorneys for
Mr. Anandraj Surana

5252.

Public Notices.

NOTICE.

SEALED TENDERS ARE INVITED for the supply of spirituous and non-spirituous drugs for use in the dispensaries under the control of this Municipality for the year 1937-38 so as to reach the undersigned on or before the 5th May, 1937, at 4 p.m

The tenders should be accompanied by an amount of Rs. 100 as earnest money without which no tender will be considered.

Copies of the specifications can be had from the office of the Health Officer of this Municipality and can also be had from the Office of the Local Self-Government Institute, 11, Elphinstone Circle, Fort, Bombay, on payment of Re. 1 for spirituous and Rs. 3 for non-spirituous drugs.

The tenderers are at liberty to remain present at the time the tenders are opened.

The Municipality reserves its right to accept or reject any tender.

Preference will be given to the drugs manufactured in India.

(Sd.) I. R. BHAGAT,
Chief Officer,
AHMEDABAD MUNICIPALITY.
Health Department.
Ahmedabad Municipality.
5th April, 1937.

5249

Auction Sales

BENNETT & CO.

AUCTION SALE OF MACHINERY AND OTHER MISCELLANEOUS ARTICLES.

Under instructions from the Trustees of the Parsee Punchayet Funds and Properties and on account and at the risk of Mr. Darabsha Jivanji Master, Messrs. BENNETT & CO. will on TUESDAY, the 20th April, 1937 at 3 p.m. (S.T.) sell by Public Auction at Petit Grounds, near South Frere Bridge, Gowalia Tank:—

Machinery such as steel tanks, centrifugal pump, Hydraulic bale shearing machines, hydraulic pipes, Manilla rope slings, iron sluice valves, Shell, fly wheels, rail lifters, about 30,000 dining table forks, a lot of mill machinery parts, galvanised iron hook bolts, aluminum culture vessel, miscellaneous articles, such as spanners, dies, wrenches, crow bars etc. potstramers, railway axles, iron drums, corrugated iron sheets, iron pipes, rails, etc. in one or separate lots.

Cash will be required at the time of sale. Goods will be on view 3 days before the sale.

BENNETT & CO.,

Help Kidneys
Clean Out Poisonous Acids

Your Kidneys have nine million tiny tubes or filters which are endangered by cheap, irritating drugs or neglect. Unknown to you, weak Kidneys may be the real cause of your Getting Up Nights, Nervousness, Dizziness, Swollen Ankles, Bladder Trouble, Headaches, Backache, Rheumatism, Leg Pains, Circles Under Eyes, Dry, muddy Skin, Acidity, Burning, Smarting or Lost Vigour. Don't take chances. Your life may be in danger. Get the Doctor's guaranteed prescription Cystex (Siss-tex). £1,000 deposited with Westminster Bank, London, backs up Cystex Guarantee to bring new health and vitality in 48 hours, make you feel 10 years younger and to end troubles in 8 days or money back on return of empty package. Ask your chemist for Cystex.

BOX NUMBER ADS

Reply by letter to the "Chronicle" Office will be placed at once in the Box of the Advertiser.

For Mofussil and Local, see the information on Tabulated Adlets.

Rs. 100 REWARD

Will be paid by the "Chronicle" for information leading to the arrest and conviction of anyone obtaining money fraudulently through Tabulated Adlets published in its columns.

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"Chronicle" maintains an Ad-writing Department to help you word your Tabulated Adlets to secure the best results

There is NO CHARGE for service.
Time: 11-30 a.m. to 1-30 p.m.

CONVENIENCE

A Tabulated Adlets Ad-Viser is near you as your telephone. If not and if you prefer, a "Chronicle" man will call at your home or office in the Fort Area only or advice will be given by Post.

IMPORTANT

All Tabulated Adlets from our Mofussil patrons should reach our Office at least one day prior to the date of publication. And in order to correctly insert the advertisement "Chronicle" requests that the matter should either be typewritten or written in block-letters to avoid mistakes.

OUR SERVICE

Every day of the year except Sundays and Public Holidays our Office is open to receive your Tabulated Adlets and to give you service during office-hours from 11 a.m. to 6 p.m.

Call "Chronicle" Ad-Viser—Telephone 22037
or you are invited to come to Chronicle office,
Parsi Bazar Street, Fort, Bombay.

Rate one anna per word.

For discount .... See Information.

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Skin Itch Cause Curbed Overnight

Your skin has nearly 50 million tiny seams and pores where germs hide and cause terrible Itching, Cracking, Eczema, Peeling, Burning, Acne, Ringworm, Psoriasis, Blackheads, Pimples, Foot Itch and other blemishes. Ordinary treatments give only temporary relief because they do not kill the germ cause. The new discovery, Nixoderm, kills the germs the very first night and is guaranteed to give you a soft, clear, attractive, smooth skin in one week, or money back. Get guaranteed Nixoderm from your chemist today and remove the real cause of skin trouble. The guarantee protects you.

THE EMPIRE

Daily 4, 6-30 & 10 P. M.

FITZPATRICK PICTURES LTD. presents

"David" LIVINGSTONE

WITH

PERCY MARMONT

Directed by JAMES A. FITZPATRICK

Released by UNITED ARTISTS

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"FIRE OVER ENGLAND"

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FLORA ROBSON

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* Celebes ,,	23rd	,,	26th	May
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Kifuku ,,	9th	June	24th	,,

*Proceeding to Persian Gulf:—

OSAKA SHOSHEN KAISHA LTD.,

(Incorporated in Japan.)

Taj Building, Hornby Road.)

Bombay

Telephone: 22084.

Telegrams; "SHOSEN."

SOLDIERS WANT TO BE TRIED BY CIVIL COURT

But Magistrate Says "No Option" And Remits Them To Military Court

BOMBAY, Monday.

"We wish to be tried by the Civil Court" was the answer given by two British Soldiers when asked by the Presidency Magistrate of the 3rd Court, whether they had any objection to their being handed over to the Military authorities to be Court-Martialled for having committed robbery and assault on a taxi-driver on April 3.

"You have no option in the matter" the Magistrate observed when ordering them to take their trial before the Military Court.

Privates Eric Jones (23) and Charles Henry Marsden Dobby (23) were charged with having driven in a taxi from the city to the Military barracks at 1 a.m. on April 3 and there instead of paying the fare, they were alleged to have assaulted the taxi-driver, Alimahomed Ibrahim, and robbed him of the cash in his possession.

When the case was called on for hearing to-day before Mr. D. N. D. Khandalawalla, the accused who are in Military custody, were produced. Second-Lieut: K. R. Travor, of the King's Cheshire Regiment, stepped into the witness box and handed to the Magistrate a letter addressed by the Military Authorities requesting the Court to hand over the accused to them to be Court-Martialled.

Mr. Thanawalla, Police Porsecutor, did not oppose the application.

The Magistrate questioned the accused as to whether they had any objection to be handed over to the Military authorities to be tried according to Military procedure. The accused replied that they wanted to be tried by a Civil Court.

"No Option"

The Magistrate then observed that the option did not lie with them and ordered the accused to take their trial before a Military Court.

Vidyapith For Workers And Peasants

BOMBAY, April 12.

"Steps are being taken to inaugurate a Vidyapith for the Kisans and Mazdoors, with its headquarters at Delhi. The main object of the Vidyapeth is," says Prof. Ranga in an interview to the United Press "to prepare and train leaders for the Peasants and Workers and to disseminate knowledge of politics and economics and to raise the general level of culture of the masses.

Our Vidyapith will seek to coordinate the educational activities of the various schools, Mazdoor Training camps, and various political schools catering to the educational and cultural needs of the masses. It will prepare syllabusses on different topics of contemporary interest, publish outlines of studies, and guide books for students and lectures.

In short, our Vidyapith will try to serve the peasants and workers in the same way as the Central Council of Labour Colleges, and Workers' Educational Association of England, with this difference that our Vidyapith will in addition try to afford the masses with a competent, learned and well trained leadership, conscious of its historic missions.

Among the members of the Governing Body of the Vidyapith, the following are also found. The secretaries of the A.I.K. Sabha, four representatives of the A.I.T.-U.C. one representative of every Kisan or Mazdoor school or Institute and some representatives of other organisations with the same obects.

K. T. Shah, Dr. P. N. Banerjee, S. Subba Rao. M. B. Needu M.L.A., Saumyendranath Tagore, H. D. Rajah, Editor New Age, R. M. Sarma Pracharak school. Sethi M.A., Lajpatrai Hall, V. V. Giri, M.L.A. S.A. Dange, Mrs. Bharati Devi, Mrs. Freda Bedi with prof. K. T. Shah Hon. President, Prof. N. G. Ranga, President B. L. Bedi B.A. (Oxon) and N. N. Murti, Editor "Vahini" Secretaries.—United Press.

BENGAL PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION

Suhrawardy And S. M. Bose Selected Members

CALCUTTA, April 12.

The "United Press" understands that Mr. Hasan 'Suhrawardy the Chief Medical Officer of the East India Railway and Mr. S.M. Bose, Bar-at-Law, the Secretary, the Indian Liberal Federation have been selected by the Governor of Bengal to be members of the Bengal Public Service Commission.

Mr. F. W. Robertson I.C.S. (retired) will be the chairman of the Commission. The salary of the Chairman will be Rs. 3000/- per month and that of the two members Rs. 2000/- each, per month. The personnel of the Commission is expected to be officially announced shortly. These appointments will be for a term of five years.—United Press.

LAWYER MEMBERS OF CORPORATION

To Be Disqualified If They Work Against Municipality?

The Law, Revenue and General Purposes Committee of the Bombay Municipal Corporation has recommended to the Corporation that the Mayor be requested to approach Government to undertake legislation with a view to imposing certain disabilities upon members of the legal profession who are councillors. It has prepared a draft bill on the subject.

The statement of objects and reasons points out that a sitting councillor when acting or appearing in his professional capacity against the Corporation, either by himself or by his firm, is liable to injure the interest of the Corporation in his duty of serving the person who employs him by making use of knowledge which he may have acquired as a councillor. He may also find himself professionally opposed to prosecuting officers of the Corporation, to which he himself belongs.

In order to remove this conflict of interest it is desirable to make a provision in the City of Bombay Municipal Act disqualifying such a councillor from retaining his seat in the Corporation.

Similar provision exists in the Calcutta, Madras and Karachi Municipal Acts. The proposed disqualification should not apply in the case of a lawyer-councillor rendering free professional service for enforcement of civic rights or removal of legitimate public grievances.

Mr. K. H. Goregaokar and Mr. A. Soares have appended to the committee's report minutes of dissent.

WHITEWASHING PROGRAMME

Nothing Done To Relieve Famine

DOHAD, April 12.

Mr. Kamalashanker Pandya giving his opinions on the programme of the Bombay Ministry says:—

"It is whitewash programme and nothing is done for the menacing famine conditions prevailing in Panchmahals which Mr. Jamnadas Mehta the Finance Minister is aware".

Giving an account of the gravity of the situation Mr. Pandya says: "Cattle are dying in hundreds. Scarcity of fodder and water has reached a danger point, the vitality of Bhil agriculturists is reduced. Yet the ambitious programme of the new ministry does not contain a word about famine. To talk of education and other platitudes when people are dying is a cruel joke and no body is going to believe such political stunts".—United Press.

An insurgent "communique" denies Government's claims of success in the Madrid offensive and states that the Republicans lost 2,800 men and eight tanks. All Republican attacks were repulsed

Another British cargo boat, "MacGregor" has arrived at St. Jean De Luz also bound for Bilbao with foodstuffs.

AUTOMATIC 'PHONE SYSTEM

Rapid Increase In Trunk Calls In India

NEW DELHI: April 12.

The following are extracts from a talk to be broadcast to-day by Mr. R. S. Fursell, Chief Engineer of the Posts and Telegraphs Department:

The telephone habit for social purposes is spreading but slowly among people in India. Business people especially often take a telephone for the sole purpose of making trunk calls, having no occasion whatsoever to make local calls.

This had lead to development of a very widespread trunk telephone system, "which so far as I know is unique in the world" when considered in relation to the number of subscribers. Recently, over 2,500 trunk calls passed through the Bombay Trunk exchange in one day so that on an average about one subscriber in every six in Bombay either made or received a trunk call during that day.

It is an astonishing fact that to-day about 95 per cent of the 34 million telephone subscribers in the world can talk to one another if they wish. For instance, we have equipment in Bombay and Calcutta which enables us with one pair of wires to dispose of four telephone calls and anything up to 16 telegrams at one and the same time, and, if there is any need for it, extra apparatus could be added which would double the carrying capacity of the telegraph circuits. The automatic system of working is being increasingly employed.

In an automatic exchange switches are on duty day and night so that it is unnecessary to carry about the rise and fall of traffic through the 24 hours, but instead the exchange has to be designed to cope with the heaviest traffic likely to be met with during the day—i.e., during the "busy hours" Another difference is that while the human operator who has connected one call is immediately free to attend to another, the mechanical switch is not, but remains engaged for the whole duration of the call. This introduces a new factor known as the average holding time, and a study of holding times is quite illuminating, two businessmen may say all that they have to in less than a minute while others may talk for anything up to an hour or more. In designing an automatic exchange this sort of thing has to be provided for.

DR. SHRIDHAR KETKAR PASSES AWAY

Poona Scholar Who Was 1st To Compile Marathi Encyclopaedia

The well-known Marathi scholar, Dr. Shridhar Ketkar, passed away on Saturday last at the Poona Sassoon Hospital, where he was ailing for some time past.

A large number of friends and admirers of the Doctor were present at the funeral which took place on Saturday night on the bank of the Mutha River.

Dr. Ketkar graduated from the Bombay Wilson College and later proceeded to the United States where he obtained a doctorate in sociology.

He was the first to compile the Marathi encyclopaedia. He wrote many novels and books on literary subjects and on sociology. He conducted a Marathi daily at Poona.

Dr. Ketkar was 51 at the time of his death.

The doctor leaves behind him his wife, a German, who embraced Hinduism before her marriage to the scholar.

KATHIAWAR STUDENTS' CONFERENCE

The first session of the Kathiawar Students' Conference will be held at Rajkot on Friday and Saturday (April 16 and 17) under the presidency of Mr. Indulal Yajnik.

STOMACH SUFFERERS

Make Sure of GENUINE

MACLEAN Brand Stomach Powder

LOOK FOR THIS RED SEAL ON EVERY GENUINE CARTON

Alex C. Maclean SEE THAT THIS SEAL IS UNBROKEN

For your protection the above Red Seal is affixed top and bottom of every genuine carton containing the original MACLEAN BRAND STOMACH POWDER. See that it is unbroken. The signature ALEX C. MACLEAN is on seal, carton and label.

Alex C. Maclean

When a product is so amazingly successful as MACLEAN BRAND STOMACH POWDER, you are bound to find a host of imitations. These claim to be "just as good" but as you value your health you will reject them. Stomach troubles are serious. Indigestion, Acidity, Dyspepsia, Flatulence, Heartburn, Gastritis and Ulcerated Stomach require serious treatment. This treatment is adequately provided by MACLEAN BRAND STOMACH POWDER, accurately and carefully compounded from the highest grade ingredients. It is absolutely free from impurities and its intricate mixing is carried out by highly qualified chemists under strictly hygienic conditions. Imitations cannot guarantee the same supremely high standards—insist therefore on the genuine MACLEAN BRAND bearing the signature "ALEX. C. MACLEAN."

Health is too important to risk for the sake of a few annas, so be sure to ask for the genuine MACLEAN BRAND STOMACH POWDER, under that exact name with the signature "ALEX. C. MACLEAN." It is not sold loose but only in bottles in cartons.

Always remember not to ask vaguely for Macleans. Ask specifically for MACLEAN BRAND STOMACH POWDER.

DON'T TRIFLE WITH YOUR HEALTH. AVOID IMITATIONS

People of culture and taste appreciate the fine quality of—

2½ annas for 10

12 annas for 50

Bears'

"HONEYDEW"

CIGARETTES

H/116

IN POOL OF BLOOD

Ghoulish Deed In Sheikh Memon Street

BOMBAY: Monday.

A murky room on the first floor of a small building in Old Sutta Gully of Sheik Memmon Street, presented a ghastly sight this morning, when the bodies of a man and a woman were found in pools of blood, when the police entered the room.

Blood was spattered over the mattress on which the woman lay and on the floor the man was prostrate with deep stab wounds all over the body. There were deep wound all over the person of the man. Both were dead when the police went to the place at about 10 o'clock in the morning.

It appears that Bijay Bahadur Singh, 34, a pan-shopwala, was living with the woman, 22, stated to be his mistress.

For sometime past, both the man and the woman were in constant fear of death by violence from someone, and their worst fears came true on either Sunday night or the small hours of Monday.

It is believed that the intruder after perpetrating the crime, locked the door from outside.

At about 10 o'clock this morning, a neighbour went up to the room to call on Bijay Bahadur Singh, but found the room locked outside, which roused his suspicions, as the woman almost always lived there.

The police were informed and when they entered the room of the Jagannath Seth Building, they found the dead body of the woman on the mattress, and that of the man on the floor just beside her.

The C. I. D., and the Princess Street Police are enquiring.

So far no arrests have been made, but a large knife was recovered from the scene of the offence.

WELL-KNOWN C. I. D. OFFICER

Inspector Patwardhan Retires

Rao Saheb R. S. Patwardhan who retired yesterday from the Bombay City Police Force has the credit of having investigated many interesting cases from the C.I.D. Branch than any other officers. It is hoped some day after his retirement, he will embody some of his recollections in investigating crimes.

Starting in an humble position 35 years ago as a clerk in Government service, Mr. Patwardhan was transferred to Bombay from Poona in 1910 in the C.I.D. In the course of the last twenty-five years he was deputed to investigate many interesting cases which attracted public notice.

Mr. Patwardhan acted as Superintendent of Police, C. I. D. in 1927. He was awarded the title of Rao Saheb in 1927 and Rao Bahadur in 1935.

Inspector L. D'Souza took charge on Monday from Rao Bahadur Patwardhan as Inspector of the Special Labour Branch.

Calcutta Dental College

The sixteenth annual report of the Calcutta Dental College and Hospital was submitted on the prize distribution day over which Hon: Moulvi A. K. Fazlul Huq, the Chief Minister of Bengal presided. The institution offers a course of study in all branches of dentistry extending for a period of four years, the curriculum being based on the recommendations of the Government of Bengal Dental Education and Registration Enquiry Committee. Attached to the College there is a well-equipped Dental Hospital, which is aided by the Corporation of Calcutta. This institution may be commended to the guardians and the intending students who intend to be trained as fully qualified dental surgeons.

Left to right: Miss L. B. Thakkur, Miss P. Sethna and Miss P. Vajifdar who were the first three respectively in Women's five mile cycle race, organised by the Malcolm Cycling Club, on Sunday

AROUND THE COURTS

BOMBAY, Monday.

Following a gaming raid carried out by the Prevention of Gambling Squad at Nagoo Sayaji Wadi at the week-end, three persons were arrested.

The names of the arrested persons are, Jamnadas Dwarkadas, Shritaram Sojansingh, and Hariprasad Malikhan.

All the accused were placed before the Mazagoan Police Court, to-day and ordered to be released on bail.

Shankar Neuloo, who is alleged to have murdered a mill worker named Vasu Gunda six months ago and who had been since absconding, was traced by the DeLisle Road Police at the week-end.

Five others arrested in this connection have already been convicted to the Criminal Sessions.

The accused was placed before Mr. Mankar, Presidency Magistrate, Dadar, and ordered to be remanded to custody for 14 days, pending further inquiries.

The dead body of a newly born male child was found on the 8th. inst. It was lying at the edge of a gutter by the side of the Workshops of Richardson and Cruddas.

The Police took charge of the body, which was wrapped in a newspaper. The mother of the child has not been traced.

The Coroner held an inquest on the body to-day and the jury returned a verdict that death was due to homicidal asphyxiation caused by some person or persons unknown.

Five persons were arrested by the Gamdevi Police on Saturday last, following a gaming raid in a room at Wani's Chawl, Forjet St.

The names of the accused are: Anthony Fernandez Bhagawan Ramji, Francis Fernandes, Kesoo Lanoo and Mary Paidad Fernandez.

All the accused were placed before the Girgaum Police Court Magistrate, to-day, and ordered to be released on bail for a period of four days

---

The Bombay Coroner to-day held an inquest on Umarkhan Ismailkhan (80), residing at Khoja Street.

On the 23rd March last, while the deceased was sleeping on a bench in a Majlis at Khoja Street, he accidentally fell down, as a result of which he sustained serious injuries. He was removed to the J. J. Hospital, where he died yesterday.

The jury returned a verdict that death was due to an accidental fall from the bench.

An inquest was held to-day on the body of an unknown Hindu who was found floating in the sea near Butcher's Island, yesterday morning.

The Police took charge of the body in the presence of a panch. It was very highly decomposed. There were no marks of identification but a silver chain was attached to the waist. The Police have not been able to trace the deceased's relations or friends so far.

The jury recorded that the corpse being very highly decomposed, the cause of death could not be ascertained.

Two Pathan money-lenders, it is alleged, entered into a free fight over some business matters and as both were seriously injured, they had to be removed to J. J. Hospital for treatment.

Hazretulla Ali Mohamed, along with three others, it is stated, attacked Mullakhadoo Abdul Rehman with fists and sticks, while Mullakhadoo is alleged to have stabbed Hazretulla with a knife. As a result, one sustained, among other injuries, a fracture of the arm and the other knife wounds in the shoulder.

Both the suspects were bailed out at the 6th Court, Mazagaon, to-day.

The Presidency Magistrate, Third Court, on Monday delivered judgment in the case in which Messrs. Arnold and Co. proprietors of Elephant Oil Mill, Bombay, charged four persons; Dayabhai Panachand, a partner of A. J. Panachand and Co; Abdul Rahim; Ali Mahomed Meher Ali and U. Charania, with having fraudulently and clandestinely used the complainants' trade mark and sold oil in tins bearing the false trade-marks.

Dayabhai Panachand was sentenced to pay a fine of Rs. 500 and to pay Rs. 250 as costs; Abdul Rahim was fined Rs. 500 and to pay Rs. 250 as costs; Charania was fined Rs. 300 and no order as to costs was passed against him.

The fourth accused person, Ali Mahomed Meherali, was given the benefit of doubt and acquitted.

The Princess Street Police raided the Central Hotel on Saturday night and arrested three persons on a charge of receiving satta bets.

The accused, (1) Louise Victorian Vaz; (2) Santan J. Pereira and (3) Lawrence Fernandes, were placed to-day before the Presidency Magistrate, 3rd Court, and their bail period was extended.

The raid was conducted by sub-Inspector W. S. Rane at 9-10 p.m. on Saturday. It was stated that Vaz and Pereira were receiving the bets, while Fernandes was "their watchman". The police seized some alleged satta chits and cash from the room of the accused.

As inquiries were still incomplete, the Magistrate granted an adjournment of the case.

MAGIC POWER OF NATIONAL FLAG

Unfurled Over Lucknow Municipal Building

LUCKNOW: April 11.

"Unless members of the Board identify themselves with the people the national flag can be of little benefit" said Pandit Govind Ballabh Pant unfurling the national flag over the Municipal Board buildings this morning in the presence of a large gathering. He recalled that Gandhiji had unfurled the flag over the building in 1929 when also Mr. Chaudhury Khaliquazzman was the Chairman of the Municipal Board but the flag was later removed under Government orders in 1932.

To-day again Mr. Khaliquzzman the chairman of the Board requesting Pandit Govind Ballabh Pant to unfurl the flag said that other nations fed their national flag with blood and remainded members of the Board of their responsibility to respect the flag which was being hoisted to-day, and which they should have flying there permenantly.

Pandit Pant related the magic power the flag had over the people and which was manifested during the recent elections. He said that with the unfurling of the flag their responsibility did not end. This should create a new atmosphere in the Board—an atmosphere of service to the people.

The speaker discounted the existence of any communal differences as evidenced by the hartal on the 1st of April unless it were imposed by a third party. He continued "Lord Zetland or the Governors may say anything but India's freedom did not depend on that. Freedom is our own and it will not be a gift from them. Soon we will attain that power while our enemies will lie wondering".

Concluding Pandit Govind Ballabh Pant warned that if they could not protect the flag and keep it flying it were better the flag was unfurled.—A. P.

Lele Exhorts Congressmen To Keep Flag Flying

BOMBAY, Monday.

In furtherance of the National Week that is being celebrated in the city of Bombay since the 6th of this month a Flag Salutation ceremony was held at Tardeo this morning when Mr. P. R. Lele, President of the Girgaum District Congress Committee unfurled the flag to the accompaniment of a Band. There was a very large gathering present.

Mr. Lele, in the course of his speech, stressed the importance of the National Week, which was being observed since the last seventeen years, after the entry of Mahatma Gandhi into Indian politics.

The speaker traced the evolution of the Tri-Colour which to-day has become to Indians, what the Union Jack was for the Britishers. It was the duty of every Indian to fight and if necessary die, for keeping that flag flying aloft.

Mr. Lele exhorted the people assembled to enrol themselves as Congress members and thus further to strengthen the greatest political organisation in the country.

Acid Stomach Ended at Last

Wonderful new treatment brings instant relief from Indigestion, Wind, Heartburn — Stops Headaches, Colds, Neuralgia, Rheumatic Pains.

Almost all of us suffer from Acid Stomach. When we eat too much acid-producing food, as we all do, the food ferments. Then we get Indigestion, Wind, Heartburn, Pain after Eating, Sour Stomach.

There's only one way really to relieve Indigestion, only one way to prevent it—Counteract that excess acidity. And now there's a certain, safe and pleasant way to do it—"Alka-Seltzer". For the first time in history a means has been found of combining in an effervescent tablet the three ingredients doctors have recommended separately for years.

Drop an "Alka-Seltzer" Tablet in half a glass of water. It makes a pleasant, refreshing, sparkling drink that will bring you instant relief. It breaks the Wind, stops the pain and discomfort and lays the basis for a permanent end to your trouble.

If you have a Headache from sickness, worry or over indulgence, an "Alka-Seltzer" will stop it at once. If you have a Cold, Neuralgia or Rheumatic Pains, Alka-Seltzer will help you to get rid of them.

Don't confuse this new effervescent alkalizing tablet with the ordinary type of remedy. "Alka-Seltzer" is a scientific product—a corrective alkalizing drink which first relieves the pain and then removes the cause. There is nothing so good as "Alka-Seltzer"—nothing to equal it. It is not harmful and not a laxative.

Try "Alka-Seltzer" to-day. Prove how wonderful it is, how pleasant to take, how rapid in its results. Discover for yourself that here at last is the remedy you have sought so long. Any chemist can supply you with "Alka-Seltzer" Brand Tablets.

O DEAR! MY HEAD IS ACHING SO. I THINK I'LL MAKE FOR HOME -
I'D TAKE AN 'ALKA-SELTZER'. FLO.-IT ALWAYS CLEARS MY DOME
HEAD ACHE
I HOPE MY PICNIC LUNCH WON'T TIE YOUR STOMACH IN A KNOT
NOT MINE! WITH 'ALKA-SELTZER' I AM JOHNNIE ON-THE-SPOT.
ACID INDIGESTION
I HAD TO SLEEP ONE OFF, OL' MAN, SO I STAYED RIGHT IN BED
MY GOSH! WHY DON'T YOU MODERNIZE AND ALKALIZE INSTEAD?
MORNING MISERY
Be Wise—Alkalize
Alka-Seltzer
"Alka-Seltzer" Tablets make a sparkling alkalizing drink. They give prompt, pleasant relief from Headaches, Sour Stomach, Wind, Distress after Meals, Colds and other everyday Aches and Pains

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The cycle that never lets you down.

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STOP THE AGGRAVATING ITCH OF PRICKLY HEAT

● At the first sign of prickly heat, apply Listerine Antiseptic, *full strength*. Almost instantly it relieves the tantalizing itch and sting. It soothes and cools; prevents infection; helps speed recovery.

Listerine Antiseptic is an effective first aid for many other ailments—insect bites, burns, bruises and cuts. Gargled twice daily, it destroys the germs of mouth and throat, helps keep you well and fit. Keep a bottle always at hand.

M-84

LISTERINE THE SAFE ANTISEPTIC

EASIER STARTING . . . WITH LESS BATTERY STRAIN

SLUDGE and gum make oils thick at atmospheric temperatures, causing delayed oil circulation and increased frictional drag.

Gargoyle Mobiloil, cleansed from sludge and gum, removes this invisible brake . . . allows higher cranking speed . . . easier starting . . . without straining the battery.

NO OTHER OIL DOES SO MUCH FOR *you*

GARGOYLE CLEAROSOL Mobiloil

Prolongs the life of your engine

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EAT MORE SUGAR: IT IS GOOD FOR YOU AND GOOD FOR INDIA.

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AT A PINCH

You can do without many things but you cannot do without A pinch of

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LOCAL ENGAGEMENTS

To-day

Hindu: Chaitra Shud 2, 1993
Muslim: Safar 1, 1305
Parsi: Avan 10, 1306
Hightide: 0-46; 13-37
Lowtide: 6-54; 19-33
Sunrise: 6-23, 6-55
Sunset: 6-55
Last Day of National Week.
Released Prisoners' Aid Society: Annual General meeting Corporation Hall 6-15 p.m.

Wednesday, April 14.

Municipal Standing Committee, 4-10 p.m.

POSTAL NOTICES

Superscribed registered and unregistered Mails for Singapore and Japan per S. S. "Naples Maru" will be accepted at the General Post Office upto 3 and 3-30 p.m. respectively on Tuesday the 13th instant.

Superscribed unregistered Mails for Italy and Austria per "M. V. Victoria" will be accepted at the General Post Office upto 12 noon on Thursday the 15th instant.

THEOSOPHICAL FEDERATION

Pandit Motilalji Sarma will lecture in Hindi at the Theosophical Society, Blavatsky Lodge Hall, French Bridge, Chowpatty, to-day at 6-30 p.m. (S.T.) Subject:—"Search after Truth."

ENGLISH MAILS

The outward P. and O. Mail steamer "Rawalpindi" with the Mails from London of 1st instant arrived at Aden at 6 a.m. on the 11th idem and left there at 11 a.m. the same day.

In ordinary course she should arrive in Bombay at 4 p.m. on Thursday, the 15th instant.

The "Rawalpindi" will sail from Ballard Pier for China and Japan at 11 p.m. the same day.

BENGAL CLUB

The Bengali New Year's day will be celebrated under the auspices of the Bengal Club at Sree Krishna Nivas, Hospital Avenue, Parel, on Wednesday the 14th when all Bengalees are requested to be present.

INDIAN FOOTBALL LEAGUE

Entries for the Indian Football League for the current year are invited and the same are to be submitted to the Hon. Secretary, Indian Football, League on or before May 5.

The matches shall start from May 8.

BENGALI NEW YEAR

The Bengal New Year's Day will be celebrated at Sundar Bhuvan, Vincent Road, Hindu Colony, Dadar, to-morrow (Wednesday) at 7-30 p.m. when all Bengalis are invited to attend.

ORIENT CRICKETERS

The following resolution was passed at an extraordinary general meeting of The Orient Cricketers:—

An extraordinary general meeting of the members of the Orient Cricketers was called on Sunday at 9 a.m. at Mr. Gharat's residence to mourn the death of Mr. K. N. Divekar of H. M. Customs Office, Bombay, who was one of the well-known players of the Club and a much esteemed friend. The late Mr. Divekar played in the Quadrangular for the last two years and the Ranji Trophy Tournament from the very commencement.

The following resolution was passed by the meeting, all standing:—

"The Members of the Orient Cricketers hereby express their heartfelt sorrow at the premature death of their beloved friend and colleague Mr. K. N. Divekar on the 3rd of April 1937, and they heartily sympathise with the sad lot which has befallen his family on account of his death."

AMUSEMENTS OF THE DAY

CAPITOL—"I Dream Too Much" Daily at 4, 6-30 and 10 p.m.
CENTRAL—"Tukaram". Daily at 5-15, 8 and 10-45 p.m.
EMPIRE—"Chick". Daily at 4, 6-30 and 10 p.m.
EXCELSIOR—"His Lordship". Daily at 4, 6-30 and 10 p.m.
GLOBE—"Undersea Kingdom" Daily at 5-15, 8 and 10-45 p.m.
IMPERIAL—"Kulvadhu". Daily at 5-30, 8 and 10-30 p.m.
KRISHNA—"President". Time as usual
MAJESTIC—"Sundari". Daily at 5-15, 8 and 10-30 p.m.
MINERVA—"Atma Tarang". Daily at 5-15, 8 and 10-45 p.m
OPERA HOUSE—"Prem Kahani". Daily at 5-30, 8 and 10-30 p.m.
PATHE—"God's Country and the Woman". Daily at 3-30, 6-30 and 10 p.m.
PLAZA—"Awakening". Daily at 5, 7-45 and 10-30 p.m.
REGAL—"One in a Million" Daily at 4, 6-30 and 10 p.m.
ROXY—"Ma". Daily at 5-15, 8 and 10-45 p.m.
WELLINGTON—"Forward March". Daily at 5-15, 8 and 10-45 p.m.
WEST-END—"Lure of Gold". Time as usual.

HIND MAHILA SAMAJ.

The Samaj will celebrate the "Vasantotsava" to-day (Tuesday), at 5 in the evening on the premises of the Samaj in New Bhatwadi, Girgaum.

Shri Bal Gangadhar Kher will address the gathering and the Samaj will congratulate him for having been elected the leader unanimously by the members of Assembly in Bombay Presidency.

RELEASED PRISONERS' AID SOCIETY.

The twenty-first annual general meeting of the Bombay Presidency Released Prisoners' Aid Society will be held in the Municipal Corporation Hall to-day at 6-15 p.m. (S.T.). The Hon. Mr. Justice C. P. Blackwell, M.B.E., M.A., Bar-at-Law, will preside.

MEETING AT KAMGAR MAIDAN.

A public meeting will be held at Kamgar Maidan, Poibavdi to-day (Tuesday) at 6-30 p.m. (S.T.) Sjts. Jinabhai P. Joshi will preside and Messrs. Khedgikar, S. B. Mahadeshwar, D. B. Karnik, Charles Mascarenhas and L. V. Kondaye will speak on "National Week."

DEPRESSED INDIA ASSOCN.

A special meeting of the Depressed India Association will be held at Rasul Building, 2nd floor, Clarke Road, Jacob Circle to-day (Tuesday), at 8 p.m. to consider the letter received from the Municipal Secretary in connection with the plot of land next to Pai's Street, near the Bombay Improvement Trust, Mahar Colony, at Clarke Road with a view to take possession of the same.

SIKHS FESTIVAL.

"Baisakhi", the birth Anniversary of the Sick Community be celebrated to-day at Vincent Road adjacent to Dadar Fire Brigade station. It was on this day two hundred and thirty eight years ago that Guru Govindsingh the tenth and the last Guru of Sikhs baptised his disciples and moulded them into a nation. Irrespective of caste and creed, Guru Govindsingh preached universal botherhood and asked his disciples to work for the removal of untouchability. It was this untouchability which was eating the vitals of society then and Guru Govindsingh had to face heavy odds to overcome this evil.

The programme for the day will commence from 5 a.m. and will end at 4-30 p.m. on that day and will consist of varieties of Bhajan Kirtan and lectures by prominent men.

Guru's Langar (Free Kitchen) will remain open to the poor and rich alike.

BOMBAY HAWKERS' UNION.

Under the auspices of the above Union a public meeting of the hawkers of Bombay will be held to-day (Tuesday), at 9 p.m. at Bapu Hajam Moholla Musjid Street. Mr. M A. Azad will pre- Bapu Hajam Moholla, Musjid Messrs. Nimbkar, Mahomed Gani, A. M. Noorani and others will speak.

AIR MAIL NOTICE.

The Bombay—Trivandrum weekly air mail service will cease operation with the Northbound flight leaving Trivandrum on Monday the 19th. April 1937. The last Southbound flight will leave Bombay for Trivandrum on Wednesday the 14th April 1937. The service will be re-opened after the monsoons on a date which will be notified later. Air Mails for and from places served by this service will be diverted to the Karachi-Madras air service.

Aga Khan Hockey

Lahore Y.M.C.A. Enter Semi-Final

Bombay Telephones Eliminated

Although the Lahore Y.M.C.A. defeated the Bombay Telephone Club by 4 goals to 1, in the second Quarter-Final of the Aga Khan Hockey tournament on Monday evening, the score was not a true index of the run of play. Excepting during the closing stages, when the Telephonists were outplayed in every department of the game, the exchanges remained almost even. The losers were a sturdy lot and they not only extended the Lahore team but also drew level at one stage i.e., at one goal all. They fought with their backs to the wall and were very swift in breaking the movements of the up-country forwards.

The visitors and for that matter the local team as well took long to settle down though the former were playing in a sluggish manner at the start. In the previous matches also, the Lahore Y.M.C.A. have been starting in the same manner and if they do not improve upon this defect in the semi-final round, where they will meet the winners of Karachi Goans and B B. and C. I. Railway Combined, they are bound to suffer.

ANOTHER PUNJAB "BLUE"

Harbhajan, another Punjab "Blue" who arrived this morning, acquitted himself nicely at left-back, thus proving a good addition to the Lahore Y.M.C.A The others prominent in the visitors' defence were Caleb and Bali, both of whom played in a judicious manner. Harbel was once again the brain of the attack and Latif, the smart scorer, the remaining forwards not coming up to expectations.

COHEN SHINES.

Cohen, the Telephone pivot, stood out head and shoulders above the others in his team and was responsible for engineering several good movements though he had to deal with a strong opposing inside-trio.

THE GAME.

Following a scrappy game for the first quarter, Harbel's pass to Latif was cleverly accepted by the latter, who opened the Lahore account with a fine placing, in the 16th minute. The Y. M. C. A. then kept up pressure for sometime during which A. Latif, their inside-left failed to avail of a good opportunity.

A little before the interval, Nash, the Telephone right-wing, sent in a beautiful centre which went begging as the other forwards were lagging behind failing to keep up with his dash down the right flank and the Y.M.C.A. crossed over with one-goal lead.

Immediately after resumption, off a free hit near the Lahore team's circle, Woodcock, the home-team's inside-right, had an open goal at his mercy but he failed badly to hit the mark. After the visitors had spent a few minutes in their opponents' territory without result, Cohen, the local centre-half, who was now in possession of the ball, sent a through pass to Woodcock, the latter player making amends by scoring the equaliser, through the opposing goal-keeper's legs—a silly mistake.

The Lahore side was not to lag behind and hardly had the cheers, for the equaliser, died down, when Harbel, Y.M.C.A.'s tall Sikh, put, his team ahead again after a solo effort.

To the mortification of the Telephone Company's supporters, Latif, who has been rightly described in local papers as one of the best centre-forwards seen in Bombay, broke through in his characteristic style and capped his effort with a magnificent goal, which was loudly applaused. Following this, the local forwards made some mild attacks to reduce the margin but they found their better in Harbhajan, the visitors' left full-back, who spoiled many of their well initiated movements.

It was Latif again, who scored yet another goal off a pass by the right-wing and completed the Lahore team's total.

THE RESULT

LAHORE Y.M.C.A. 4 goals
BOMBAY TELEPHONE 1 goal.

THE TEAMS

LAHORE Y.M.C.A.—Yusuf; Pritam and Harbhajan; Daljit, Caleb and Bali; Manmohan, Harbal, Latif, A. Latif and Asghar.

BOMBAY TELEPHONE.—Mendonca; McMorran and Butler; High, Cohen and Gibson; Nash, Woodcock, Vanspall, Taylor and Crosse.

Umpires: G. Mackenzie and L. Hibbert.

TO-DAY'S GAME.

AT 5-40 P.M.—Karachi Goans vs. B. B. and C. I. Railway.

Nadkarni Football Tournament

A DRAWN GAME

Two goals were shared in Monday's game in the Nadkarni Football tournament, at the Cooperage, when the Friends' Union 'A' were held to a draw by the Appollo Rainbow 'A'.

The replay will take place on Tuesday at 4-30 p.m.

Rao Sahib P. I. Patil, of the Great Social Life and Gen. Assu. Ltd., Jalgaon, is proceeding to London by the s.s. "Strathmore" on 24th inst. to study the working of the insurance companies. He intends to visit important continental countries and also America. His tour will last for over 6 months.

LAST DAY OF THE NATIONAL WEEK

The best method of focussing public opinion on the gravity of any particular problem is by organising a particular week, for the spreading a certain propaganda.

We have thus Baby Weeks, Health Weeks, Prohibition Weeks, etc.

That does not, however, mean that the observance of those rules is restricted to that particular period alone. It is only meant to emphasise a particular view point.

This is the last day of the National Week. Even if you are a habitual wearer of Khaddar, you must make some purchase of Khadi during this "Week"

(Received from All-India Spinners Association).

Last Day Of The National Week At Bandra

The Bandra Congress workers have been enrolling Congress members with a view to revive the local Congress Committee in observance of the National Week. The response from the public whose enthusiasm has been increased during the last election campaign is very satisfactory. Bandra like Bombay has a cosmopolitan population of all communities and religions—Hindus, Mahomadans, Christians and Parsis. It is hoped that the local Congress Committee will be representative of all these communities.

The formal inauguration of the Committee will take place to-day, (Tuesday) the last day of the National Week at 9 p.m., at the Old Patkar Blocks, Ghodbunder Road at the hands of Shri Jamnalal Bajaj when Shri S. A. Brelvi will preside and Shri B. G. Kher, Shri Shantilal Shah, Shri D. N. Wandrekar and others will also speak.

All are cordially invited to attend.

RAMANA SATCHIDANANDA SAMAJ.

The members of the Samaj will celebrate "Sri Ramanavami Uthsava" from Monday, the 19th to Monday, the 26th April, 1937 in the Pandal specially erected between Krishna Buildings Nos. 1 and 2, Parel, Bombay.

LADIES' MEETING AT GHATKOPAR.

Under the auspices of Ghatkopar Bhagini Mandal, a public meeting of the women of Ghatkopar will be held to-day (Tuesday), to celebrate the last day of the National Week at Ghatkopar Satyagraha Chhavni in the pandal just erected. Speakers are: Smti. Goship Behn Captain, Smti Lilavati Munshi, Smti. Ratan Behn Damania and Smti. Dabi Behn Desai of Santa-Cruz on the subject of "To-day's Condition of Our Village Industries and Our Duties towards Them."

TALK OF THE SUBURBS

(By A Suburban Man.)

On Saturday the Vile Parle Municipal Board held a very interesting meeting with Mr. J. W. L. Gomes, Vice-President of the Municipality on the chair.

That long-standing overbridge dispute of which I often reported in this column, it appears has at last reached a compromise

The Vice-President is now sending a reply to the Collector on the terms of the mandate given by the Board. Meanwhile the railway authorities have been asked to carry on proceeding of the plan of the bridge to be built by the Marwari's money.

MAN IN POOL OF BLOOD

There was a stabbing affray on Sunday night at about 10 p.m., on the junction of Bazar Road, Bandra, when one Ali Hussein (Tumpu) a meat-vendor was, it is alleged, stabbed in the abdomen by a cartman, which resulted in the death of Ali Hussein.

It appeasr that a Christian cartman Khaitan Bernard Pereira of Bazar Road, was crossing the junction making for his home on the sea face, when Ali and another man came in the carts way. Pereira shouted to them to move out of his way, but the incident developed into a quarrel and Pereira, it is alleged, whipped out a knife and stabbed Ali. Ali fell in a pool of blood and was removed to the Bandra Hospital where he died on being admitted.

Circle Inspector A. W. Thornber and Sub-Inspector Salvi of the Bandra Police went immediately to the scene and arrested Pereira who said that he too, was injured and had to be carried to the Hospital but was subsequently taken to the police station.

The two Inspectors on hearing that the knife was thrown by the accused into the sea made a twilight search for it in the sea at Chapel Road and after long search in the dirty slush of this portion of the sea where Bandra's filth at present finds a resting place, they found the knife which has a 4 inch class blade. Further inquiries are in progress.

SUBURBAN GYMKHANA'S FUNCTIONS.

On Sunday the two and the only Suburban Gymkhana's had very busy evening's programme.

The Bandra Gymkhana held their second annual dinner when a large gathering of members and guests were present, their principal guests being Mr. and Mrs. J. F. Pereira, Chief Accountant of the Bombay Port Trust.

After dinner Mr. J. D. Pereira raised the toast of Mr. and Mrs. Pereira to which Mr. Pereira responded in a happy mood.

Then there followed a lot of quite a cheery affair. Dancing, singing, which made the function then commenced on terrace of the pavilion which lasted till midnight.

Among the many speeches made Mr. Frank Tarrant, spoke supporting Bandra Gymkhana on their efforts to sponsor a rest side for Bombay Cricket carnival.

The Willington Gymkhana, Santa Cruz, also saw a crowded gathering. The occasion was the decision of the quarter-finals and a semi-final in the contract bridge tournament and several tenn's matches were played, followed by a whist drive which consisted of 20 tables. The prizes for the whist were won by Miss C. Mascarenhas and Mr. J. Kharas.

After whist an enjoyable dance programme was gone through.

END OF NATIONAL WEEK

To-day's Public Meeting At Popatwadi

Under the joint auspices of the Bombay Provincial Congress Committee and the Bhuleshwar District Congress Committee, there will be a public meeting to-day (Tuesday), at 9 p.m. (S.T.) at Popat Wadi, Kalbadevi, when Mr. Bhulabhai J. Desai will preside and prominent leaders will address.

This meeting will conclude the programme of the National Week.

THE EXCELSIOR

at 6-30 and 10 p.m.

GEORGE ARLISS

Rises to great heights of artistry in

"HIS LORDSHIP"

One of his happiest hits

PATHE

ENTIRELY IN TECHNICOLOUR

OUT WHERE ALL LAW ENDED...THEIR LOVE BEGAN!
'GOD'S COUNTRY AND THE WOMAN'
From James Oliver Curwood's celebrated best-seller with
BEVERLY ROBERTS
GEORGE BRENT
BARTON MacLANE • ROBERT BARRAT • ALAN HALE
Joseph King • Joseph Crehen • El Brendel • Addison Richards

Also "Boat Race"

DAILY 3-30, 6-30 & 10 P.M. BOOK IN ADVANCE. Phone 41561

Glands Made Active and Youthful Vigour Restored In 24 Hours

American Doctor's Discovery Strengthens Blood, Nerves, Body, Memory, Brain, Muscles, and Endurance—Better Than Gland Operations.

Thanks to the discovery of an American Doctor, it is now possible for those who feel prematurely old, Run-down and Worn-out, to experience again the thrill of Youthful Vigour, Ambition, and Vitality. This great discovery, which is a simple home treatment and can be used secretly by anyone, quickly brings a surplus of vitality and an ability to enjoy the pleasures of life.

No longer is it necessary for you to suffer from Loss of Vigour and Manhood, Weak Memory and Body, Nervousness, Impure Blood, Sickly Skin, Depression and Poor Sleep. Instead you merely take this simple home treatment a few days and you will find that your vigour is restored. No matter what your age, you will find that your gland activity and nerve force is increased and restored. You will find youthful physical power in this discovery, which builds rich, pure blood and literally makes your body tingle with new energy and vitality. This simple home treatment is in pleasant easy-to-take tablet form and thousands who have used it say that it is far better than any other method.

Works in 24 Hours

This new medical discovery, known as Dr. Nixon's Vi-Tabs, has been tested by thousands in America and has achieved results that seem almost miraculous. It has conquered obstinate cases that had defied all other treatment. It has rescued the young from premature old age and debility. It has made older men as good as new. It has brought happiness beyond all price to thousands who believed that they were old, worn-out, and finished with the joys of life. And the beauty of this remarkable discovery is that it brings results so quickly. In 24 hours you can see and feel a tremendous improvement and within one week it will literally make you a new man.

Doctors Praise Vi-Tabs

Doctors in America, and in many other countries too, say that the Vi-Tabs formula is marvelous for those who are old before their time, Run-down, and Worn-out. For instance Dr. T. A. Ellis, of Canada, recently wrote: "Not only does this formula enrich the blood supply of red corpuscles, but it likewise tonifies the gland system. This is followed by renewed energy and ambition, particularly gratifying to men and women in middle or older ages." And a widely known Italian doctor, Dr. N. G. Giannini, recently wrote: "Tired-out, Frail and Shrunken bodies sorely need the established system building influence of this formula, which works its splendid effects upon the blood, glands, nerves and liver—improves appetite and brings greater strength to weak, nervous, run-down people."

Dr. T. A. Ellis

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The Bombay Chronicle

BOMBAY: TUESDAY, APRIL 13, 1937

THE NEXT STAGE

There is no satisfactory response so far from Government to Gandhiji's suggestion of an independent tribunal to settle the constitutional issues under dispute. The "Times" thinks that a way out of the difficulty can hardly be found in the method suggested by Gandhiji, as he has adduced no new reasons for his advice to the Congress and has not answered Lord Zetland's arguments. There is no need for Gandhiji to do anything of the kind. He sticks to his old reasons for his advice to the Congress and his view that it is quite constitutional for the Governors to give the assurance that he suggested has been supported by several eminent lawyers in India, whom "Government themselves have hitherto honoured with their patronage." In the circumstances, with the public on his side he would have been perfectly justified if he had only repeated his demand as his ultimatum. But finding that some lawyers more or less support Government's view about his demand, he has gone so far in his conciliatory attitude as to offer to accept the decision of an independent tribunal. The "Times," with refreshing definiteness, says that more than what Lord Zetland and the Governors have already offered by way of assurances cannot be asked. If so, we can only say that less than what Gandhiji has asked cannot be accepted.

Contact With The Electorate

If Government do not decide soon either to give the assurance demanded by the Congress or to accept Gandhiji's alternative proposal of an independent tribunal, Congress should proceed to its next stage in the plan of ending the Constitution, with the satisfaction of having succeeded earlier and better in the first round, than it expected. What should be the programme of action to be followed next will be considered by the Working Committee which will meet towards the end of this month. Meanwhile Congress members in the legislatures should keep the closest contact with their constituencies, educating them with regard to the constitutional questions at issue, their implications and the day to day developments in the matter. As Mr. C. Rajagopalachari puts it, the constituencies should be kept humming by their Congress representatives. He has himself given an excellent lead in this respect by his tour of the Andhra Desa. Others should be heartened by his impression of his own tour, that the voters everywhere are solid behind the Congress and that they are particularly happy that Gandhiji is again in the thick of the struggle. In our own Presidency Congress circles will be happy to learn that Mr. B. G. Kher, Leader of the Congress Party in the Legislature, will soon undertake a tour of the whole Presidency to explain the situation to the electorate. It is superfluous to add that, as the task is a huge one, it cannot be satisfactorily tackled unless every constituency is kept busy by its own representatives and other local workers, at any rate for the next few months.

Strengthen The Congress

Things are moving pretty fast in the United Provinces as a result of Government's attitude, and they are likely to influence Congress activities in several other provinces. The Council of the Provincial Congress Committee has recommended to the Working Committee certain measures calculated to vindicate the will of the electorate against the efforts of the Local Government to flout it. Those measures include the convening of a conference of all members of the Assembly, the election of the Speaker, condemning the action of the Governor in not giving to the majority Party the assurance demanded by it and in forming a minority Ministry. The Conference is also expected to formulate the specific demands of the electorate with regard to agrarian reform, repeal of repressive laws and other urgent reforms. Demonstrations like these, though obviously no substitute for the legal functioning of the legislature, have their utility as mass propaganda and as means to compel Government to bend to public opinion. But, after all, they are necessarily confined to a small area and the work of a few days. They need to be supplemented by organisational work of a wider and more lasting kind. An indispensable item of a programme of this kind is the creation of a vast network of Congress organisations in cities, towns and villages and enlisting as many Muslim members as it is possible. We fully share Pandit Jawaharlal's confidence that the Muslim masses need but to be approached by the Congress to be drawn to it. Let the next few months be devoted to this great task and that must transform the situation in India.

National Reconstruction In Art

It is now being gradually recognised that national reconstruction has no meaning and less value, if it does not reach every aspect of a nation's daily life, thought and activity. From mere negations and ineffective protests the nation has passed on to the conscious, deliberate re-planning and re-building of its social, economic, political and cultural outlook and future. The repressive overwhelming burden of political subservience naturally tended to accentuate that dependant mental attitude which sought guidance not infrequently and indiscriminately from outside the country. And, it is not surprising that even dispassionate observers who watched, for instance, the art or cultural tendencies current in the country measured them, more or less, as mere reactions to opinion mostly British and, occasionally, European.

With the intense campaign for political freedom, and the consequent clarification of its many-sided objectives has followed the aspiration for independent, unfettered, nation-wide advancement of art, education and culture. The necessity for common postulates of reconstructive cultural action is, therefore, obvious. Negations and ineffective protests are not enough in the region of national art and culture. For example, the idea of a central museum of Indian art in London suggested by Sir Abdul Qadir at the meeting of the Overseas League should provide an instructive comment on the contrasts in the attention offered to museums in the country and museums outside. There is and there could be little or nothing that is theoretically wrong in the suggestion made by Sir Abdul Qadir. But in view of the scant attention and meagre practical assistance secured by the art museums in the country, more particularly, the negligent handling of the ancient art treasures by the Archaeological Department—eloquently manifest in the disastrously rapid disintegration and destruction of the ancient sculptures at Elephanta—these philanthropic efforts at the remote end in London appear to be tinged with sad, desperate, irony. Art efforts, cultural mission abroad, designed, as Sir Abdul Qadir said, to promote understanding between nations have their place and proportion. At best, they can only supplement, they cannot be substitutes for the efforts inside the country. At worst, these efforts abroad tend to become a positive danger when they lead, as they have often led, to the substitution for and suppression or misleading of similar efforts in India. This is a postulate of action for nation-wide art and cultural advancement that should now be accepted as axiomatic. The limited resources of the nation, in requisite men and money, cannot be permitted to be wasted on schemes, projects and missions abroad at the cost of the reconstructive work clamouring for national attention and assistance nearer home.

That brings us to another equally axiomatic postulate of action for nation-wide cultural advancement. Every art and cultural institution in the country must be without delay Indianised, completely. We have repeatedly insisted on the complete Indianising, for instance, of the Sir J. J. School of Art. We are glad that the Government of Bombay have taken the first step, however belated, in that direction by the appointment of Syt. Murlidhar Achrekar as Deputy Director of the School. Syt. Achrekar's credentials, as a student of the School and a leading distinguished artist of the younger generation that has uplifted the Presidency by their work are uncontestable. The ideas he has expressed about art have the sobriety and strength of one conscious of his national responsibilities. The Government of Bombay have wisely made the right choice. But we do not understand why the period of probation for Syt. Achrekar should be extended to two years. Surely, as a student of the School, as one belonging to the Presidency and as a distinguished artist Syt. Achrekar is experienced and enlightened enough to master the subtleties of administration within one year! Let us conclude with the hope that Syt. Achrekar will not only maintain but also enhance the traditions and prestige of the School built up by his "Guru."

SILK INDUSTRY

Need For Protection

(By MURARJI JADAVJI VAIDYA).

The Government of India have been approached many a time by those interested in the Silk Weaving Industry of India and have been requested to give adequate protection to this Industry. However, it is sad to note that, as in other national industries, the Government have shown step-motherly attitude towards this industry.

Recently Seth Mathuradas V. Khimjee asked of the Commerce Member, in the Assembly, as to whether the Government was disposed to give further protection to this industry. As usual the Commerce Member disposed of this question by replying that this industry has been given adequate protection and the Government have no reason at present to believe that there is necessity for further protection. It is clear, therefore, from this that in the opinion of the Government, this industry is having adequate protection. It is essential therefore to show to the Indian public how wrong this opinion is and for this purpose, I hope, the following statistical facts will tell the true tale.

Early History.

Silk weaving in India is as old as cotton weaving. Centuries ago, silk cloth, kin khab and malmal were exported to European markets. The Silk Weaving in India is as old as that in China. After the 16th century, when the East India Company established itself in India, it began exporting raw silk and woven silk from India and especially from Bengal and was making fat profits. The export of Raw Silk from Bengal went to the tune of 12,370,23 lbs. in 1926, when compared to 1,874,94 in 1775. In 1870-71, Bengal exported 15,58,246 lbs. of raw silk. In addition to this India also used to export silk finished goods and all this meant good profits in this direction.

After 1857, the East India Company ceased to exist and subsequently the Bengal Government or the Government of India neglected the industry. It is deteriorating since then. In 1870, the export was 15 lacs whereas in 1914-15, it went down to 82,700 lbs. a miserably low figure. Thus the exports in this direction, dwindled from Rs. 1½ crores worth to Rs. 5 lacs only.

Present Neglect.

In this way and manner, the Silk Industry of Bengal deteriorated to a practicaly dead condition. However, the Kashmir and Mysore Governments diverted a little of their attention to it and the industry in these States exists, though half starved. And the irony of our Government's policy is that not only our exports in this line have gone down next to nothing, but on the contrary, India is importing a lot of silk from Japan, China, Italy and France. These imports amount to crores of rupees. The following statistical survey shows how miserably low India stands in this industry, once her proud asset:—

In 1932-33, India imported 30,-10,100 lb. raw silk and allowed Rs. 88,36,000 to be sent to foreign lands. In addition, 4,50,00,000 yards of finished silk piece goods were imported, costing Rs. 2,25,00,000 to be exported from India. Thus in one year only instead of exporting our national products, India exported her national capital of Rs. 3,00,00,000. While comparing imports of 1926-27 with 1922-23, we find that there was increase of 30,00,000 lb. in raw silk and 4,50,-00,000 yards in finished goods. These figures clearly indicate that instead of meeting our needs by development of our industry, we are importing more and more, and yet our worthy Government believes that it does not need further protection!

Inadequate Protection.

In 1932 the Government appoint-

(Continued on Page 10).

Meaning Of Governors' Veto

India Still Subject Province Of London

By H. N. BRAILSFORD.

Very seldom has it happened in the history of representative institutions that a party has won a substantial majority and then refused to form a Government. But this is what the Indian National Congress has done in six great provinces.

It has an overwhelming majority in Madras, substantial majorities in the United and the Central Provinces, in Bihar and Orissa, and a narrow majority in Bombay.

In all of these it might have taken office last Thursday, and made an effort to re-shape the pattern of Indian society after its own ideas.

Gradually but surely might it not have put an end to illiteracy by introducing free compulsory schools?

It could have raised the pitiable standard of health by opening hospitals and sending doctors and nurses into the villages; brought an eight-hour day into the factories; rescued the peasants from the usurer; secured for them the right of combination, and taught the police that they are the servants and not the masters of the people.

These things, though only the beginning of the sweeping changes that Indian poverty demands, would have been well worth doing. Why, then, has Congress refused this opportunity?

Governors' Powers

The reader will remember how it happened. Congress fought the elections as the uncompromising opponent of a Constitution imposed on Indians against their will.

The vote is a sufficient proof that a majority of the people is against this Constitution. Indeed, when one recollects how undemocratic, even in the provinces, the electoral system is, this victory for Congress indicates an immense weight of opinion, for none of its opponents actually approved the Constitution.

The positive proposal of the party was to call a Constituent Assembly at which Indians should themselves construct the framework of their national life. The logical conclusion from this attitude may well have been that which the President of Congress, Jawaharlal Nehru, drew—to refuse office on principle.

A third of the party, led by its Socialist Wing, was for this course, but the majority adopted a compromise suggested by Mahatma Gandhi. This was designed to neutralise the most humiliating feature of the Constitution—the almost unlimited powers of the Governors to veto the decisions of the provincial Legislatures.

It was proposed that the leader of the party, before taking office, should seek an assurance from the Governor that he would not use his powers so long as the Ministry and the Legislature acted within the Constitution.

Such an assurance no Governor could give and it is surprising that Mahatma Gandhi thought it possible. The Constitution does not merely authorise Governors to use their veto; it requires it of them as a duty in certain cases.

All that a Governor could say was to promise that he would be very reasonable and sympathetic, but the veto is the foundation of this Constitution. India may govern herself, so long as she does so on lines agreeable to the Imperial Power. On these terms Congress has declined office.

Shadow Of The Veto

With one accord, English newspapers of all three parties have lectured Congress on its lack of wisdom. Then were Imperial Englishmen wise, when they imposed the Constitution?

Was it tactful to prepare India's mind for its reception by long periods of brutal coercion? Was it sagacious to discuss it with a hand-picked delegation of tame Indians who could not speak for the masses?

Was it wise to persist in it, after even the Moderates had felt compelled to denounce it?

The National Government believed that it could dictate to India. It turned a deaf ear to her opposition, and troubled to defend itself only against Mr. Churchill. It reaps what it sowed.

Over the greater part of India this imposed Constitution will not work. It may be possible to nominate Ministries which will "carry on," but the Governors will have to use their emergency powers to enact the Budgets.

Self-government under the veto will be revealed for the sham it is. The struggle for honest self-government will continue. Sooner or later, if Indians are resolute and united, they will get it.

Power Of Money

It will be said, no doubt, that though the veto had to be kept in reserve for emergencies, there was no intention of using it unreasonably. Probably it would seldom have been used.

The objection to it is that it compels a Ministry to negotiate every day with the Governor; to watch his face lest they should annoy him; to consider him as carefully as they consider their constituents.

This is a system of subjection to which no self-respecting people ought to submit. No careful student of the Constitution can fail to perceive that throughout it provision is made for the supremacy over India of British finance.

Why, for example, is it laid down that nothing may be socialised unless the Governor himself assumes the initial responsibility for the Bill?

The Provinces will not, in fact, be free to spend what India needs, if she is ever to enjoy adequate services for health and education, because her revenues are mortgaged in advance to maintain at ruinous cost a white garrison and a white Civil Service—charges which no elected Legislature may reduce.

But the brutal truth about India's place in the Empire leaps out from the phrase that arms the Governor-General with a veto over finance. His duty is to maintain the credit of India "in the money markets of the world."

Since India borrows only in London, the good opinion of the City is recognised as the test to which her finances must submit. She is still the subject province of the City, as she was when the East India Company conquered her to exploit her. That is the meaning of the Veto.

On Whose Terms?

Against this symbol and instrument of subjection, India does well to wage an uncompromising struggle. "You have chosen to impose this Constitution on us; very well, then, you shall learn that it is not easy to govern on your terms."

That is the message that comes to us from this gesture of rejection. The Indian problem still await its solution from the first honest Socialist Government that comes to power at Westminster.

It can discharge its duty only in one way—by according to the Indian masses the right of self-determination.

FRANKLY SPEAKING

REVOLT IN GERMANY.

Attempts will naturally be made by Nazis to dismiss, in public, as of no account "the German Freedom Party" and its circular. But it is much more than "a plot by a Jewish Communist to arouse disturbance abroad." It is the expression of a widespread revolt which is still very cautious for the simple reason that Nazis are notorious for the brutality of methods in suppressing their opponents. Germans know all about the Nazi concentration camps and sanguinary purges. They must perforce proceed with the greatest care possible. What really is noteworthy is that a revolt, however modest its beginning, has actually begun. It may take time to succeed. But succeed it will. The internal conditions in Germany and the suicidal attempt to ease them by a headlong armament rush are bound to precipitate a crisis. The crisis can be brought nearer if the Fascist adventure in Spain fails. But that, unfortunately, depends entirely on Britain.

GOVERNOR-DESIGNATE.

The appointment of Mr. Roger Lumley, M. P. as the next Governor of Bombay has been received with cold indifference by the City and will be doubtless received like wise by the Presidency as a whole. There will also be a feeling of some disappointment as some expected that the person to be chosen would be a well-known politician with some knowledge of Indian conditions. But most Indians are now-a-days indifferent about the entrances or the exits of Governors or Viceroys as these officials are only parts of a huge machine whose main levers are worked by non-Indians six thousand miles away. Mr. Lumley was nowhere in the picture till yesterday but since his appointment it has been discovered that he has had parliamentary experience of fifteen years and has been parliamentary Private Secretary "at the Colonial, Home and Foreign Affairs." These are hardly adequate qualifications for a Governorship of an Indian province. The "Times of India" informs us that he is a relation of the present Secretary of State for India. This, of course, is not the reason why he has been selected, because we have always been assured that Britishers, occupying high positions do not allow family considerations to weigh with them in selecting their subordinates. But Mr. Lumley is presumably a competent person to safeguard British vested interests, his main task under the new Constitution. If as a servant of an Indian province he cares to secure the goodwill of the people of the province, he can do so only to the extent he safeguards their interests first and foremost.

MUSLIM LEAGUE AND GOVERNOR.

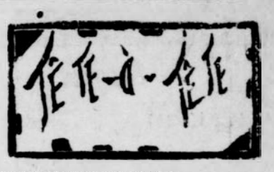
We are glad the Bombay Presidency Muslim League Parliamentary Board did take discipilinary action against Mr. Husseinally Rahimtoola. This is the least that it was bound, in decency, to do. But why the apologetic regret that the Governor did not "duly" appreciate the position of the Muslim League? The attempt to assume an unwilling-to-wound, very - afraid - to - strike attitude is both pathetic and amusing. That, however, is a question between the Governor and the Muslim League. What the public is mildly interested in is the last part of the resolution wherein the Board has decided that "in view of the developments that have taken place and unless the position of the Muslim League is fully appreciated and recognised, it would reconsider its attitude towards the Ministry and the House generally." This is rather vague and, therefore, we hesitate to attempt to interpret the threat. How we wish those responsible for the drafting of the resolution had been clear and specific!

BOMBAY CABINET'S PROGRAMME.

The Bombay Cabinet is not entirely without support in the legislature. It has received a good certificate from Mr. L. B. Bhopatkar, the titular President of the Democratic Swaraj Party, which has only five members in the Assembly and which could not get its own President elected. Mr. Bhopatkar commends the courage of the Cabinet in formulating its programme, and indeed the Cabinet needed some courage to help the Governor to flout the legislature. As far the programme itself, Mr. Bhopatkar has "not the least doubt that in due course of time they (the Cabinet) will not fail to rally round themselves and their programme public opinion and support." If the Cabinet shares that confidence, it should ask the Governor to convene the Assembly at an early date. Mr. Bhopatkar is very keen on prohibition and we shall be glad if he can persuade the Cabinet to say in how many years approximately it proposes to bring about complete prohibition and how far it is prepared to go this very year.

LATE DR. KETKAR

The death of Dr. S. V. Ketkar has removed a well-known literary figure in Maharashtra. Versatile as his genius was, and variegated as his literary output was, it is the monumental Marathi Encyclopaedia which will permanently enshrine Dr. Ketkar's name in the Indian literary firmament. It was a pioneering enterprise to bring out an encyclopaedia on modern lines in the vernacular, and Dr. Ketkar had to contend with numerous difficulties before the last volume saw the light of the day. It reflects the greatest credit upon Dr. Ketkar, and his select band of workers, that they should have produced a standard work, which has already had the honour of being translated into other Indian languages. Since the completion of his encyclopaedia Dr. Ketkar had set his heart upon writing a history of India from the earliest times, and he produced some fragmentary studies, besides collecting a mass of literature. It is a great pity that he did not live to see the fruition of his labours.



WITHOUT COMMENT—

Lord Zetland is not trying to gull India. He has merely stated what is the actual constitutional position, bluntly and tactlessly, perhaps, but truthfully, and if ever there was need for facing the truth squarely, this is the time.

—Anglo-India.

* * * *

His Excellency Mr. Lawrence Roger Lumley..... no sir, we don't like the sound of it all.

Of course, he won't come here as mere Mr. It would be most derogatory to the prestige of the Democratic British Empire and will impress the "natives" the wrong way.

But what we want to urge is that a simple knighthood too won't do. Sir Roger Lumley..... no, no, we mean it doesn't thrill or inspire.

His Excellency-Designate should, therefore, be raised to the Peerage as, for instance, Baron Yorker—we mean Baron York

* * *

Addressing Congress M.L.A.'s of the U.P., their leader, Pandit Govind Vallabh Pant, is reported to have "protested against **Lord Zetland's** raising a communal issue."

Lord Zetland is entitled to retort that the extremist leader may as well protest against the 'raison d'etre' of British rule in India.

* * * *

HEAR, HEAR.—

"Let the Cabinet immediately give effect to what they intend while the Congress is fiddling away its time and energy in the polemic or assurances....." Mr. L. B. Bhopatkar.

Can it be translated as "Let Mr. J. M. Mehta burn Democracy and Swaraj, while Congress etc., etc., etc."?

* * * *

Mr. Bhopatkar likes to suggest to the Bombay Minstrels—Ministers "that they would do well to look up for sympathy and encouragement more to the public at large than to the Congress."

Well, hasn't "the public at large" other than Congress already heaped all the sympathy it possibly could? Didn't it enable Mr. Bhopatkar to save his own deposit and send in no less than six Democrats in a House of 175?

* * * *

Chaudhry Khaliquzzaman, Chairman of the Lucknow Municipal Board and Leader of the Muslim League Party, "requesting Pandit Govind Vallabh Pant to unfurl the (National) Flag said that other nations fed their national flags with blood and reminded members of the Board of their responsibility to respect the flag which was being hoisted to-day, and which they should have flying there permanently," says the A.P. report.

* * * *

Please read the above again, again and yet again. And then join us in forcefully appealing to Mr. Jinnah that he should be pleased to take fundamentally disciplinary action against Chaudhry Khaliquzzaman when he, Mr. Jinnah, honours Lucknow with a visit on April 18.

* * * *

No, you are wrong. At least there is no report yet that the reception committee in connection with the Dictator's visit is to be constituted of (1) Nawab of Chhatari, (2) Nawab Sir Md. Yusuf and (3) Raja of Salimpur.

IMMEDIATE TASK BEFORE JAMNADAS.

—Headline.

To arrange for the funeral of "Democratic Swaraj" and, simultaneously, to prepare for the day of reckoning.

* * *

"This constitution is not a sham."—Bengal's Chief Minister.

It naturally cannot be with Mr. Fazlul Haq duly added to it. Two negatives make one affirmative, you know.

* * * *

Mr. Fazlul Haq "honestly believes" that it "is a genuine effort on the part of the British Government to give Indians the position, the status and the rights they desire."

We are confident that Sir Nazimuddin and the Nawab of Dacca, the two eminent Muslim League leaders, honestly agree with their Chief.

Minorities Interests Safer In Congress Hands

DR. KAZI'S APPEAL TO MUSLIM MASSES

Rally Under National Tri-colour To Win Country's Freedom

"The interests of the minorities in India were safer in the hands of Mahatma Gandhi and Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru than in the hands of those who glibly talked of being Protectors of the Minorities. Mahatma Gandhi and Pundit Jawaharlal were our kith and kin and understood our difficulties and realised the handicaps."

So declared Dr. Abdul Hamied Kazi, Congress leader of Khandesh, in the course of a speech on "The Present Political Crisis and Muslims," delivered on Monday evening at Jinnah Hall. The meeting was convened by the Bombay Provincial Congress Committee in furtherance of the National Week celebrations.

MUSLIM MASSES MISGUIDED.

Mr. S. A. Brelvi, who presided, declared that, if the Hindus were a minority community as the Muslims were to-day, then they also would have had the same apprehensions as the Muslims entertained. That was due to the Muslim masses having been misguided by a few people at the top. Since the political and economic problems facing both the communities were identical, it was easier to bring both the communities on a common platform, provided there was a proper approach.

GANDHIJI'S REPLY TO ZETLAND.

Mr. S. K. Patil, the General Secretary of the B.P.C.C. in proposing Mr. Brelvi to the chair said that the problem of the minorities had been exploited and exploited badly by those opposed to India's aspirations. Lord Zetland in his recent statement tried to take advantage of the minority problem in India and said that the Governor's powers would be used to protect the minorities and that was the reason why Governors had refused to give assurances to the Congress leaders. Mahatma Gandhi had given a statesmanlike reply to the Secretary of State.

THE REAL ISSUE.

Mr. Brelvi then introduced the speaker of the evening to the audience.

Dr. Hamid Kazi in the course of his speech said that the problem of the minorities was a most important problem that was facing Indians to-day. The speaker referred to the present political crisis in the country, namely, the Congress majorities refusing to form ministries and said that the Government blamed the Congress for it while the Congress blamed the Government. It was essential to study the whole thing in a dispassionate way and understand the situation.

Many of those who had taken part in the constitutional controversy forgot the salient point that India was not free, when they discussed Parliamentary practice etc. What they talked of was alright in a free country and same test could not be applied to India. It was true that majority parties accepted office in a free country, but here in India, the Governors were not prepared to give assurance to Congress leaders that they would not interfere even in implementing a very mild programme. Lord Zetland in the course of his speech had talked in terms of the Britishers being the protectors of the interests of minorities. The speaker said that he was speaking on behalf of the Muslim masses when he declared that the interests of the minorities were safer in the hands of Mahatma Gandhi and Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru, than in the hands of those who came from thousands of miles away.

COMMON CULTURE.

The Doctor said that it could be scientifically proved that only 25 per cent. of the Mussalmans in India came from outside India and the rest were Hindus who had embraced Islam. Hence the blood running in the veins of Hindus and Mussalmans was the same. Their culture was the same. Though their religions might be different, they had evolved during the last 700 years and more a common culture, architecture and music. Hence it would be wrong to say that Hindus and Muslims were two different nations. Politically and economically the conditions of both were same and he did not agree with Mr. Jinnah that they were two different nations.

Though both these communities had lived together, it was only during the last 200 years that trouble was sought to be caused between them. The speaker criticised Mr. M. A. Jinnah for the attitude he had taken up so far as the Congress was concerned. Communalism and separate electorates were the greatest bane of India and so long as separate electorates existed, the poison would continue to spread. The speaker appealed to the Hindu and the Muslim leaders to tackle the problem in a true national spirit and the present political situation in the country had offered a very psychological opportunity of solving the question.

ONLY POLITICAL ORGANISATION

In conclusion the speaker appealed to the Muslims in the country to join the Congress, as that was the only political organisation in India which fought for the freedom of the country as a whole. All the political-cum-communal organisation should be abolished and every Indian should join hands to win freedom for the country and that could be effectively done only under the banner of the Indian National Congress.

GANDHIJI'S ACHIEVEMENT.

Mr. S. A. Brelvi in winding up the proceedings said that the question before the country to-day was not one of legal or constitutional technicalities but whether India was for complete Independence or not. Gandhiji had brought about a wonderful compromise on the question of offices and Lord Zetland's statement exploiting the communal question had proved the justification of the attitude that the Congress had taken up at the advice of Mahatma Gandhi. It was because such a situation was anticipated that Gandhiji advised the Congress to demand assurances.

ISLAM AND NATIONAL FREEDOM

Continuing Mr. Brelvi said that it was the duty of every Indian, to whatever community he might belong to, to fall in line with the Congress and fight shoulder to shoulder for achieving India's freedom. Islam enjoined on every Muslim to fight for the freedom of his country. The Muslim League had never truly striven towards that end. No doubt it passed resolution but when the real hour of trial came, Mr. Jinnah, its permanent President and other leaders, kept away from the struggle which demanded sacrifices. If the Mussalmans had any other political organisations through which freedom's struggle could be carried on as it was by the Congress then they were welcome to join such organisation. But he claimed that there was no other organisation in the country, besides the Indian National Congress, carrying on the struggle towards that end. The Muslim and the Hindu interests were the same so far as political and economic problems were concerned. If the Mussalmans wanted to be true to their religion and the country they belonged to, they should immediately join the Indian National Congress which, as Mahatmaji's latest statement showed, would always protect the interests of minorities as it had always done in the past.

CONGRESSMEN'S DUTY

The speaker appealed to his fellow-Congress workers to get into closer contact with the Muslim masses, who were being misguided. The heart of the Muslim community was sound, said Mr. Brelvi, and what was required was a proper approach. The Muslims had their apprehensions about the majority communities and if the Hindu were to be in the position that Muslims were to-day, he was sure that they also would have had similar apprehensions. He did not justify these apprehensions which, in his view, were baseless but they existed because the communalists leaders fostered them and the Congress propaganda had not been carried on among the Muslim masses as intensively and vigorously as it should have been As he said before the minds of Muslim masses had been poisoned by a few people at the top and it would not be very difficult to get them into the Congress if Congress workers approached the problem with greater interest than heretofore.

OPTIMISTIC NOTE.

Mr Nagindas Master moved a vote of thanks to the speaker of the evening as also the Chairman and said that he was happy to note that the day was not far off when Hindus and Muslims would fight the country's battle shoulder to shoulder.

U. P. CABINET'S ARGUMENT

Why They Accepted Office When Congress Said "No" To Governor

LUCKNOW: April 12.

The following statement has been issued by the United Provinces Council of Ministers:—

The Congress Party in the U. P. Legislature met on Sunday and passed several resolutions approving of the decision taken by its leader not to form a Ministry in these Provinces, condemning the action of the Governor in appointing a minority Ministry and denouncing us in unmistakable terms. We are charged with having betrayed the real interests of the country, shown utter want of self-respect and common decency and degraded public life in India. It is further stated that any act of ours would be clear usurpation. The meeting also criticised the Governor and the Ministry for not convening a meeting of the Legislature immediately.

CABINET'S STATEMENT

These charges necessarily demand a clear and unequivocal statement from us. The Congress went to the electorate with a definite programme, which forms part of the manifesto issued at the time. This programme was amplified by various Congress candidates and other in the course of their election speeches. The Congress has secured an absolute majority in the Legislature. The A.I.C.C. decided in favour of office acceptance, subject to certain conditions. The leader of the Congress Party was invited by the Governor to form a Ministry but he expressed his inability to do so, falling an assurance from the Governor that he would not exercise his special powers. It has since been explained that it was not the intention of the Congress to secure abrogation of the Constitution in any sense. That is to say, the Congress believed among other things that the constructive part of its programme could be worked within the four corners of the Constitution. Nevertheless the Congress has refused to accept office.—A. P

DEMAND FOR MINIMUM WAGE

Municipal Workers' Appeal To City Corporators

BOMBAY, Monday.

The Secretary writes:—

A large meeting of the Municipal Workers was held on Sunday last under the auspices of the Municipal Workers' Union. Mr. Zabhavala, the President of the Union was in the chair. The following resolutions were unanimously adopted:—

"This meeting while heartily congratulating some of the Municipal Corporators for their support of the Union's demand for Minimum Living Wage of Rs. 30, made repeatedly to the Municipal Corporation for years past, strongly condemns the action of the Municipal Commissioner in calling the scheme fantastic on the ground of impracticability and calls upon the Municipal Corporators, that while the Union reiterates its demand for Minimum Living Wage at Rs. 30 for all who are called menials, untouchables, mahars, etc., they should forthwith sanction the above demand on lines that will be mutually agreed upon, between the Union and the Corporation."

"This meeting urgently draws attention of all the Municipal Corporators to the disgraceful housing conditions of workers at Asphalt Department at Worli and also of other employees, especially in the Roads and Health Department of the Municipality and demands, housing facilities from the Municipality as well as Government as a matter of right for the workers as in Urbs Prima Indis they have a claim to be sheltered in decent houses."

Mr. R. S. Nimbkar, the General Secretary of the Union then addressed the meeting and announced the date of the annual general meeting as 22nd of April, 1937. Miss Maniben Mulji, V. B. Karnik, V. G. Nimbkar were also present at the meeting.

GARTER FOR BALDWIN

When Stanley Baldwin leaves Downing Street, after the Coronation, "News Review" learns, he will receive the Order of the Garter, as a mark of special favour from King George VI.

He will be the only Commoner to possess this honour, which was held during his lifetime by Sir Austen Chamberlain who received it for negotiating the Locarno Treaty.

GANDHI SEVA SANGH

Mahatma To Arrive At Hudli On Friday

(From Our Correspondent)

BELGAUM, April 2.

Preparations for the meeting of the Gandhi Seva Sangh at Hubli are almost complete. Babu Rajendra Prasad is reaching on 15th inst. Mahatmaji reaches on 16th by Bangalore Mail. Sardar Vallabhbhai, Seth Jamnalal Bajaj and Mr. Profui a Ghosh, Mrs. Perin Captain and other leaders have sent intimations of attending the meeting.

April 16, 17 and 18 will be occupied by the Sangha. Functions open to public will begin only from the 19th.

Exhibition will be opened by Babu Rajendra Prasad on 19th morning and Gandhiji may address the public the same evening.

The Railway Company has arranged for cheap return tickets and is stopping all trains at Suldhal from 14th onwards.

MOTION IN PUNJAB COUNCIL

President Grants Leave Despite Government Objection

LAHORE, April 12.

In the Punjab Assembly this morning, leave was granted to Mr. K. L. Gauba to move an adjournment motion to discuss an urgent matter, namely, the statement made by Lord Zetland in the House of Lords.

The Advocate-General, Dewan Ramlal, objected on the ground that the matter was not primarily the concern of this Provincial Government and, as such, was not discussable on an adjournment motion

Mr. Chaudhari Krishnagopal Dutt, Congress, pointed out that Lord Zetland dealt in the course of his speech with a matter which was essentially provincial, hence Dewan Ramlal's objection did not apply.

The Premier, Sir Sikandar Hyat Khan, supported Dewan Ramlal's view.

Mr. Gauba contended that Lord Zetland's statement covered nothing else but Provincial Autonomy as adumbrated in the Government of India Act, hence the adjournment motion was in order.

The President, upholding this view, put the motion for leave to the House and, sufficient support being forthcoming, fixed the motion for consideration after to-day's business was finished.

In reply to a short notice question, Sir Sunder Singh Majithia, said that the Jagir of Sardar Sardul Singh Caveeshar was confiscated on the ground that he was sentenced to six months' rigorous imprisonment and a fine of Rs. 500 in connection with participation in a political movement.

Replying to a volley of supplementary questions, Sir Sunder Singh added that the order was passed a long time previously and not by the present Government.—A. P.

DIGAMBAR JAINS IN CONFERENCE

JUBBULPORE, April 12.

The 13th session of the All-India Digamber Jain Parishad was held at Satna last night under the auspices of the Digamber Jain Community of Satna, Mr. Lalchand Jain, Advocate of Rohtak, presiding.

In the course of his presidential address Mr. Lalchand Jain laid stress on the eradication of the existing evil social customs and appealed to the Maharaja of Gwalior to do justice for Jains in the Mehgaon case where the Jain Tirthankaras idols were desecrated.

Among those present at the Parishad session were Shrimati Lekhawati Jain, Mr. Padmaraj Jain, Mr. Jamnaprasad, Prof. Hiralal, Mr. Ajit Prasad, Advocate and others.

The Maharaja of Rewa addresses a Jains' gathering to-morrow when a viman procession will also be taken out.—United Press.

BRITISH PARLEYS WITH FRANCO

For Non-Interference Assurance For Ships To Bilbao

HENDAYE, April 12.

It is learned unofficially that the British Commercial Attache isl going to Burgos to-morrow to negotiate regarding the British food ships.

It is suggested that the British Government will try to obain an assurance from Gen. Franco that he will not interfere with the present group of ships proceeding to Bilbao in return for a promise that no more foodships will be sent.

Meanwhile a cargo of 1,500 tons of potatoes abroad the vessel "Mary Llewellyn" is beginning to go bad and may be sold by auction at Bayonne —Reuter.

SPANISH GOVT. FORCES ADVANCE

Progress In Agnera Sector

SANTANDER, April 12.

There is little activity on the Basque Front. In the Asturias, however, Government claim a mile and a half advance in the Aguera sector.—Reuter.

HEAVY GOVT. CASULTIES

Insurgeants' Claim

SALAMANCA, April 12.

Three thousand Government troops were killed in yesterdays fighting in Madrid, according to an insurgent communique.—Reuter.

"HOOD" ARRIVES NEAR BILBAO

ST JEAN DE LUZ, April 12

It is announced at Bilbao that the "Hood" arrived off the port this afternoon.—Reuter.

MORE REGIMENTS FOR WAZIRISTAN

RAWALPINDI: April 12.

An indication of the serious view taken by the military authorities in Waziristan of the recent developments in that area is provided by the fact that two regiments of the second brigade in Rawalpindi are leaving for Waziristan. They are the 2/4 Bombay Grenadiers and the 2/8 Pnujab Regiment. The Hampshire Regiment also of the second brigade, is however, staying here for the present.—A. P.

TRIBAL CASUALTIES ON FRONTIER

NEW DELHI, April 12

There is very little further information available regarding the attack on the convoy in Shahur Tangi on April 9. The hostile Lashkar numbered 200 at its greatest strength and is reported to have lost 30 killed and wounded. Mahsuds as a whole are said to be openly condemning the incident and there is no sign at present of any section of them becoming hostile.

Spinwam Post was heavily sniped on the night of April 10th-11th and a bridge in the vicinity was damaged.—A. P.

FRONTIER HOLD UP TRAGEDY

RAWALPINDI, April 12.

According to a report received from Kohat, Janatgul, an influential Khan of the Trans-Frontier Area, near Kalakhel, and two relatives were killed by a rival faction in a fight.

Another report, received from Tal states that bandits waylaid and attacked a lorry full of passengers between Tal and Spinwam on the Kohat Pass Road. The passengers put up a brave fight, but four of them were killed and several others wounded. The dacoits made off with all the luggage and valuables of the passengers.

This incident, it is known, has no relation to the tribal hostilities in the Waziristan area.—A.P.

English Soccer Team

LONDON, April 12.

Following is the English Soccer Team against Scotland for the match to be played on 17th April

Woodley (Chelsea), Male, Barkas, Britton, Young, Bray, Matthews (Stoke), Carter (Sunderland) Steele (Stoke), Starling (Aston-villa), Johnson (Stoke).—Reuter's Special.

The second Madras Provincial Excluded and Partially Excluded areas' Conference will be held at Bhadrachalam on April 9 under the presidentship of Dr. Pattabhi Seetharamiya.

Cabinet Meets On Sunday

LONDON, April 11.

THE CABINET TO-DAY HELD ONE OF ITS RARE SURPRISE SUNDAY MEETINGS BEING ATTENDED BY ALL MEMBERS EXCEPT VISCOUNT SWINTON.

IT IS UNDERSTOOD THAT THE CABINET DISCUSSED THE DIFFICULT SITUATION THAT HAS ARISEN OVER THE PROTECTION OF BRITISH MERCHANT SHIPPING ROUND SPAIN.

"Hood's" departure to the Bilbao neighbourhood has given rise to much conjecture in London over the week-end when it was also confirmed that the British Government had advised four British cargo ships carrying food to Bilbao to temporarily enter the French territorial waters pending consideration of special attention of Bilbao littoral where the insurgents warships have instituted a blockade.

It is understood that the Cabinet to-night has formulated instructions for the masters of these ships.—Reuter.

BRITISH REPLY TO SPANISH GOVT.

No Reference Made To Spanish Offer Of Concession

LONDON, April 11.

The British Government have published the note sent on March 20 to the Spanish Government in reply to the Spanish Note of February 2 which the insurgents published from Salamanca on March 17.

The Spanish note was alleged to have offered Britain and France certain connections in Morocco in return for help.

The British reply does not mention Morocco and says British Government desire to do everything possible to shorten the conflict. Cessation of foreign intervention has been their guiding principle.

The note further says that the termination of the present troubles will find Spanish Government faced with serious problems, external and internal. The British Government are convinced that it is in the best interests of Spain that the British Government should confine efforts to securing as completely as possible non-interference of foreign countries in the Spanish conflict.

The British Government cannot but feel that the other problems to which Senor Delvayo refers should await return of peaceful conditions in Spain.—Reuter.

FRENCH REPLY TO SPANISH GOVT.

North African Problem Cannot Be Solved At Present

PARIS, Avril 11.

The French Government reply to the Spanish note of February 9, which has been published, is on similar lines of the British reply, but adds:

"The French Government have noted that the Spanish Government considered the possibility of settlement on the political plan particularly concerning north Africa.

The French Government can only point out that if problems of this nature should be brought forward on the initiative of the Spanish Government examination thereof could not be usefully undertaken until order is re-established in Spain. The solution could only be reached in conformity with agreements already in force which have for many years bound France and Spanish Morocco."-Reuter.

Breach Of Copyright By Radio Music

HIGH COURT INJUNCTION AGAINST RESTAURANT PROPRIETOR

A point of great importance to proprietors of restaurants and other places of public entertainment was decided by Mr. Justice Kania at the Bombay High Court.

His lordship held that when a piece of music was played on a radio set installed in such a place of public resort without the permission of the person who holds the copyright in that music, it amounts to a breach of copyright.

LEGAL POSITION.

The Broadcasting company in such a case, in his lordship's opinion, could not be held to have committed breach of copyright, because the operations in the broadcasting studio did not amount to a public performance of the music, but only to a manipulation of the mechanical appliance so as to produce certain conditions relating to sound. And the waves so produced were turned into music by the apparatus which formed part of the radio set. The breach of copyright, therefore, occurred at the place where the radio set was installed.

HARDSHIP ON HOTEL PROPRIETORS.

His lordship further remarked that such a position of law might inflict hardships on proprietors of hotels and other places of public entertainment who, after securing the licence for installing a radio set, do not realise the duty and necessity of securing permission to play the music which is on the programme of the broadcasting company.

This was the decision given by his lordship in the suit filed by the Performing Rights Society to get an injunction to restrain the Dadar Highkalami Restaurant from playing on the radio set installed in the restaurant a song in which the plaintiff Society had the copyright.

His lordship held that the defendants were guilty of a breach of copyright and granted an injunction.

Giri To Resign From Central Assembly

MADRAS, April 12.

Mr. V. V. Giri, member of the Indian Legislative Assembly, has decided to resign his seat from it. He will send his resignation letter to-morrow to His Excellency the Governor-General.—United Press.

GIRI TO MEET MUDIE

MADRAS, April 12.

Mr. V. V. Giri has received a wire from Mr. R. N. Mudie, I.C.S., Special Officer to the Government of India appointed in connection with the framing of rules for the proposed Statutory Railway Authority, requesting the former to meet him in Calcutta on April 15 with reference to an enquiry into the allegation made by the President of the Bengal Nagpur Railway Labour Union against the B. N. Railway administration in the matter of implementing the terms of settlement of the B. N. Railway dispute.

Mr. Giri will leave Madras tomorrow for Calcutta.—United Press.

Lala Shankarlal In Harness Again

(From Our Correspondent)

NEW DELHI, April 12.

Lala Shankerlal lately member A.I.C.C. and prominent Congress leader of Delhi made public appearance this evening for the first time since his retirement from active politics in 1932 in a public meeting held in connection with the National Week.

The meeting was presided over by Maulana Nuruddin Behari.

CAPITULATIONS MUST GO

Egyptian Claim At Montreaux Conference

LONDON, April 12.

The Egyptian Capitulation Conference, at which Egypt hopes to obtain abolition of the special legal privileges for foreigners, is being opened here this afternoon by M. Motta, the President of the Swiss Confederation. All the Capitulatory Powers are represented: namely, Britain, Belgium, Denmark, France, Greece, Italy, Netherlands, Norway, Portugal, Spain, Sweden, the United States, the Irish Free State, and South Africa.

The other dominions are not represented.

The Egyptian delegation is headed by the Premier, Nahas Pasha, the Egyptian claim at the Conference will be right to unrestricted exercise of her Sovereign Rights and that in effect foreigners shall submit to the same treatment as her own Nationals both in regard to justice and taxation. She will also seek abolition of the Consular Tribunals and mixed Courts.—Reuter.

To Increase Sales Use "Chronicle"

'Congress Has Dealt A Blow To British Imperialism'

Reginald Bridgeman Says Unity Is Essential For India's Freedom

(From Our Correspondent)

DOHAD, April 11.

Mr. Reginald Bridgeman, International Secretary of the League against Imperialism, London, has sent the following letter to Mr. Kamalashanker Pandya, in connection with the Provincial Gujerat Congress Socialist Conference to be held at Dohad on 24 and 25 April, 1937.

"On this memorable day when the whole of India is observing a Hartal in protest against the imposition of the New Constitution by British Imperialism in defiance of its rejection by the Indian people the opportunity you give me of sending a message to your Conference is especially appropriate.

It is true to say that the completeness of the Congress victories at the recent provincial elections had a stunning effect in Britain, and that the heavy vote by a restricted electorate to abolish the constitution has dealt a blow against British Imperialism.

I would like to offer my hearty congratulations to all those comrades of the Congress Socialist Party who took part in the election compaign, on the unity of front which was achieved at the elections. The removal of foreign control is the primary consideration and to bring this about the preservation of the unity which the Congress has succeeded in establishing is indespensible.

NEED FOR UNITY

We see this need for unity on all the fronts of social struggle to-day. We, in Britain, where unity has not been achieved, realise how great are the difficulties in the way. In China we note the very big sacrifices which the Chinese Soviets are prepared to make in order to permit a national unity to be established with the Kuomintang Party for the defence of China against Japanese aggression.

It is with regard to the questioned colonial freedom that unity is almost important because in Britain we find large sections of the people are prepared to endeavour to negotiate agreement with Hitler on the basis of sharing colonies with him or transferring mandate to him, when is known that the colonial peoples themselves are wholly opposed to being handed over to a Fascist Power which bases its rule on racialist theories.

We have just read of the arrest of Jaiprakash Narain. We deplore this and will do all we can to secure his release. Please keep us as fully informed as possible of the developments in India under the New Constitution. It must be understood that in future under the New Constitution it will no longer be possible to raise Indian questions in the British Parliament in the way which has hitherto been done.

No doubt, however, we shall be able to make certain enquiries through the High Commissioner for India in London, to which it will be possible to give publicity. In this way your struggle will be helped."

RAILWAY MUSLIM EMPLOYEES

Move To Merge Their Association With Anglo-Indian's!

NEW DELHI, April 12.

It is understood there is a move afoot to merge the All-India Railway Moslem Employees Association and All-India Railway Anglo-Indian and Domiciled European Association. A proposal to this effect is being considered to overcome the difficulty of securing recognition thereof by the Government which has been hitherto refused on the ground that each of them represents interests of particular community. It is believed all preliminaries in this connerion have been settled and Doctor Ziauddin and other representatives of the Moslem Association are meeting Sir Henry Gidney and others on 25th instant at Calcutta to settle the details. It is not intended to set up this joint organisation as a parallel body to the existing Railway Labour Organisations.—A. P.

PROGRESS OF HARIJAN UPLIFT

Mr. Thakkar To Undertake Extensive Tour

JUBBULPORE, April 12.

Mr. Amritlal V. Thakkar, the President of the All-India Harijan Sewak Sangh, has decided to undertake an extensive tour of Mahakoshal to inspect the progress of the work of the Harijan uplift movement in the province.

Mr. Thakkar is expected to arrive here on April 16 and tour in the province for full one month, that is, till May 15 next.

After the historical tour of Mahatma Gandhi, it is the second important and extensive tour which Mr. Thakkar is undertaking to promote the cause of the Harijan uplift movement.—United Press.

Communal Clash In Basti

LUCKNOW, April 12.

An official communique has been issued in connection with the communal riot in Basti district, stating, inter alia,:—

There was a communal clash at Hardi village in Khalilabad Tehsil of Basti district at 1/45 p.m. on the 9th of April. Immediately on receipt of telegraphic information, the District Magistrate and Superintendent of Police proceeded to the spot. They reached the scene a few minutes after 3 p.m. and found all quiet. The Hindus who were said by the District Magistrate to be the aggressors, had run away and the Muslims also had left the village, leaving behind the injured. The District Magistrate and the Superintendent of Police inspected all the houses that had been burnt, examined the injured. The situation is again calm and the District authorities have taken proper steps to see that there is no recurrence of the trouble. Police are investigating the matter and a case under section 147/436 of the I.P.C. has been registered.—A.P.

CHRONICLE ADLETS

Always Have A Strong Pull.

NEW MINISTER FOR VICEROY

Omnibus Portfolio Of Communications To Be Created

NEW DELHI, April 12.

The Associated Press understands that the decision of the Governor-General-in-Council on the question of the redistribution of portfolios of the Cabinet will be announced shortly. The necessity of grouping all the sections in the secretariat dealing with communications under one department dealing with such subjects at Railways, Post and Telegraphs, Civil Aviation, Broadcasting, Roads, etc. under one member of the Governor Generals executive council has been practically settled. The Commerce portfolio will be separated from Railways and joined with the industry and the new Commerce and Industry department will deal with all subjects other than communication.

LONG-STANDING DEMAND.

It may be recalled that in replying to question asked by Sir Homi Mody in the Legislative Assembly, Sir George Schuster stated that the Government of India recognised the necessity of having one department of Government dealing with all questions relating to communications and that effect would be given to the suggested reform as soon as a suitable opportunity occurred. At the two sessions of the Associated Chambers of Commerce in 1934 and 1936 the question of creating a ministry for Communications was strongly urged by the commercial community and the opinion publicly eypressed was unanimous except on the question relating to the inland water transport and coastal shipping The question of cost in giving effect to this administrative change involved in the creation of a new department was pointedly drawn by the Punjab Chamber of Commerce which definitely held the view that no extra cost should be involved in the creation of the new department and that it should not be topheavy.

TWO POINTS-OF-VIEW.

It may be remembered that the question was examined from all points of view at the conference which took place at Delhi an December 20, 1935 between representatives of the Government of India, Port Trusts, Associated Chambers of Commerce, Federation of Indian Chambers of Commerce and Industry and Shipping companies. On December 12, 1936, the Associated Chambers of Commerce unanimously passed the following resolution: "That the the creation of a department of communications in the Central Government be expedited, such a department to include Railways, Roads, Civil Aviation and Posts and Telegraphs but to exclude inland water transport and coastal shipping which should be included in the portfolio of the member for commerce."

The Punjab Chamber demurred on the question of excluding the inland water transport and coastal shipping from the new portfolio. It is not known what will be the final decision of the Government of India but it is believed whatever changes are made in redistribution of portfolios in will come into effect from next October.—A. P.

GHATKOPAR STRIKE SITUATION

The Publicity Department of the Workers' Defence League has issued the following statement:—

"About three hundred workers of the Hattersley Mills at Ghatkopar have gone on strike since the last six days. The cause of the strike was an all round wage cut of 25 per cent effected by the employers some time ago and a reduction of piece-rate in one of the departments effected last week.

Mr. N. V. Phadke of the Servants of India Society and Mr. M. S. Bakshi of Bombay are conducting the strike. On Thursday last a huge procession of men and women strikers marched upto the Mill and presented their demands to the manager who has subsequently declared a lock-out for an indefinite period.

Another big procession paraded the streets of Ghatkopar on Saturday. The usual working class slogans that were loudly in evidence were a new thing at Ghatkopar which is largely inhabited by big capitalists. The appropriate slogans, therefore, excited considerable public interest.

Meetings of strikers are being held almost every day.

Pole-Vault Record

LONDON, April 12.

Bill Sefton has created a world pole-vault record with 14 foot 7 3/8 inches. The previous record was held by George Varoff with 14/8 and ½ inches.—Reuter's Special.

TRIBUTE TO CONGRESS STRENGTH

Christian Leader Hopes For A Settlement With Viceroy

MADRAS, April 12.

"The electorate has returned one party in such a large majority and, consequently, the strength of other parties has dwindled to such an extent that they cannot offer opposition to the party in power," observed Mr. B. E. Devraj, presiding over the second conference of Indian Christians of South India, which opened in Madras to-day. "But," Mr. Devraj continued, "it is a matter for deep regret that the majority could not accept office and work the constitution. We are told that our friends and well-wishers, both here and elsewhere, are taking steps to get the Congress leaders to discuss the situation with the Viceroy so that agreement may be reached in respect of the present difficulty. So let us hope that the Congress will yet accept office and will work the constitution to extract the best from it for the electorate which has returned them to power."

Mr. Devraj continued that they were as anxious as the most patriotic of their countrymen that this great land should march forward towards freedom and self-government at an early date.

"As much as we should like to join the Congress to reach this goal, we find the door to that body shut against us by its present policy of "wreck the reforms," so we are compelled to remain outside it. Yet, because we love our country, we are bound to extend our hearty co-operation to them in all nation-building schemes."—A.P.

THE ONLY LIBERAL SPEAKS

Mahajani Says Ministry Must Abide By Verdict Of Legislature

POONA: April 11.

"The present Bombay Ministry may not be aminority ministry", observed Mr G. S. Mahajani, the only Liberal in the Bombay Council, speaking at a meeting held to congratulate him. He thought that the actual programme formulated might bring over Congressmen. He added that the first duty of the Ministry was to convene the legislature, face it and abide by its verdict.—A. P.

"UNDEMOCRATIC AND UNPATRIOTIC"

Interim Ministry In C. P. Condemned At Public Meeting

WARDHAGANJ: April 12.

A mass meeting under Mr. Chudwale's presidentship protested against the formation of interim ministry in the C. P. and condemned the undemocratic and unpatriotic action of ministry and passed a no-confidence resolution in the Central Provinces and Berar Ministry. The resolution also called upon the Governor to convene immediately the Assembly to take verdict of the electorate.—A. P

RAJAH EXPLAINS WHY HE JOINED MINISTRY

Called To Duty When Asked To Accept A Portfolio

OOTACAMUND: April 12.

"Constitutional questions are not within the immediate purview of the scheduled classes. They are prepared to co-operate with whatever party will advance their happiness," observes Mr. M. C. Rajah, Development Minister, in a lengthy statement explaining why he accepted a place in the Council of Ministers.

Mahatma Gandhi, he adds, had told more than one Harijan leader that the Harijans could not afford, being a weak community, to fight the Constitution. Gandhiji also advised him and his community not to identify themselves with any party in the elections. Mr. Rajah says that his interest is in ameliorative measures inclining to educational facilities for the poor classes. He stood pledged to the electorate to secure these benefits and felt he was called to duty when he was sent for and asked if he would accept a portfolio in the Cabinet. He did not mind how long this opportunity would last.

He adds that his co-operation with the Congress has been mainly on social lines and inspired by social ideals. He looked upon his present position as affording a special opportunity to promote active goodwill and mutual understanding between parties.—A. P.

CITY SLUM CLEARANCE

Commissioner's "Less Expensive" Scheme Adopted

The question of removing slums in the the city was discussed by the Municipal Corporation on Monday and finally approved as recommended by the Municipal Commissioner.

The Commissioner in submitting his report on the question pointed out that there were two ways in which the question of slum clearance could be dealt with. One of them was wholesale acquisition and demolition which the ex-Improvement Trust had followed for the improvement of the City. He pointed out that this method would be very costly, take a long time to improve a locality, and was likely to create a great deal of disturbance and that moreover the Municipality would have to provide accommodation for the dishoused class tenants, which would entail further loss.

LESS EXPENSIVE METHOD.

He was, therefore, of opinion that the Corporation would be well advised to adopt some easier and less expensive method and that was of acquiring such houses or parts thereof as obstructed the free flow of air and interfered with light and air of the neighbouring tenants. He suggested that if the Corporation approved of the latter method the Municipal Act would have to be suitably amended and it would then be possible to place some staff on special duty to investigate the question of the removal of the slums in the City and prepare definite schemes in the matter.

Mr. M. A. Karanjawala proposed to approve of the recommendation of the Municipal Commissioner.

Mr. K. F. Nariman urged the Commissioner to speed up the programme of slum clearance, which the latter assured the house to do. The Commissioner's recommendation was agreed to.

EAST AND WEST INSURANCE CO.

Dr. Pattabhi Opens Ahmedabad Branch

The East and West Insurance Co., Ltd. of Bombay celebrated the opening ceremony of its new branch at Ahmedabad on the 5th April. The function was held at the office premises, where a large gathering of prominent men and women of all classes, communities and parties were present.

Dr. Pattabhi Sitaramaya among loud cheers from the guests was voted to the chair Mr. L. P. Acharya, Secretary of the Company's branch at Ahmedabad opening the proceedings referred to the remarkable progress of the company and read the following message from the Managing Director of the Company: "On this occasion of the opening of the Ahmedabad Branch Office, I desire to convey to those present the cordial greetings of my colleagues on the Board and of myself and our appreciation to the interest shown by your presence in the efforts of the East and West Insurance Co."

After the speech of the Branch Secretary Dr. Pattabhi Sitaramaya addressed the gathering. He said: Insurance is one of those ways to help young men, when the problem of unemployment is staring in the face of all young men. Once a young man came to me for an employment of Rs. 20. I asked him to go back to his friend who is an insurance man and ask his help. A year had passed and I happened to see him, I asked him—it was near a railway station—"Look here, there is a job vacant, it is a nice job, it carries 45 rupees and I have kept it reserved for you." He replied, "No, sir," but why? I asked. "I'm carrying on some business, and I hope I can earn more." So, by this way, if we try to make our young gentlemen take this line, I am sure the big problem of unemployment will be solved sooner or later.

The agents suffer much from the rules and regulations of the insurance companies. After trying a full year with all their might, what is there in store for them. The notices from the directors of the company that you are not introducing much business as we expect and so on. Then to make healthy proposals I have introduced in a company of which I am the director, a few reforms. Annually all proponents should be medically examined at the expense of the company. We also give the proponents the facility to examine themselves by any doctor, instead of one particular or companies appointed doctors.

After the president's concluding speech, Mr. L. P. Acharya, the Branch Secretary, thanked him for kindly consenting to preside over the function. Light refreshments were served to all present and the meeting terminated.

Does He Want To Make Aligarh Institution Of Jeehuzoors?

Doctor Hamied Replies To Professor Haleem And Asks Students To Protest Against His Speech

Interviewed by our representative regarding Professor Haleem's advice to the students of the Aligarh University, Dr. Hamid, M.L.C., Bombay, an Old Boy of the University and a member of the Court of the University, said:

"It was really a shock to read Mr. Haleem's speech to the students of the Aligarh Muslim University. For a man in Mr. Haleem's position to give such advice to the students is nothing but obnoxious.

Mr. Haleem seems to be living in a world of his own without contact with the world of realities. Does Mr. Haleem not know the trend of thought and activity of the students and the youth of the country in which Mr. Haleem lives? Is Mr. Haleem not aware of the activities of the students of Oxford and Cambridge and all other foreign and Indian Universities? Does Mr. Haleem want to make the Muslim University an isolated institution of Jeehoozurs?

STUDENTS AND FREEDOM

The teaching of and taking part in politics of the country is an integral part of the education of the youth. It is the young generation of every nation which is responsible for the advancement and uplift of their motherland. Is Mr. Haleem not aware of the role played by the students in Egypt for the freedom of their country and the part played and still being played by the students in Germany and Italy which has made these countries the two strongest powers in the world to-day? Every page of history tells us what role the students have played in shaping the political destinies of their country.

VICIOUS PROPAGANDA.

Mr. Haleem who is a professor of history is trying to teach the Aligarh students something misleading, harmful and entirely different to his own knowledge of World History. It is high time that such vicious propaganda among the studbents of Aligarh University by interested parties be at once put a stop to. The authorities of the University will never take any step to combat this propaganda. The Members of the Court who only meet once a year are hardly in a position to do anything in this connection. The responsibility, therefore, lies entirely on the students themselves. I believe the Aligarh students will not take this insulting advice of Mr. Haleem so lightly. They must make an effective protest and demonstration against him—a demonstration which will either compel Mr. Haleem to mend his ideas or to follow the advice he has himself given to the students, namely to leave the Aligarh University and seek employment in any of the other Universities in India, for which we shall all wish him good luck".

ARMS FIND ARREST

DACCA, April 12.

Two revolvers, a bomb and a number of live cartridges were found this morning in a house in Kagiitolla locality. The owner, whose movements in the last few months have been restricted by the authorities, was taken under arrest. No more houses were searched in this connection.—A. P.

Congress Enrollment In Full Swing

JUBBULPORE, April 12.

The campaign of enrolling preliminary Congress members is in full swing in the Jubbulpore district.

Mr. Saiyyed Ahmed, pleader, the well-known Congress worker of Mahakoshal is also working hard among the Muslims in inducing them to join and strengthen the Congress ranks.—United Press.

THE NEXT ELECTION CAMPAIGN!

Poona Congressmen Clebrate National Week

POONA: April 12.

The National Week is being utilised here for what is described as the next election campaign. Local Congress leaders are addressing meetings daily, exhorting their audiences to vote solidly for the Congress in the coming elections. Mr. N V Gadgil, M.L.A., speaking at a meeting, criticised the interim ministries and added that the democrats joining the non-Congress groups further displayed their deflection more towards British Imperialism. "This has been borne out by the fact that they have decided to carry on the King's Government rather than the people's Government.—A. P.

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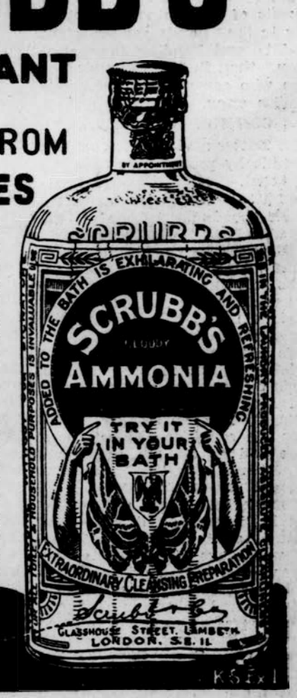

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J. P. KHAN SAHEB MEMORIAL

Appeal For Funds

(From Our Correspondent.)

SURAT, (By Mail).

The Managing Committee of the Sarvajanik Education Society Surat has appointed a Committee of influential citizens of Surat including friends, admirers and pupils of the late Rao Saheb J. P. Khan Saheb, with D. B. Chunilal M. Gandhi as Chairman and Mr. B. J. Akkad as Secretary, to raise a suitable memorial to the late Rao Saheb, in recognition of the many services which he had rendered to the cause of education in general, and to the Sarvajanik High School and Sarvajanik Education Society in particular. The appeal of the Committee has so far met with a ready response and over Rs. 3,000 has already been promised. The principal contributions are:—

Sheth Jagmohandas Jekisondas Kapadia, Rs. 251; D. B. Chunilal Manekial Gandhi, Rs. 101; Mr. Hiralal M. Khandwala, Rs. 101; Mr. Hirlal M. Mehta, Rs. 101; Mr. Kanchanlal M. Khandwala, Rs. 101; Mr. Chaitanyalal S. Thakkar, Rs. 101; Sheth Thakorbhai Nathubhai Jariwala, Rs. 101; Mr. Kanchanlal H. Mamawalal, Rs. 101; Sheth Abdul Husein Isabhai Faizullabhoy, Rs. 101; Sheth Kalidas Dwarkadas Bharatia, Rs. 101; Present pupils of the Sarvajanik High School, Rs. 315-9; Staff of the Sarvajanik High School, Rs. 168-8.

The committee is trying to collect Rs. 10,000. The friends and admirers of the late Rao Saheb Khan Saheb are, therefore, requested by the Committee to contribute their humble mite to the memorial fund.

MADRAS TOPS LIST

New Companies In December Last

NEW DELHI, (By Mail).

The Madras presidency had the largest share of new companies registered in December last, the latest month for which figures are available. With 35 out of 112 new enterprises Madras was ahead of Bengal where there were 33 new registrations, Bombay and Punjab having 11 each. The amount of capital invested was however larger in Bengal (147 lakhs) than in Madras (141½ lakhs).

Trading and manufacturing companies numbering 50 with a capital of 289 lakhs bulked largest among the new ventures, Banking, Loan and Insurance coming next with 31 having a capital of 111 lakhs. Eleven Banking and Loan companies came into being in Bengal and five in Madras.

The largest floatation in the month was the Cold Storage Company of India, Delhi, with an authorised capital of one crore.

Casualties were most numerous in Bengal where ten companies with a capital of 1.542 lakhs ceased to work out of total of 22 with capital 1.571 lakhs.

The aggregate authorised capital of the 112 new companies was 526 lakhs compared with 84 companies with 345 lakhs in the preceding month.—A. P.

GUJERAT SOCIALIST CONFERENCE

Office-Bearers Appointed

DOHAD, April 12.

At a meeting of the members of the Reception Committee of the Gujarat Socialist Conference Mr. Kamala Shankar Pandya, a member of the All-India Congress Committee was elected as the Chairman, of the Committee. Mr. Hiralal Shah was elected as the General Secretary, Messrs. Naval Kishore Parikh, Naginlal Girdharlal Shah as Joint Secretaries and Mr. Ramlal Sheth as captain of Volunteer corpse.

Elaborate preparations are being made in connection with the conference, which will be held on April 24th and 25th.

CONGRESS GROUP IN COUNCIL OF STATE

NEW DELHI, April 10.

The Hon'ble Mr B. N. Biyani, Secretary of the Congress Party in the Council of State, has issued the following statement to the press:—

"This is the first time that the Indian National Congress has officially put up its own candidates for the Council of State. Five members have been returned on behalf of Congress, two from Madras and one each from Bombay, Berar and Bengal. One member from the United Provinces has subsequently joined that party in the Council. The strength of the Congress Party in the Council of State is therefore 6. Owing to certain difficulties the Congress Group was not in its full strength in the Council of State during the Delhi session that just concluded.

Some of the important resolutions like those relating to the new Constitution of India and the people of the Indian States given notice of by the Congress members were disallowed, either by the President or the Governor-General and, therefore, questions of outstanding importance from the Congress standpoint could not be brought up for discussion by the Congress Party. An adjournment motion by a Congress member to discuss the Constitutional crisis created by the creation of interim ministries from minorities in six provinces, was disallowed by the President. An adjournment motion by the leader of the party to discuss the question of refusal of bail in a sedition case to the Secretary of the Party to enable him to attend the meeting of the Council of State was allowed by the President but leave of the House could not be obtained. Members of the Congress Party, participated in the debates relating to the Indianisation of the Army, Navy and Civil Administration and made it clear that the Congress stands for complete Indianisation and that the claim of the Congress rested on the right of the Indians to govern their own country.

REMISSIONS IN BARODA

Relief For Villages In Mehsana And Amreli

(From Our Correspondent.)

BARODA, April 9.

It is learnt that the Government of Baroda has granted remissions in land revenue to peasants upto the tune of 7½ lakhs rupees because of scarcity of rain and the winter frost and suspensions to the extent of 20 lakhs of rupees. Relief has been granted to a large number villages of Mehsana District and about 40 villages in Amreli District.

The students of Harijan Boarding House passed a condolence resolution for the demise of Rajratna Kisanji Kamle. He represented the depressed classes in the State Representative Assembly.

The tenth session of Bhil Kshatriya Reform League was held last week at village Choranda of Karjan taluka under the presidentship of Pandit Anandpriyaji. During these days the Jivadaya and Women's Conferences were also held.

Seva Samiti Boy Scouts Training

ALLAHABAD, April 11.

Mr. D. L. Ananda Rao, provincial organising commissioner, Seva Samiti Boy Scouts Association and Camp Director, the 9th Nirmala Vana Training Camp, writes:—

In continuation of the notice previously published about the Nirmal Vana Training Camp being held for the benefit of (1) scouts and (2) scouts from the 20th May to the 30th June, it is further notified that a girl guiders' training class will also be held during the same period. There will be separate arrangements for the accommodation and training of the women candidates under Mrs. Shanta Bai Gulvadi, Girl Guide Organiser of the Association. Intending candidates should apply to the Camp Director, Nirmal Vana Training Camp, 1, Katra Road, Allahabad, by the 30th April, after which no application will be entertained.

YOUTH TO HANG

Sequel To Stabbing Outrage

LAHORE, April 11.

The appeal filed on behalf of one Muslim youth named Sadique Hussein, an Ex-college student of Amritsar, who in broad day light stabbed one Sikh youth in Ktrakaram Singh Chowk, was dismissed and the death sentence passed on him by the Session Judge, Amritsar was confirmed by a division bench consisting of Justice Jai Lal and Mr Justice Bhide of Lahore High Court.

The facts as disclosed by the prosecution were that on July 30 last year the appellant stabbed S. Jawhar Singh in broad day light. The accused surrendered himself to the police to whom he stated that the motive of the murder was nothing but achieving martyrdom by killing an enemy of Islam.—United Press.

NO FRESH TAXATION IN BENGAL

CALCUTTA, April 12.

The announcement that it was not contemplated to impose any fresh taxation in the first Budget to be framed by the new ministry in Bengal was made by Mr. N. R. Sarkar, the Finance Minister in reply to a query in the course of a table talk with the members of the Journalists' Association last evening."

"I do not say" declared Mr. Sarkar "(that under the new Act we can do big things or that we shall be able to accomplish big things, but I do say this that within the limited scope of the Act, we can, if we so desire, to do much which will give strength to our people in their struggle for Swaraj."—United Press.

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Latest Commercial News

NEW YORK COTTON 4 POINTS DOWN

Silver Strong But Wheat Easy

BOMBAY, April 12.

On Monday crossrates ruled quiet.

UNDERTONE STEADY IN N. Y. COTTON.

New York Cotton opened very steady but thereafter prices declined on liquidation and hedge selling. The undertone was however steady.

SILVER FIRM.

London gold was unchanged but silver was firm

WHEAT QUIET.

Wheat was quiet in the absence of good business. Base metals were easy.

SECURITIES STEADY.

The London Stock Exchange was generally quiet in the absence of May important enquiry. Giltedged securities kept steady.

COTTON EXCHANGES

LATEST NEW YORK COTTON PRICES

MAY 1937

New York, April 12.

Previous closing	13.93
To-day's opening	13.97
Difference	plus 04
To-day's closing	13.89
Difference	—.04

LIVERPOOL COTTON

MAY 1937

Liverpool, April 12.

Previous closing	7.62
To-day's opening	7.65
Difference	plus 03
To-day's closing	7.58
Difference	—04

BROACH EXPECTATION

April May ..... Rs. 245-8

N. Y. COTTON MARKET

New York, April 12.

Cotton displayed decidedly better sentiment to-day following gradually wearing off of rumours in connection with the change in the Government gold policy while the absence of hedge pressure also kept the general level of prices steady.

Trading in May commenced at 13.97 i.e. 4 points higher than previous closing. Prices advanced on scattered buying and better Liverpool cables but soon after prices reacted on liquidation and foreign selling with May declining to 13.88 but the undertone kept steady.

New York Cotton finally closed at 13.89 with a decline of 4 points.

NEW YORK COTTON

New York, April 12.

The following were the opening ranges:—

May (13.98/13.97) 13.97/13.96
July (13.84/13.83) 13.86/13.85
October (13.40/13.38) 13.43/13.41

LIVERPOOL COTTON

Liverpool, April 12

The following were the rates at 12-15 p.m.:—

American May (7.62) 7.66
American July (7.66) 7.71
Egyptian March (11.65) 11.84
Egyptian May (11.75) 11.90

BROACH COTTON

Bombay, April 12.

Broach cotton for July-August delivery moved between Rs. 251-8 and Rs. 249-12 at night. The closing rate at 10 p.m. was Rs. 249-12. Broach April-May delivery was Rs. 4-8.

LONDON MARKETS

London, April 12.

The rates at 3-30 p.m were as follows:—

TEA

Indian Pekoe (1-2) 1-2
Indian Pekoe higher (1-2 3/4) 1-2 3/4
Ceylon Pekoe (1-2 3/4) 1-2 3/4
Ceylon Pekoe higher (2-4 1/2) 2-4 1/2

JUTE

New Crop April May (£21 5/8 sellers) £21 3/8 sellers.
Dunlop April (£23 1/4 sellers) £23 1/4 sellers.
Lightning April (£20 3/4 sellers) £20 3/4 sellers

RUBBER

Spot (12 1/16 value) 11 11/16 buyers.
Forward July September (12 1/4 paid and value) 11 15/16 paid and sellers.

LINSEED

Castorseed Bombay April May (£14 1/2 sellers) £14 1/2 sellers
Linseed Calcutta April May (£15 1/4 sellers) £15 1/4 sellers
Linseed La Plata April May (£13 3/8) sellers) £13 3/8 sellers
Groundnuts Coromandal April May (£15 3/4 sellers) £15 3/4 sellers,

LIVERPOOL WHEAT

Liverpool, April 12.

Liverpool wheat opened steady with May at 123 3/4 and July 122 3/4. The market was fairly active on steadier outside cables but prices moved in a narrow margin with not much business passing. However the undertone kept steady.

CHICAGO WHEAT

Chicago, April 12.

Chicago wheat opened quiet with July at 1.25 1/2. Prices eased on commission house selling and liquidation as a result of lower outside cables

BROWN BOLD LINSEED

(Through Bombay Grains and Seeds' Association.)

Delivery May 1937

	Rs. a. p.
Rates at 11-0 a.m.	8 5 6
Rates at 12-0 noon	8 5 6
Rates at 3-0 p.m.	payment
Rates at 5-0 p.m.	8 5 3

EXCHANGES

LONDON-NEW YORK CROSS RATES

Latest Quotations

T. T. NEW YORK ON LONDON

New York, April 12.

Previous closing	4.90 5/32
To-day's opening	4.90 3/32
To-day's closing	4.90 1/16

T. T. LONDON ON NEW YORK

London, April 12.

Previous closing	4.90.05
To-day's opening	4.90.10
To-day's closing	4.90.07

FRANC RATE

London, April 12.

Previous closing	109.25
To-day's opening	109.50
To-day's closing	109.71
Difference	plus 46

LONDON EXCHANGES

London, April 12.

London exchanges opened with the sterling dollar at 4.90.10 and then declined to 4.90.07 subsequently further weakening to 4.89.92 on lack of support.

The Sterling dollar cross rate closed at 109.71

Franc opened at 109.50 and then further eased to 109.84 on some selling pressure with a slightly lower tendency.

The sterling franc cross rate closed at 4.90.07.

CROSS RATES

London on Bombay (1-8 1/8) 1-8 1/8
Paris on Bombay (8.256) 8.283
New York on Bombay (37.04) 37.07
London on Milan (93.10) 93.10
London on Shanghai (0.92) 0 92
London on Shanghai (1-2 19/32) 1-2 19/32
London on Kobe (1-2) 1-2

DISCOUNTS

3 months (9/16 to 9/16 per cent) 9/16 to 9/16 per cent
4 months (9/16 to 5/8 per cent) 9/16 to 5/8 per cent
6 months (11/16 to 11/16 per cent) 11/16 to 11/16 per cent.

LONDON METALS

To-day's opening rates were as follows:—

Tin (£276 3/4 buyers £277 1/4 sellers. Steady) £274 1/2 buyers £274 3/4 sellers. Easy.

Lead (£27 3/8 buyers £27 1/2 sellers. Steady) £26 3/8 buyers £26 1/2 sellers. Weak.

Electrolytic Copper (£59 to £71) £68 to £69 1/2

Glasgow Iron (£87) £87

SILVER CABLES

Bombay, April 12.

The following cable information was received from London to night.

"India and Speculators bought. Business small. Market steady.

LONDON SILVER

London, April 12.

	Previous closing Prices	To-day's Prices
Spot	20 15/16d.	21 1/16d.
Forward	21d.	21 1/8d.

LONDON GOLD

London, April 12.

Gold Bars Fine per ounce (£7-1-8) £7-1-8

BOMBAY BULLION

Bombay, April 12. 10-0 p.m

	Rs. a. p.
Silver ready	54 4 0
Silver 1st settlement	52 3 0
Silver 2nd settlement	54 12 0
Gold ready	34 14 9
Gold 1st settlement	34 14 6
Gold 2nd settlement	34 12 6
Sovereign	22 3 9

KARACHI MARKET REPORT

Karachi, April 12.

To-day's closing quotations:—

Sind cotton May 27/13, July 27/7 very strong.

January 23/9/6, Panjab May 21/7/9, July 21/10.

Dessi American May 26/9, July 26/13/6, Jan. 26/11 steady.

Wheat July 34/4/6 sellers.

Gram July 24/2/9.

Toria May 43/11/6, July 44/6/6.

Cottonseed May 18/5/6, July 18/13.

The market closed at 2 p.m. to-day on account of the Hindu Year Day.

3½ P. C. GOVT. PAPER

Closing Quotation

Bombay, April 12.

The 3 1/2 per cent Government paper finally closed at Rs. 92-14 at 5-0 p.m.

Fluctuations during the sessions were as follows:—

	Rs. a. p.
Opening	92 13 0
Highest	93 0 0
Lowest	92 13 9
Closing	92 14 0

INDIAN STERLING LOAN

London, April 12.

The 3 1/2 p. c. Indian Sterling Loan closed at £88 1/4 as against the previous closing at £88 1/2.

INDIAN LOANS

London, April 12. 3-30 p.m.

3 per cent Indian Loan (£97 1/2) £97 1/2

3 1/2 per cent Indian Loan (£88 1/2) £88 1/2

4 1/2 per cent Indian Stock (1950-55) (£111) £111

4 1/2 per cent 1958/68 (£113 1/2) £113 1/2

4 per cent Indian 1948-53 (£106) £106

5 per cent Indian 1942-47 (£112 1/2) £112 1/2

3 1/2 per cent New Indian 1954-59 (£102) £102

AUSTRALIAN LOANS

3 per cent Australian Loan 1945-70 (£109 3/8) £109 1/4

BRITISH FUNDS

2 1/2 per cent Consols (£76 3/4) £76 5/8

3 1/2 per cent Government Loan (£102) £101 7/8

4 1/2 per cent Conversion Loan (£107 5/8) £107 1/2

5 per cent Funding Loan (£110 3/4) £110 3/4

3 1/2 per cent War Loan (£103) £103

4 per cent Victory Bonds (£109 5/8) £109 5/8

LONDON STOCK EXCHANGE

London, April 12. 2-30 p.m.

Giltedgeds were steady otherwise markets generally were dull and easier. Kaffirs copper shares and oil shares after being firmer became easier on increased pressure to sell.

INDUSTRIALS

British Celanese Second Preference (17-9) 16-10 1/2

Marks and Spencer Ordinary (83-1 1/2) 83-1 1/2

Hydro Electric (£10 1/2) £10 1/8

Musical Industries (22-4 1/2) 22-8

Princhin Johnson (46-6) 46-6

Imperial Chemical (38-1 1/2) 37-7 1/2

Woolsworth Ordinary (76-6) 76-3

Realisation 1930 (£95 1/2) £95 1/2

Dunlop Rubber (35-6) 35-6

Dunlop Ordinary (40-9) 40-7 1/2

Unilever Ordinary (40-4 1/2) 40-9

Ford Motors (31-3) 30-10 1/2

Cables and Wireless (£7 3/8) £7 1/8

British American Tobacco (127-6) 127-6

Carreas A (£8 5/8) £8 1/2

Imperial Tobacco Ordinary (152-6) 151-3

P and O S N Company Deferred (36-9) 36-4 1/2

Distillers (110-6) 110-0

Bredfords Dyers (£9 5/8) £9 3/4

British Celanese (£9) £8 7/8

J and P Coates Ordinary (50-0) 50-0

Courtaulds Ordinary (51-6) 51-3

Fine Cotton Spinners (12-3) 12-6

Vickers Limited Ordinary (31-6) 31-3

Inter Nickels (66-10 1/2) 65-10 1/2

Indian Iron and Steel Ordinary (87-6) 83-9

Tata Iron and Steel (£105) £105

TEA SHARES

Assam Company (21-3) 21-3

Donaro Tea (55-0) 54-0

Empire of India (34-6) 35-0

RUBBER SHARES

Anglo Dutch Rubber (46-6) 45-3

Gula Kelampong (57-6) 58-9

Rubber Plant Inv Trust (44-9) 43-0

JUTE SHARES

Barnagore (£10 1/2) £13

MINING SHARES

Nandydrug (57-6) 57-6

Burma Corporation (20-3) 19-6

Rio Tintos (£25 1/2) £26 1/4

East Rand Proprietors (70-7 1/2) 70-4

Rand Mines (£8) £8

MINE SHARES

Crown Mines (£14 1/8) £13 3/4

Gedule New (£9 1/2) £9 3/8

New Modders (£30) £29 3/8

Sub Nigel (£11) £11

Spring Mines Split Shares (35-0) 35-0

Union Corporation (£9) £9

OIL SHARES

Venezuela Persian (£59 3/8) £58 1/8

Anglo Iranian (120-0) 118-9

Burma Oil (110-7 1/2) 109-4 1/2

Musical Eagle (23-3) 22-9

Shell Transport (113-1 1/2) 111-10 1/2

Royal Dutch (£46 5/8) £45 7/8

HUME RAIL SHARES

Great Western (£57 1/2) £57

L and S Ordinary (£29 1/2) £29 1/8

L N E R Defd (£4 7/8) £4 7/8

Southern Paris 5 per cent (£22 1/2) £22 1/2

London Paris 5 per cent (£123 3/4) £123

London Transport 'C' Stock (£89 1/2) £89 1/2

WHEAT AND LINSEED

Closing Quotations

Bombay, April 12.

	Rs. a. p.
Wheat May	6 3 9
Wheat September	6 2 6
Linseed May	8 5 0
Linseed September	8 9 9

The tone was steady

LIVERPOOL WHEAT

Closing Quotation

Liverpool, April 12.

Liverpool wheat May closed at 121 1/4 as against the previous closing at 123 1/4

OPERATORS CAUTIOUS IN STOCK EXCHANGE

Wall Street Better After Opening Easy

(SPECIAL CABLE.)

London, April 12.

On the Stock Exchange the effect of recent disturbances was still evident especially in more speculative descriptions. Operators disposed extreme caution in view of enormous difference which eventually have to be met Giltedgeds were somewhat specialised. Industrials however were supported. Commodities also continued the lack of confidence and with nervous selling predominating prices nearly in all instances ruled downward.

Wall Street was easy and then recovered and improved on support.

SHIPPING NEWS

ARRIVALS

Bombay, April 12.

B I S N Coy's s.s. Garbeta of 3204 reg tons Capt. H. A. Downey arrived on 10th instant from Rangoon via Colombo, Trivandrum, Alleppey Cochin, Calicut, Tellicherry, Cannanore and Mangalore with rice timbers and general cargo.

O S Kaisha's s.s. Buyo Maru of 3405 reg tons Capt. Tsurnoka arrived on 11th instant from Karachi with cargo of cotton and iron.

B I S N Coy's s.s. Cranfield of 3213 reg tons Capt. P. A. C. James arrived on 11th instant from Bassein via Rangoon, Madras, Colombo, Tuticorin, Cochin, Ponani Badagra and Cannanore with rice and general cargo.

Lloyd Triestino Coy's Volpi of 3061 reg tons Capt. S. DeBei arrived from Triestevia Venice Brindisi Portsaid Suez Massowa, and Karachi with general cargo.

DEPARTURES

Bombay, April 12.

O. S. Kaisha s.s. Buyo Maru of 3405 reg tons Capt. T Tsruoka sailed for Kobe via Singapore with local and same bottom cargo.

LOADING

Bombay, April 12.

The following steamers booked for loading on 12-4-37.

S S Clan Macinnes (J F and C.) for Cochin.

S S Volpi (L T) for Colombo Singapore Osaka and Kobe.

JUTE SHARES EASIER

Teas Unchanged

CALCUTTA, April 12.

Jutes ruled easier and the volume of business was very meagre. Coals displayed an easier tendency. Teas were unchanged. In miscellaneous almost all speculative stocks disclosed an easier tendency due to the selling pressure. Government securities were steady at the decline. Following were the closing quotations:—

Securities:—Three per cent loan 1941 102/15 small lot, three and a half per cent Government paper 92/13 small lot, three and a half per cent loan 1947/50 105, four per cent loan 1969/70 10/11 small lot, five per cent loan 1945/55 119.

Banks:—Imperial fully paid 1508 small lot, Reserve 126.

Cottons:—E. D. Sassoon defd 1, New Victoria ord. 1/8, Kesoram 7/7. New Victoria pref 4/11.

Coals:—Amalgamated 27/12, Bengals 337 small lots, Nazira 10/12, South Karanpura 8/2.

Jutes:—Agarpara 21/8, Anglo-India 395 Albion pref 135, Auckland 200, Barnagore 158 small lots, Birla 20/8, small lot, Howrah 59/8, Hukumchand 12/1, India 396, Kamarhaty 577/8, Kanwnarrah 458 small lot, Kelvin 553, Orient 187, Presidency 4/15, Reliance 75/8.

Miscellaneous:—Burma Corporation 13/10, Consolidated tin 8/4. Indian copper 4/3, Rhodesi a copper 3/14, Shahjahanpur electric 10/4, Hukumchand electric 12, Indian iron and steel 58, B. I. Corporation pref 149 ex div. Dunlop rubber 24/4, Dunlop rubber pref second 104, small lots, Indian wood products 29, Rhotas industries ord 23/10, ex div, Rhotas industries pref 134 ex div, British petroleum 7/3, Midnapore zemindary 196/8, India General Navigation ord 135/8,

Teas.—Hasimara 51/12, Hattikhira 27/4, Sapoi 9/4, small lot, Rungamatee 300.

Debentures:—Three and a quarter per cent Rangoon Municipal 97/8.—A.P.

AHMEDABAD SHARES

Ahmedabad, April 12.

Following were the closing quotations of the share bazar.

Aryodaya spinning 213-12
Calico 562-8
Gujarat cotton 31-4.
Jubili 174-6
Marsdan 77-8
Motilal Hirabhai 55
Monogram 52-8

NEW YORK STOCK EXCHANGE

New York, April 12.

The following were to-day's opening rates.

General Motor (dol 60) unquoted.

N Copper Mining (dol 57 3/8) dol 56

U S Steel Common (dol 113 1/4) dol 110 1/4

U S Steel Preference (dol 144 1/4) unquoted

Mysore To Have Pasteurised Milk

BANGALORE, April 10.

The nutrition problem in Mysore is engaging the attention of the Government and in this connection a comprehensive scheme for supplying pasteurised milk to all the Government institutions, hospitals and nursing homes is being worked out.

A Committee has been appointed and an initial grant of Rs. 1,00,000 and a recurring grant of Rs. 20,000 have been, it is understood, sanctioned by the Government.—A. P.

6 MONTHS' LIFE FOR 'INTERIM' MINISTRY?

Governor Sanctions 79 Lakhs For Transitory Period

CUTTACK, April 12.

The Governor of Orissa has authorised the expenditure of a sum of Rs. 79,91,737 from the revenues of the province to enable the business of the Provincial Government to be carried on between April 1 and the date on which a schedule of authorised expenditure is authenticated in accordance with the provisions under section 80 of the Government of India Act or until the expiry of six months from April 1, 1937, whichever occurs earlier.

No budget was fixed for the province as there was no Legislature beforehand, except the Advisory Council and hence the Governor has fixed the above expenditure in exercise of the powers conferred on him under the Commencement and Transitory Provisions Order, 1936.

THE BUDGET

The whole budget taken for full one year comes to Rs. 1,69,80,335 as against Rs 1,76,08,811 being the budget estimate for 1936-37, that is the present budget of expenditure shows a decrease of Rs. 6,26,476 compared to the previous year

The publication of the budget has given rise to speculation in local political circles that there will be no session of the new Provincial Legislative Assembly for six months to come and the present Ministry will carry on till then.—United Press.

JAWAHAR THANKS "MANGALOREAN"

For Support To Congress At Time Of Election

BOMBAY, April 12.

Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru, Congress President, in the course of a letter to the Editor of "Mangalorean," the popular organ of Indian Christians in Bombay, expresses his delight at the papers supporting the Congress cause particularly during the last elections.

Pandit Nehru says "I am glad to learn that your paper supported the Congress during the last election campaign."—United Press.

Youths Arrested Sequel To Arms Find

MADARIPUR: April 12.

Police are reported to have recovered one pistol and several rounds of amunitions in the village of Deobhog and arrested a number of youths from the locality in this connection.—A. P.

Kapurthala Case Withdrawn

KAPURTHALA, April 10.

It is understood that the State authorities have withdrawn the case in which one Abdul Hamid of Kapurthala was being prosecuted for the alleged offence of writing anonymous letters to the Chief Minister, Kapurthala, from Srinagar, criticising the State administration in the letters.—United Press.

SILK INDUSTRY

(Continued from Page 6.)

ed a Tariff Board and ordered an investigation of the condition of this industry. The Board recommended to the Government that to protect the silk weaving industry, it was necessary to impose about 83 per cent. duty on the imported silk fabrics. But to our great regret, we find that the protection, granted by the Government does not go beyond 63 per cent duty on the imported silk fabrics. As is made clear in their report, by the Tariff Board, the cost of imported silk fabrics to-day is lower than that of the real silk fabrics, manufactured in our own country.

It can be safely estimated that in this industry more than 2,500,000 souls are engaged in one way or the other. In Benares, Surat, Ludhiana, Murshidabad, Bhagalpur, Madura, Pedapuram, silk weaving is a sort of home industry and lacs are living on the same. In addition, Bombay, Calcutta and other industrial centres, where there are silk weaving mills, are feeding hundreds of labourers. It is, thereore, incumbent on the part of any national Government to protect such an important national industry. But where this is not immediately feasible, it behoves us to rally round our existing industries and decide to use Swadeshi articles only so as to render help to the much needing industries

The Silk Weaving Industry is only an example, which invites our arresting attention. But other industries do not fare better. It is, therefore, a duty of all of us that we should resolve to use and wear only genuine Swadeshi articles It is indeed a sure way to save our industries from deterioration.

PLIGHT OF BIHAR CANE GROWERS

Govt. And Railway Board Must Come To Their Help, Says Rajen Babu

PATNA: April 11.

Babu Rajendra Prasad has issued the following statement on the agrarian trouble in Bihar:—

"It is gratifying to note that the Indian Sugar Mills Association has decided that in supersession of the precious resolution the mills may continue crushing sugar cane till the 15th April instead of till 31st March only. This undoubtedly gives some relief to the cultivators but the relief is not at all adequate, as even after the 15th April much cane will remain uncrushed and it is necessary that the crushing season should be extended further.

But while this is done by the mills, the mills will not be in a position to buy cane from a distance unless some concession is given in the railway freight. So far as cane growers are concerned the situation may be likened to what it was in 1934 after the earthquake, when many of the mills were put out of action and the cultivators were in helpless condition.

WORSE SITUATION.

"In one sense the situation this year is worse. The tragedy is that it is not any natural calamity that has overtaken them but they have to destroy a valuable bumper crop with the same hands which helped to grow it, unless the mills are able to consume it.

To save lakhs of the cultivators and to prevent the whole of the economy of village side being put out of gear it is essential that the Railways should also come to the help of the cultivators and the Government of Bihar owes it to the people of the province to use all its influence to get a reduction in the railway freight on sugar cane for the remainder of the present crushing season.

The Government of India by increasing the excise duty on sugar at a time which was critical from before is largely responsible for the acuteness of the agrarian trouble and the least it can and should do is to help to reduce the freight on cane".—United Press.

ACCEPT GANDHIJI'S SUGGESTION

Khare Quotes Precedents Of Canada And Ireland

NAGPUR, Auril 12.

Lord Zetland's statement is not at all surprising. It is just what was expected. It has silenced those who have been banking too much on it" observes Dr. N. B. Khare, Congress Party Leader in the C. P. Assembly, in a statement to the Press.

Dr. Khare says Lord Zetland's statement is at least helpful "in depicting in true colours the mind of British statesmen towards India's aspirations". Once again the Britisher has elucidated his policy of divide and rule inasmuch as in justifying the refusal of the assurances demanded. Lord Zetland has trotted out the excuse of safeguarding the interests of the minorities."

Dr. Khare continuing expressed the opinion that Lord Zetland had made much of the legal and constitutional difficulties, which according to him (Lord Zetland) stood in the way of giving the assurance and observed: "If Lord Zetland is really sincere in this matter and if that alone is the stumbling block then he should have no hesitation in accepting Mahatma Gandhi's suggestion to submit the whole question to arbitration by three judges. If his lordship does not do this, he will stand thoroughly exposed. There is nothing strange in the demand for this assurance. As far as I know it has been furnished in Canada and Ireland, under more or less similar circumstances."—A. P.

KHARAGPUR WORKSHOP GRIEVANCE

Mudie To Inquire

NEW DELHI, April 11.

At the request of the Agent, Bengal-Nagpur Railway, the Railway Board have decided to refer the question of short time in the Kharagpur workshops, referred to in the letter dated 6th February, 1937, to the President of the Bengal-Nagpur Railway Indian Labour Union, to Mr. R. F. Mudie who, as already announced, has been appointed to inquire into certain allegations made by the President against the B. N. Railway and into the justification of the Agent's action in withdrawing recognition from the Union.—United Press.

Jute Mills Resume Working

CALCUTTA, April 12.

In addition to the three mills belonging to the Fort Gloster group, the Premchand Goggolbhai and the Ludlow Jute Mills in Uluberia Sub-Division of Howrah District have started work, the number of men who have resumed being about 7,000.—A. P.

ANEY'S PLEA FOR TRIBUNAL

What Alternative Has Britain To Mahatma's Suggestion, He Asks

NAGPUR, April 12.

Mr. M. S. Aney has issued a statement endorsing Mahatma Gandhi's suggestion contained in his latest statement from Wardha in reply to Lord Zetland's speech in the House of Lords to settle the point of dispute between the Congress and the Governors on the question of assurances.

Mr. Aney says:—"Although I personally do not believe in any gentleman undertaking by representatives of an Imperialistic State in matters political and, therefore, do not feel the necessity of demanding it from the Governors of Provinces as keenly as Mahatma Gandhi and some of my colleagues in the A.I.C.C. do, I have no hesitation in saying that the Mahatma has suggested an honourable and a practical course to settle the point of dispute between the Congress and Governors. If the British Government is really anxious that the Indian democracy represented by the Congress members returned in an overwhelming majority to the Provincial Assemblies should shoulder the responsibilities of Provincial Administrations and if they are also sure of the legality of their stand, both in declining the assurances demanded and in forming Interim Ministries the Government should promptly accept the suggestion made by Mahatma Gandhi and refer the questions to Arbitration Tribunals consisting of three eminent jurists in the manner indicated by Mahatma Gandhi, or in any other manner acceptable to both sides.

I am confident that Mahatma Gandhi will succeed in persuading the leaders of Congress parties to accept invitations from Provincial Governors to form Ministries unconditionally if the verdict of the above Tribunal goes against them. Nothing can be fairer than this. A "via media" to break the present stalemate which involves no loss of prestige or self-respect of any one of the parties concerned is now definitely suggested. It is now to be seen whether British statemanship can rise superior to narrow considerations of prestige and dignity, in response to the demand for a fair and just decision of the highly complicated technical issues of Constitutional Law raised in the controversy. It will be at any rate interesting to know what better alternative the British Government have to suggest."—A.P.

KHAR GRIEVANCES

Representation To Collector

The Secretaries of the Laxmi Nagar (Khar) Residents' Association write:—

"The Representatives of Khar Residents' Association and the Pathare Prabhu Co-operative Society (Khar) discussed with the Collector of Bombay Suburban District on Saturday last the necessity of granting more seats on Bandra Municipality. The several grounds on which further representation was claimed were pointed out to him with the relevant facts and figures.

The representatives also pointed out to him the prevailing inequitable division of wards which is particularly prejudicial to the Non-Christian population of this locality. The question of the prevailing low water pressure in this area was also brought to his notice.

The Collector was pleased to know the views of the local residents on the problems concerned and promised a sympathetic consideration on the whole question. It is hoped that the Government decision on the said questions will be published before long.

Maya Devi Released

CALCUTTA, April 12

Miss Maya Devi, who was sentenced to five years' rigorous imprisonment in 1933 on a charge of possessing 91 sticks of dynamite, was released before the expiry of the term, late on Saturday night on the grounds of health. She was formerly a school mistress in Calcutta. She was a resident of Dinajpur but she settled with her mother in Cawnpore, where she is alleged to have cultivated the friendship of members of the Terrorist Party. She came to Calcutta a few days prior to her arrest.—A. P.

Nervous Feeling In All Markets

Operators Refuse To Enter Into Fresh Commitments

FAVOURABLE WEATHER OVER U. S. COTTON BELT

BOMBAY, April 12.

The nervousness continued throughout the American markets on Saturday.

The Stock Exchange operators refused to enter into fresh commitments over the week-end awaiting Supreme Court's decision.

Some experts argue that had the rumours in connection with the change in the U. S. monetary policy been the principal influence, a much more substantial rally should have followed President Roosevelt's denial.

The New York cotton market's inactivity was also due mainly to the apprehension over the monetary situation with a similar disposition to decline immediate commitments.

The commodity credit Corporation announces that 1,188,000 bales of loan cotton have been requested to be released upto April 8th.

The New York cotton futures market opened barely steady with technical position firmer after the recent liquidation and after early moderate decline prices rallied on trade price fixing and scattered buying. The market later eased on liquidation and hedge selling. Spot cotton was quiet. A cotton seat was sold for 13000 dollars at a decline of 500 dollars as compared with the previous sale.

REUTER'S WEEKLY REVIEW

The market encountered heavy general liquidation owing to increased nervousness over possible official efforts to check rising commodity prices and the reports that London bankers were advising against the extension of loan on commodities, together with rumours of a change in the Treasury's Gold policy. The market later recovered partially on improved technical position but the undertone was still very nervous.

Forecasts of acreage increase range from 10 to 12 per cent but still tend to emphasize the possibility of a crop larger than consuming requirements.

Weather has favoured rapid planting in the East. Seeding in the Southern portions is about normal but delayed in the West; while frosts have necessitated considerable replanting in Texas.

The Cotton Exchange Service says that the world consumption of 30,000,000 bales of all cotton this season is not unreasonable. Meanwhile, until the prevailing uncertainties are cleared up, any advances are expected to attract renewed selling.

At the opening May was quoted 2 points down at 13.97 and after improving to 14.03 under scattered buying, prices declined 10 points from the highest level and May was quoted 13.93 which was the lowest level. The market closed at a net decline of 3 to 7 points. Spot cotton prices were reduced 6 points at 14.53c. per lb.

NEW ORLEANS MARKET

The New Orleans cotton futures market was quiet and closed at a decline of 6 to 2 points. Spot cotton prices declined 5 points at 14.18c. per lb.

LIVERPOOL MARKET

The Liverpool cotton futures market opened at a decline of one point with July 7.68. The opening steadiness was due to Eastern advices but scattered liquidation and hedge selling found little offtake. London and Manchester liquidation met with light trade calling. The market closed at a decline of 2 to 3 points. Middling American Spot cotton prices were reduced 7 points at 7.80d. per lb.

EGYPTIAN COTTON

Egyptian cotton futures market was barely steady. Sakels futures closed 5 points higher but Spot cotton prices declined 13 points at 12.20 Uppers futures closed 2 points down.

ALEXANDRIA MARKET

The Alexandria cotton futures market was irregular. Sakels futures closed 19 points up to 4 points down and Ashmouni futures closed unchanged to 5 points down.

LANCASHIRE TRADE

A Liverpool firm writes:—

Cloth: Manufacturers margins are not on as a satisfactory a footing as those of Spinners. Prices of several qualities of American yarn have been advanced further this week and margins can certainly be described as very healthy. Many manufacturers, however, are having all their work cut out to keep pace with yarn advances and some have had to fight hard to prevent any loss of margins. They have not the support of price schemes such as are in operation in the spinning section and the sooner they set about the task of following the example of spinners the better it will be for all concerned.

Now and again both Calcutta and Karachi send substantial enquiries for standard styles but bids are hopelessly deficient. Differences run as high as 20 per cent and dealers will have to revise their ideas considerably before any weight of business can be done. Demand from Java and Singapore keeps up well and many useful contracts, chiefly for dyed and printed goods are being negotiated. Both Colombo and Rangoon have been satisfied with unimportant transactions in customary cloth.

EGYPTIAN CLOTH

The spectacular rise in Egyptian cotton has brought out a good valume of enquiry from Egypt, covering white shirtings, tanjibs, fine mulls and prints. Makers of various fine cloth, including jeans, sateens, twills and cashmeres are meeting with a healthy enquiry from South America and some very good lines of poplins and split printers have also been booked.

Operations for West Africa have been on a good scale and turnover for this year promises to rival, if not to exceed, that of last year. Markets like Morocco, Turkey, Serbia and Bulgaria are all showing interest in finishing cloths and fancies, and quantities have been considerable. Some activity has been shown by several Continental markets, including Germany, Holland and Switzerland and negotiations are proceeding for a quantity of shirtings for Oslo.

The United States have been persistent buyers of fine poplins, hair cords, fancies and typewriter cloth. South Africa has lead the way in Dominions activity with heavy purchases of dress goods, sheetings, drills and linings. Some good lines of poplins and prints have been taken by Canada and Australia.

The Home trade section has bought freely, notwithstanding all round stiffening of prices. Limbrics, casement and furnishing cloths, printed goods, plain cloth and rayon fabrics have all attracted considerable attention.

YARNS

There has been no slackening of the demand for American yarns. There is plenty of business waiting to be done at to-day's prices, if values will only keep steady but nobody can blame buyers for playing a watching game while values keep jumping about.

Evidence of an active desire to buy ring beams and cop-twist is apparent and fairly heavy weights are being booked. Prices of coarse counts under the Royton Agreement and all yarns affected by the 42's weft Agreement have again been advanced. Demand for yarns for hosiery and thread making has been far from brisk but substantial deliveries of these qualities are being taken.

On the Egyptian side business has been hampered by the spectacular fluctuation in prices. There is, however, a good undercurrent of enquiry which promises well when the market has settled down. Export demand has improved.

PRIVATE CABLES—

New York May highest 14.03 plus 04 (10-19 a.m.)

New York May lowest 13.93 —06 (11-57 a.m.)

Liverpool July highest 7.71 plus 02

Liverpool July lowest 7.64 —05

Messrs. M and B Stern have received the following cable from their Head Office:—

"All commodities heavily liquidated and although must expect nervous fluctuations from time to time believe decline gone far enough and inclined buy."

Messrs. Patel Bros. have received the following cable from the New York Cotton Exchange Service:—

Some indications that Semiarid sections of Texas Oklahoma making 15 per cent of total crop have normal subsoil moisture; remainder of those States, making 22 per cent crop, good soil moisture.

HIGH AND LOW COTTON PRICES

Bombay, April 10

Broach A/M 1937 opening 246; highest 246 1/2; lowest 245 1/4; closing 245 1/4

Broach J/A opening 250 1/2; highest 251 1/4; lowest 250; closing 250

Oomra May opening 233 1/2; highest 233 1/2; lowest 232 1/4; closing 232 1/2

Oomra July opening 234 3/4; highest 235 1/2; lowest 234; closing 234 1/2

Bengal May opening 200 3/4; highest 200 3/4; lowest 200 1/4; closing 200 1/2

Bengal July opening 202 1/2; highest 202 1/2; lowest 202; closing 202 1/4

Tejimandi for Broach J/A (21-4-37) Rs. 6

Tejimandi for Broach J/A (30-6-37) Rs. 18

Cotton Arrivals

Receipts into Bombay on 9th April 20,669 bales

Receipts into Bombay to date since 1-9-1936 2,374,477 balos.

Receipts into Bombay same time last season 2,051,065 bales

Increase 323,412 bales

Produce Receipts

Bombay, April 12.

	Cwts.
Wheat	17,187
Linseed	10,878
Rape, Rai and Mustardseeds	1,895
Gingellyseed	801
Poppyseed	36
Groundnuts	6,576
Castorseed	5,376
Rice	10,326
Myrabollams	2,938
Cottonseed	7,120
Mowraseed	40
Gram	2,615
Joowar	2,162
Bajree	2,688
Indian Sugar	8,815
	Tons.
Coal	127

Groundnuts Coromandel Shelled

London, April 10.

April £15-12-6.

GOLD AND SILVER

Bombay, April 12

On Saturday London gold prices closed 1 1/2d. down at £7-1-8. London Paris Exchange rate advanced 32 points at 109.25. Dollar sterling cross rate closed at 4.90 5/32. London silver prices declined 1/8d. to 20 15/16d. Speculators sold and India bought at the decline. Buyers were satisfied and the market was quiet. Montreal silver futures declined 30 to 23 points. Shanghai T T on London was quoted to-day at 1-2 19/32. The local market was quiet but steady. There was scattered buying in silver which steadied prices but gold was easy on increased offerings and buyers were hesitant. In view of uncertainty regarding foreign gold policy, the tone of the market was nervous.

GOLD—			
Ready	34	13	0
Chaitra delivery	34	13	0
Chaitra tejimandi	0	6	6
Vaishakh delivery	34	11	0
Vaishakh tejimandi	0	11	0
SILVER—			
Ready	54	3	0
Chaitra delivery	51	15	0
Chaitra tejimandi	1	2	0
Vaishakh delivery	54	8	0
Vaishakh tejimandi	2	2	0

SHARE BAZAR

Bombay, April 12

Forward business in the local share bazar remained closed to-day on account of "Valan".

It appears that the settlement will pass off satisfactorily although as a result of heavy price movement one or two small firms are reported in difficulties.

In the cash section business was dull. Indian Irons were done at Rs. 57. Burma Corporation at Rs. 13/4 and Indian Coppers at Rs. 4/1.

Latest Weather Over U. S. Cotton Belt

Liverpool, April 12.

No precipitation. Weather cold light frost in Eastern Belt The U. S. Daily official forecast says:—"Eastern Belt generally fair."

Indian Cotton Figures

Bombay, April 12.

RECEIPTS INTO BOMBAY.

In full-pressed Bales.

	10-4-37	Since 1st Sept. This year
Khandesh	46	201,683
Central India	853	313,441
Barsi and Nagar	965	160,252
Hyderabad-Gaorani	130	90,504
Berar	1,845	524,848
Central Provinces	142	107,837
Total Oomras	3,711	1,398,565
Dholera	625	70,593
N.-W. Provinces	70	8,471
Rajputana	293	73,210
Sind-Punjab	389	292,218
Broach	2,083	243,630
Coompta and Dharwar	202	20,892
Westerns-Northerns	311	23,803
Cocoanada	...	124
Tinnevelly and Cambodia	2	4,182
Persiai	...	10
American	...	8,290
Egyptian and African	3,195	241,348
Comilla Burma and other sorts	...	72
Total	10,881	2,385,358

EXPORTS FROM BOMBAY

1st Sept. to 8th April

In full-pressed Bales.

	10-4-37	This year
Europe	804	326,739
Japan and China	1,500	1,008,245
Coast Ports	...	17,458
Up-country by Rail	...	178,669
Afloat in harbour for Europe China and Japan	...	55,840
Total	2,304	1,586,949

Osaka Cotton

Osaka, April 12

June	81.10 plus 00
July	81.90 plus 20

Osaka Sampin

Osaka, April 12

April	273.00 plus 90
June	271.50 plus 150
July	270.30 plus 130
August	268.70 plus 120
October	267.00 plus 100

Cotton Straddles

APPROXIMATE DIFFERENCES

New York Liverpool: May 159 July 180 October 189 at cross rate 4.90 5/32

Bombay Liverpool: Broach A/M 1937 245/4 Liverpool May 7.60 Rs. 86 at exchange 1/6

Bombay Liverpool: Broach J/A 1937 250 Liverpool July 7.64 Rs. 82 3/4 at exchange 1/6

Bombay New York: Broach A/M 245/4 New York May 13.93 Rs. 71 3/4 at cross rate 4.90 5/32

Bombay New York: Broach J/A 1937 250; New York July 13.80 Rs. 63 at cross rate 4.90 5/32

AMERICAN COTTON FIGURES.

F.P. Bales	1936-37	1935-36
Receipts to date 10-4-37	6316000	6589000
Receipts Yesterday 10-4-37	6000	1000
Exports to date 10-4-37	4766000	5181000
Stock at Ports 9-4-37	1735000	1989000
Stock Interior Towns 9-4-37	1500000	1871000
Stock at Liverpool 9-4-37	1007000	732000
Visible Supply 9-4-37	4877000	5293000
Quantity in sight 9-4-37	11894000	11366000
Quantity out of sight 9-4-37	10269000	91780000

BOMBAY COTTON

Bombay, April 12

Following a further decline of 6 points in New York cotton futures, the local market opened to-day at Rs. 249/12 for Broach J/A delivery and declined to Rs. 249 under scattered selling. Later on there was short covering and prices rallied to Rs. 250. The local market being oversold in the near month, there was some covering in Broach A/M delivery which found shortage of contracts and difference narrowed.

Liverpool market was due to open at a decline of 2 points but it opened 3 points up. The local market was steady with Broach J/A. quoted at Rs. 251/12. The market closed at 5-30 p.m. as under:—

Broach A/M.	247	4	0
Broach J/A.	251	12	0
Oomra May	234	4	0
Oomra July	236	8	0
Bengal May	202	4	0
Bengal July	204	4	0

Ready Cotton Quotations

Bombay, April 12.

Bengal Superfine	207/08
Bengal Fine	202/04
C.P. 1	239/40
C. P. 2	230/32
Arvi	230/32
Ellichpur	230/32
Berar	227/30
Khamgaon	227/30
Mulkapur	222/25
Khandesh	217/20
Jalna/Sailu	217/20
Burwah Sanavad	225/30
Mathia	202/07
Broach Fine	250/53
Punjab/American	245/55
Sind, N. T.	320/30
Punjab 289F.	335/40
Jagadia-Ankleshwar	305/09
Kim-Kosamba	310/13
Surat	317/20
Navsari	327/30
Kampala	440/41

Cotton Tenders

Bombay, April 12.

	To-day	Total.
Broach A/M.	1800	4700

Cotton Room Rates

Bombay, April 12.

	Extra Spr-fine	Sup	Fine	FG	Good
M .G.—					
Bengal U. P.	... 207	204	201		198
Punjab	... 207	204	201		198
Oomra No. 3	241	238	235	232	...
C. P. No. 1	254	251	248	245	...
C. P. No. 2	245	242	239	236	...
Broach No. 2	... 250	248	245		242
Punjab-Ame.	... 258	256	253		250
Surat	... 325	313	310		307
Rajpipla	... 310	308	305		302
Navsari	... 325	323	320		317

LINSEED & WHEAT

Bombay, April 12.

The local market was fairly steady to-day with a moderate turnover. There was less inclination in view of uncertainty over financial policies in Europe. The undertone of the market was good.

	Rs.	a.	p.
Linseed	8	4	9
Linseed September	8	9	9
Wheat May	6	3	3
Wheat September	6	2	0

Liverpool Wheat

Liverpool, April 10.

May 123 1/8d.
July 122 7/8d.
October 113 7/8d.

Chicago Wheat

Chicago, April 10.

May dol. 1.39 3/4.
July dol. 1.26 5/8.
September dol. 1.22 1/4.

Bombay Sugar

Bombay, April 12.

Ready Javas Rs. 13-10.
Shipment April-June Rs. 4-15
Shipment July-September Rs. 4-15
Shipment Oct.-Dec. Rs. 4-15-6.
Kesar Rs. 11-4.
Saraya Rs. 10-13.
Java Spot F. 5.65.

New York Sugar

New York, April 10.

July 2.50 plus 1.
September 2.50 plus 1.
December 2.48—2.
January 2.47 plus 2.

Groundnut And Seeds

Bombay, April 12.

Groundnuts May—			
Opening	43	12	0
Highest	43	14	0
Lowest	43	11	6
Closing	43	14	0
Groundnuts August—			
Opening	45	6	6
Highest	45	9	0
Lowest	45	5	6
Closing	45	9	0
Castorseed May—			
Opening	26	15	0
Highest	37	2	6
Lowest	36	15	6
Closing	37	2	6
Castorseeds September—			
Opening	39	0	0
Highest	39	4	0
Lowest	39	0	0
Closing	39	4	0
Cottonseed May—			
Opening	21	7	6
Highest	21	9	6
Lowest	21	6	6
Closing	21	8	9
Cottonseeds September—			
Opening	22	10	0
Highest	22	13	6
Lowest	22	10	0
Closing	22	12	6

London Copper

London April 10.

Copper	£65 7 6
Spelter	£28 7 6
Lead	21 2 6
Tin	£276 0 0

Steel Corp shipped in March 15 lac tons.

GOVERNMENT SECURITIES

Bombay, April 12

2 3/4 per cent 1948/52	99/5
3 per cent 1951/54	101/4
3 per cent 1941 Bonds	102/12
3 1/2 per cent G P N Cash	92/15
3 1/2 per cent 1947/50 Loan	105/1
4 per cent 1943 Bonds	106/9
4 per cent 1960/70 Loan	110/8
4 1/2 per cent 1955/60	116/14
3 per cent U P Bonds	97
5 per cent 1939/44	105/6
5 per cent 1940/43	108/5
5 1/2 per cent 1938/40 Loan	104/14
TAX FREES	
5 per cent 1945/55	118/15
4 per cent 1953/63 Loan	111
5 1/2 per cent 1938 Mysore	104/12
5 per cent 1955 Mysore	123
CORPORATION DEBENTURES	
4 per cent B P T 1974	106/4
4 per cent M Deb 1974	106
5 per cent M Deb 1959	117
5 per cent 1954	129
6 per cent K P T 1956	129
6 1/2 per cent B I T 1937	101/8

Note:—3 1/2 per cent Government paper notes opened at 92/14 for current settlement, fluctuated an anna either way to quote steady as above. Business for 29th April settlement opened to-day and quotes about three annas lower.

MONEY AND EXCHANGES

Bombay, April 12

B. C. RATES—	
T T D D	1/6 1/16
LONDON—	
Banks selling T T D D	1/6 3/32
Banks buying T T	1/6 5/32
Banks buying D D	1/6 3/16
Bank, buying 3 mos.	1/6 7/32
NEW YORK	
B C Rate T T	273 3/8
Banks selling T T	271 3/8
Banks buying T T	269 1/8
PARIS—	
Banks selling T T	818
Banks buying T T	833
JAPAN—	
Banks selling T T (1/8 lower from June)	77 1/2
Banks buying T T	77
AMSTERDAM—	
Banks selling D D	67 1/8
JAVA—	
Banks selling D D	66 7/8
HONGKONG—	
Banks selling D D	83 3/8
SHANGHAI	
Banks selling D D	81 1/2
SINGAPORE—	
Banks selling D D	156 1/4
BERLIN—	
Banks selling D D	90 1/2
CROSS RATE—	
New York/London 10th instant	4.89 3/4
Japan/London— 12th instant	1/2 1/32
Java/London— 12th instant	8.92 1/4
Hongkong/London— 12th instant	1/3
Shanghai/London— 12th instant	1/2 19/32
London/Paris 10th instant	109.25
London/Belgium 10th instant	29.09
London/Switzerland 10th instant	21.54 1/4
London/Berlin 10th instant	12.19 1/2
London/Stockholm 10th instant	19.39 1/2
London/New York 10th instant	4.90.05
London/Amsterdam 10th instant	8.94 3/4
London/Italy 10th instant	93.10
Tone of Sterling Exchange:—Steady.	
Gold 9th instant	£7-1-9 1/2
10th instant	£7-1-8
Silver London Ready 9th instant	21 1/16
10th instant	20 15/16
Silver London Forward 9th instant	21 1/8
10th instant	21
Silver New York Ready 9th instant	45
10th instant	45
London Discounts 3 months 9th instant	9/16 p.c.
10th instant	9/16 p.c.
London Discounts 6 months 9th instant	11/16 p.c.
10th instant	11/16 p.c.
Reserve Bank Rate	3 p.c.
Bank of England Rate	2 p.c.
Money:—	
Call	1 p.c.
3 Months	1 1/4 p.c.
6 Months	1 1/4 p.c.
Tone:—Steady.	

WALL STREET MARKET

New York, April 10

Messrs. Batlivala and Karani have issued the following report showing quotations of the New York Stock Exchange:—

	Dollars.
Amr Gas and Electric	36
Ame Power and Light Com	11
Ame Forn Power Corp.	10
Electric P and Light 7 per cent Pfd	77
Electric Bond 6 per cent Pfd	68
Columbia Gas	15
United Power and Light	7
Int Tel and Tel	12
American Tel and Tel	169
Western Union Teig	70 1/2
Baltimore and Ohio Rly	35
Great North Pfd Rly	50
New York Central Rly	47 3/4
Southern Pacific Rly	58
Amr Super Power	2 1/2
Firestone Rubber	36
Canadian Pacific	14
N Y N Hartford H R R	19
United States Steel	112 1/4
Pittsburgh Screw and Bolt	16
Amr Car Foundry	59
Anaconda Copper Mining	57
Int Nickel of Canada	65
Thompson Products	25
General Motors	58 3/4
General Electric	53
Socony	18 3/4
Chase Bank	55 1/2
National City Bank	49 1/2
Sun Life of Canada	710
National Steel	63
United S Smelting	91

Market awaiting Supreme Court decision on Monday. Turnover 480000. Market dull and irregular. United States Steel Corp shipped in March 15 lac tons.

TO-DAY ON RADIO

Empire Broadcasting

GSH 21.47 Mc/s (13.97 m.), GSG 17.79 Mc/s (16.86 m.), GSF 15.14 Mc/s (19.82 m.).

7-30 p.m. Big Ben. Talk: "Word Affairs." 7-47 A Banjo and Xylophone Recital. 8-5 'The First Days of Steam.' 8-30 The Torquay Municap Orchestra. 10-0 The News and Announcements. 10-20 Dance Music.

Bombay Programme

VUB 350.9 metres, 855 kc/s.

8-0 a.m. Instrumental Music. (Banjo Solo). 8-15 a.m. Light Music. Shahajahan. 'Betagwa.' Khayal. 8-30 a.m. Talk (Gujarati): 'Avan Jasham.' By Ardeshir Ka Vesawawalla. 8-45 a.m. Lawnis and Abhang. (Recorded Odeon). 9-0 a.m. Qawwali Natia, Shahajahan. 'Badhane deen madene ke tajd raye.' (Assisted by the Indian Orchestra). 9-15 a.m. 'Giridhari Geet.' (Recorded Odeon). 1-0 p.m. Market Report and Announcements. An Orchestral Concert. 5-30 p.m. A Light Recorded Selection. (Indian Music). 6-30 p.m. 'For Children.' By Auntie Marian 7-0 p.m. Viennese Waltzes. (Recorded Parlophone). 7-15 p.m. 'About the Home.' A Real Cook's Tour. 'Cakes and Pies in Canada.' By Hilda Flanders. 7-30 p.m. The Cocktail Hour. Leon Abbey and his Dance Orchestra. From the Taj Mahal Hotel. 8-30 p.m. Commercial News and the News in Hindi. 9-0 p.m. Talk (English): 'Behind the Wheel.' By Pilot Ray. 9-15 p.m. The News. 9-30 p.m. Sweet Sahnai. B. M. Devlanker of Poona (With Harmonium and Tabla). 10-10 p.m. 'Coromondal Ditties.' Lalita Venkatram. In a programme of South Indian Songs.

Delhi Programme

TUESDAY, APRIL 13.

VUD 340.13 metres, 882 kc/s.

7-0 a.m. Shrimad Bhagwad Geeta (Texa and Translation. By Pandit Brij Bhushan Joshi. 7-15 a.m. Ganpat Rao of Nepal. 7-45 a.m. Gandhari on Sarod. 7-50 a.m. Ram Bahadur Misra. 8-10 a.m. Mrs. B. C. Verma. 8-30 a.m. Pandit Brij Bhushan Joshi. 12 noon Indian Music (Recorded). 12-55 p.m. 1st News Bulletin (Hindustani). 1-0 p.m. 7st News Bulletin (English). 1-5 p.m. 'An Hour of Song.' 6-0 p.m. AIR Orchestra. Dhani. 6-10 p.m. Ram Bahadur Misra. Geet. 'Jalwa jo unke rukh ka miri chashm-i-tar men hai, Shadabi-i-bahar ka Bihari. (Jigar). 6-30 p.m. Tilang on Sitar. 6-40 p.m. Mrs. B. C. Verma. Rajat Raghubir dhir.' Dhrupad Khamaj. 'Nand ke Bihari.' Kedara.' 7-0 p.m. 'For Villagers Only.' 7-30 p.m. Time Signal and Delhi Market Rates). 8-0 p.m. Talk (Hindustani): 'Significance of Baisakhi Festival.' By Krishna Chandra Vidyalankar. 8-15 p.m. Ganpat Rao of Nepal. 'Hogai balran rat.' Khayal Ambika. 'Alse bedardi se nainan lage.' Thumri Khambavati. 'Mari katari mar jana.' Dadra. 8-40 p.m. Mrs. B. C. Verma. Thumri Khammaj. 8-50 p.m. Pandit Brij Bhushan Joshi. 'Durga Bhawani.' Durga. Bhajan (Miran Bai). Geet. 9-15 p.m. 2nd News and Weather Report (Hindustani). 9-30 p.m. 2nd News and Weather Report (English). 9-45 p.m. Talk (English): 'Ifs of Indian History.' No. 1. If Alexander had not come to India. By Dr. Adrian Duarte. 10-0 p.m. Hotel Marina Viennese Orchestra.

Calcutta Programme

All transmissions will be on VUC 370.4 metres, 810 Kc/s and 49.10 metres, 6,109 Kc/s

(Add 24 minutes to all timings for Calcutta time.)

12-36 p.m. A "Parlophone" Recorded Programme. By Taylor's Gramophone Saloon. Calcutta Weather Bulletin for Ocean and Rivercraft. 1-36 Star and Sarengee. Mohammad Bux and Tufail Mohammad, Bhabani Das, Modern Song. Sukhendu Goswami, Modern Song. Dhiren Das, Comedy Song. 2-6 Talk: "Travellers in India." No. 1. Alberuni. By Priti Gupta. 2-21 "Rukmini-Haran." Under the direction of Nital Motilal. Cast. Sunil Bose; Shanta Roy; Shiela Halder; Bina Bhattacharyya; Reena Ray; Shamapada Banerjee. 5-6 Riddles and Answers. Adaptations from Oscar Wilde (for children). Instrumental Music. By members of the Radio Circle. Talk: "Insect Life." By Narendra Nath Bose. "Snow Drop and the Dwarf." A Fairy tale with music. Conducted by Mejdidi. 6-6 Music Lessons by P. K. Mullick. 6-36 "Charrak." A Feature Programme. (The Festival of the last day of the Bengali year, expressed through the medium of dialogue, music and sound effects). Written and produced by Bani Kumar. Music by Sailesh Dutt Gupta. 7-36 Talk: "In the World Beyond." No. 1. What is Spirituality? By M. L. Roy. 7-51 The Jantri Sangha. Conducted by S. L. Das. 8-6 The News and Weather Report (In Bengali). 8-21 Toppa and Gazal. bastaba. 8-41 Bhajan and Gazal. (Hindustani.) Indubala. 9-1 Commercial News and Weather Report. (In English). 9-6 The News and Announcements. 9-21 Talk (English): "Literary Reviews." By Prof. Humphrey House. 9-36 A Non-Stop Vaudeville Programme. From the Continental Hotel

Peshawar Programme

VUP 200 metres, 1,500 kc/s.

6-0 p.m. Dhun Aiman Kalyan. Khyber Radio Orchestra. 6-10 Bhat Singh. Dadra. Ghazal. 6-25 Nawab Bai. Jai Jai Vanti. 6-35 Rabab. 6-40 Bhat Singh. Punjabi Folk-song. Ghazal. 7-0 "Hagha Dagha." (A Programme Arranged for Villagers). 8-0 Talk (Hindustani): "Some Domestic Hints." By Miss G. Mathra Das. 8-15 Dance Melodies. Khyber Radio Orchestra. 8-25 Nawab Bai. Khayal Malkans. Ghazal. 8-45 Bhat Singh. Dadra. 8-55 Sitar Solo. 9-0 Nawab Bai. Thumri and Ghazal. 9-15 The News and Weather Report (In Hindustani). 9-30 Time Signal. The News and Weather Report (In English). 9-45 Indian Music (Recorded).

INDIAN IRON AND STEEL CO.

Mr. G. S. Bhagwat, Thana, has addressed the following letter to the Indian Iron and Steel Company, Ltd., Calcutta:—

"I am a share-holder in your company for the last twenty years, and during this time I have scarcely received any dividends. When the recent steel boom started, I thought that after all my twenty years' waiting was going to give me some advantage, and especially after the amalgamation talks with the Tatas fell through and you announced your intention of starting a new steel concern with the assurance that the old share-holders would be given the opportunity to subscribe for the new capital, I became very optimistic. You repeated your assurance in one of your circulars, but, to my great surprise, when the actual moment of getting the advantage came, you chose to throw the old share-holders to the winds and gave practically all the benefits to Messrs. Burn and Company, Messrs. Place, Siddons and Cough and Capitalists of Great Britain. The 4 1/2 per cent Debentures would have been subscribed, and oversubscribed, ten times, in India within half an hour. And yet one wonders what led the management to offer this loan to the London market. There was no reason whatsoever to issue debentures, and the purpose of getting capital at low rate of interest could have been better served by issuing more five per cent. Preference Shares than by having Debentures which could easily be converted into ordinary shares after the company prospers and pays good dividends to share-holders. In fact, there was no need of starting a new steel concern. We could have, instead, extended our own present business and put up this new plan with our own capital. In any case, the oppotunity of subscribing all the new capital should even now be given to the old share-holders, who have waited for such a long time without getting any benefit. In the general meeting to be held on the 19th instant, I request you to place this letter of mine before the share-holders and thus put on record my emphatic protest to your whole policy in this matter".

COLABA OBSERVATORY, BOMBAY.

Summary of Meteorological Observations during 24 hours ending 8 a.m. of 12-4-1937.

Change of 8 a.m. barometer in past 24 hours —004 inches.

Temperature (dry bulb) at 8 a.m. 79.0 degrees.

Temperature (wet bulb) at 8 a.m. 74.0 degrees.

Maximum temperature during 24 hours 87.6 degrees 0.7 (below normal).

Minimum temperature during 24 hours 75.0 degrees 0.5 (below normal).

Relative Humidity at 8 a.m. 78 p.c.

Direction of wind at 8 a.m. E

Velocity of wind at 8 a.m. 2 miles per hour.

Total movement of wind in 24 hours 119 miles.

Velocity of maximum gust of wind during 24 hours 17 miles per hour.

Extent of cloud at 8 a.m. (the whole sky cloudy eq. 10) 0.

OFFICIAL BAROMETER READING DATED 12-4-37.

At 8-7 a.m. local time (8-46 a.m. Indian Standard Time) and temperature 82.5 deg. F., a mercury barometer without index error at mean sea level would actually read 30.08 inches and a compensated aneroid 29.87 inches.

For correction of ships' instruments please subtract from the above official barometer reading 0.001" for every foot of elevation of the instrument above mean hea level.

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REGD. NO. B. 1068

The Bombay Chronicle

FOUNDED BY SIR PHEROZESHAH M. MEHTA IN 1913.

BOMBAY: TUESDAY, APRIL 13, 1937

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J4

No Programme Will Save Interim Ministries

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)
DEHRA DUN, April 11.

"The radical programme contemplated by Mr. Jamnadas Mehta of Bombay and the decision of the Chhattari Ministry against the usual exodus to Naini Tal during summer cannot save them from the fate that is awaiting them on the day, when "constitutionally" Governors will have to summon legislatures", said Mr. Bihari Lal Chaudhari, leader of the Depressed Class Group in U. P. Legislative Assembly in an exclusive interview with our representative.

"Reactionaries under the garb of reforms are manoeuvring to hide their motives but, I am sure that in the end they will find their purpose defeated. The light of truth has long before appeared and the masses are now fully conscious of the reality that is behind their so-called reformist mentality"

He further added that Governors might dissolve legislatures but this action of the Governors would all the more strengthen the revolutionary urge that has come to stay among masses.

"Then we will, tell masses that your 'bona fide' representatives were debarred from running Government because we wanted an assurance from them not to interfere with our programme, which aims at the economic and political amelioration of the country. Then our slogans will find proper echo in their hearts, and consequently once again we will be returned with added glory and strength."

Asked as to what course of action Governors would take in case Congressmen were again returned in overwhelming majorities, he said, "Then Governors would have to bow down before the Congress. They would not dare suspend the constitution, because it would expose their hypocrisy before the world,—which they do not want."

Village Industries day dinner in progress at Congress House on Sunday evening, during National Week Celebration.

Hard Lot Of Indians In Abyssinia

Story Of Ejectment Of Mahomed Ali & Co.,

(From Our Correspondent.)
DJIBOUTI, March 25.

The Abyssinian Chiefs are being caught and shot one by one. On 13th, 14th and 15th near Hawash heavy fighting took place. Dedjaz Gabre Maram, Dedjaz Bayana Mariet and Fitaurari Schmellis were captured and shot in this fight but the report about the death of Ras Dassita does not seem to be true. He is still alive and fighting in proof of this 10 wagons full of wounded Italian soldiers arrived and passed here yesterday. If Ras Dassita had been dead no one remains from the Chiefs of Emperor Haille Selassie to take the field with exception of some smaller chiefs. So every one takes it for granted here that the report about the death of Ras Dassita is not true, as many times before such rumours have arrived that he had been killed and again that he had entered Kenya Colony.

The French and British have closed their borders and do not allow the Abyssinian refugees to enter their territories, so these brave people must continue their struggle or be captured and shot.

The French Government finding that many Europeans and Indians who were being forcibly sent away by the Italians and arriving in Djibouti have passed laws that every such new arrival must deposit a cash guarantee of 2,500 francs with the French Government.

Messrs G. M. Mohamedali and Co., have at last received orders to sell all their merchandise, their buildings and leave Abyssinia. You may remember that I begged our leaders to do something in this matter. Though they are not able to move the British Government in the case of the British Colonies, it is quite easy for them to boycott all the Italian goods, ships and everything else till they come to their senses. For a most honourable and word renowned old established firm like Messrs G. M. Mohamed Ali and Co., to be sent away in this manner is atrocious. Their only fault seems to be that they acted as Presidents of the British local tribunals. So far this only they are being ejected from Abyssinia where they have traded for more than 40 years. If no action is taken by Indians the others will also be forced to leave. Already they have been ordered to keep an Italian in every house and pay 800 lire for his wages. This man will see that they do business according to orders.

Another trouble has arisen in Djibouti for all foreigners. The Indians coming from Abyssinia must deposit 2,500 francs with the Government or they will not be allowed to remain and I know well that thousands of Indians living in Abyssinia are poor, they can work for their living in Djibouti, where they can get work but not in British Somaliland or Aden. So I have asked the Imperial Indian Citizenship Association to do something for these poor people.

MINISTERIAL CRISIS FOR MASS PROPAGANDA

U. P. Assembly Congress Party Will Meet To Chalk Out Plans

LUCKNOW, April 11.

The Congress Party in the U. P. Assembly has resolved at its meeting to-day to convene a Conference of all members of the Assembly on May 2 and 3 with a view to formulating a programme for the Assembly in order to give effect to the demands of the electorate.

The resolution 'inter alia' states that this decision is being taken as the Governor has declined to summon a session of the Legislature with the result that popular will is being thwarted ceaselessly day to day.

The meeting authorised Pandit Govind Ballabh Pant, Leader of the Party, to send invitation to the members to attend the Conference and prepare an agenda for the same.

The meeting passed about a dozen resolutions after prolonged discussions.

The meeting fully approved of the course adopted by the leader of the Party in regard to the formation of the ministry and reaffirmed their faith in the Delhi resolution of the A.I.C.C.

The second resolution strongly condemned the action of the Governor in appointing as ministers, individuals who did not possess the confidence of the Assembly or people as not only illegal and contrary to the letter and spirit of the Act but also a gross fraud on the electorate and opposed to the basic principles of democratic institutions.

It was further resolved that public meetings be held by members in every constituency in every polling centre condemning this action and acquainting the electorate and masses with the situation and developments in the country.

Duty on Sugar.

The meeting viewed the recent increase of the Excise Duty on sugar detrimental to the interests of the country and harmful to all classes, and asked manufacturers to continue crushing cane with a view to exhaust the standing crops.

The meeting sympathised with the inhabitants of areas affected by famine scarcity, floods and hailstorms and resolved that effective and immediate steps be taken by means of remission of rent, revenue, adequate grants in aid and liberal distribution of taqavi, and formed a committee for the purpose.

Further the meeting felt that reduction of the scheduled cane price from two to three pice per maund was highly improper and will mean a further loss to the growers without stopping the undesirable methods adopted by the mills.

The meeting was surprised to learn the extent to which unauthorised excess in rent was extorted from the peasants in certain districts and appointed a sub-committee to study the situation and report.

Rules, Agrarian labour, repressive laws publicity, Health and Hygiene Committees were formed by the meeting.

It was decided to hold the next meeting of the Party on May 1 and meeting of all the members of the U. P. Assembly on May 2 and 3 to formulate a programme for the Assembly in order to give effect to the will of the people.

Public Meeting.

A public meeting was held this evening expressing no-confidence in the present ministry.—A. P.

GUJRAT SOCIALIST CONFERENCE

Reception Committee Officials Elected

(From Our Correspondent)
DOHAD, April 11.

A meeting of the members of the Reception Committee of the Second Gujerat Congress Socialist Conference to be held at Dohad on 24th and 25th April was held to-day when Mr. Kamalashanker Pandya, a member of the A.I.C.C. was elected Chairman of the Reception Committee and Mr. Harilal M. Shah, General Secretary. Mr. Naval Kishore Parikh and Mr. Naginlal Girdharlal Shah were elected Joint Secretaries and Mr. Ramanlal Sheth, Captain of the Volunteer Corps.

About 7 Sub-Committees were appointed.

The Pandal will be named after Jawaharlal Nehru and the main entrance will be known as Dr. Sumant Mehta Gate.

The Conference is attracting the attention of the politically-minded public of Gujer and will be largely attended.

A Pandal will be prepared to accommodate 5,000 people.

NAGPUR STRIKE ENDS

Six Hundred Scavengers To Resume Work To-day

NAGPUR, April 12.

The fresh dispute between the Jubbulpore Municipal Committee and the scavengers, its employ, has been settled by Mr. V. R. Kallappa, Congress M.L.A., representing Jubbulpore factories labour who negotiated with Mr. Dwarakaprasad Misra, president of the Committee.

It will be recalled that 600 scavengers went on strike demanding redress of their grievances relating to the permanancy of tenure of their service and increase in pay with a fixed minimum rate but later after four days strike they resumed on March 6, on an assurance that the strikers will not be victimized. Later, however, within a week's time 112 men were discharged and were not taken back by the Municipality with a view to providing work for recruits who had been brought from outside and who worked during the strike period. As a result of Mr. Kallappa's intervention the services of the new men had been terminated from this evening and they are being sent back at the cost of the Committee and all the discharged men will be reinstated from to-morrow, (Tuesday) morning.—A.P.

SATYAVATI JAILED

Delhi Congress Workers Sentenced Sequel To Hartal

NEW DELHI, April 12.

Sardar Bahadur Narindar Singh Magistrate sentenced Mr. Narsingham to three months rigorous imprisonment, and two others to six weeks rigorous imprisonment each, under section 7 of the Criminal Law Amendment Act 1935.

Shrimati Satyavati was ordered to furnish a bond of rupees 500 for good behaviour for six months but on her refusal to comply with this order, she was sentenced to one month's simple imprisonment under the same section. Mr. Narsingham and Shrimati Satyavati were recommended for B. Class. All these persons were arrested on April 1, in connection with Hartal.

As regard the contention put forward by the defence, the magistrate had no jurisdiction in view of the fact, that no fresh notification was issued by the Chief Commissioner, Delhi, making the amended Act 1935, applicable to Delhi. The Magistrate held the Chief Commissioner's notification in 1932 was sufficient and it was not necessary to have issued a second notification when the Criminal Law Amendment Act was renewed in 1935.—A. P.

CONSTABLE STABBED TO DEATH

RAWALPINDI, April 11.

The West Bridge Bazat at Rawalpindi Cantonment was the scene of a fatal attack on a constable by a man suspected of a theft.

On the assailant promising to restore property Sardar Bhagatsingh, manager of the Canteen of Argyle Sutherland Highlanders, accompanied by constable Mohd. Ismail and another man went with the suspect. The assailant, pretending to open a suit case so as to show the stolen property, whipped out a knife and stabbed Bhagatsingh.

Another head constable with great presence of mind warded of a blow at him. The assailant thereupon thrust the knife in his own stomach.

The constable Mohd. Ismail died at the Cantonment Hospital. Bhagatsingh is progressing. The assailant is in a precarious condition.—A. P.

India, Burma And Ceylon Can't Forget Mutual Bonds

Congress President In Favour Of Eliminating Trade Barriers

QUILON, April 11.

Mr. Changanacherry K. Parameswaran Pillay, President of the Travancore Cocoanut Growers' Association has received a letter from Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru, Congress President, explaining his position with regard to the reference he made in the course of a statement issued recently on the question of India, Burma and Ceylon and trade barriers.

Pandit Jawaharlal in the course of the same says:—"The statement I made on India, Burma and Ceylon had reference to wider issues. In considering these issues I feel that there should be as few trade barriers as possible between different countries.

Such trade barriers, though they may benefit some groups here and there, ultimately injure trade and hit the consumer.

"But these were general remarks. In applying them to any particular case one has to study the circumstances and I do not intend to pass any judgment on the question of protecting the cocoanut industry of this country. That is a matter which must be studied in all its bearings before the decision is taken"

One cannot treat it apart from the wider issues. Thus Tariff walls in regard to certain commodities would lead to a tariff wall in other countries also and thus a trade war begins which injures all concerned.

"But I can quite conceive of circumstances when we are forced to give protection to prevent foreign dumping or for other good and sufficient reasons.

"As I have said above I did not intend to give any opinion on the particular issues that you have raised. But I do feel that that issue must be considered from the larger view point.

"Obviously the future welfare of the people of Kerala must command our attention.

"My previous statement was made with a view to easing the situation between Ceylon and India for I have been noticing with regret that Ceylon is drifting further away and raising prohibitive tariff walls against us"!

It will be remembered that in course of a statement Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru said "whatever the exigencies of British imperial policy might demand, India, Burma and Ceylon can never forget the cultural and commercial bonds that have tied them for thousands of years.

"We want to encourage trade and contacts and are opposed to the erection of trade barriers except when unavoidable circumstances may force us to do so".—United Press.

"BEST" LECTURE COURSE THIS YEAR

Good Opportunity For Students Of Engineering

The Bombay Electric Supply and Tramways Company have recently thrown open their works to young college students who come for vacation training. As many as sixty students are received from such institutions as the College of Engineering, Benares, the Engineering College, Poona, Institute of Science, Bangalore, Kala Bhavan Institute, Baroda, and the Victoria Jubilee Technical Institute Bombay.

WEEKLY LECTURES

These students are given practical training in the various departments of the Company for a period of three to six months. As the same time, once a week lectures are given to these students by the engineers of the Company and engineers of reputable local engineering firms on subjects of practical use to them in their future careers. Very little theoretical instruction is given in these lectures, but instead the students are given suggestions regarding the assembly, care and maintenance of equipment, as it is rarely that such subjects are covered by their college courses, and it is felt that by giving students an idea of the difficulties and troubles they will encounter, that they will get real help.

The provisional course of lectures for this year is varied and interesting:—

April 14, Opening Day: Social for Old and New Apprentices.
April 21, Fault Locating and Testing.
April 28, Refrigeration.
May 5, Lighting Principles.
May 19, Installation and Maintenance of Pumps.
May 26, Commercial Engineering.
June 2, Cable Work.
June 16, Water Tube Boilers.
June 23, Switchgear.
June 30, Ex-Ray.
July 7 Telephony.
July 14, Store-Keeping.
July 21, Air-Conditioning.
July 28, Street Lighting.
Aug. 4, Workshop Operation.
Aug. 11, Costing.
Aug. 18, Costing.
Aug. 25, Photometric Testing.

WELCOME TO ALL

The General Manager of the BEST Company usually gives the first talk advising the students how to use their time, by looking at things and asking questions as to their Why and Wherefore. This year the opening lecture will in addition be a social and it is hoped that old apprentices will attend this function and renew their acquaintance with the officers of the Company.

Although primarily intended for students under training in BEST, the Company would be glad to welcome all members of the Engineering Profession to the Weekly Lectures which will in many cases be illustrated by films. In order to provide the necessary seating arrangements, those who intend to attend the lectures are requested to apply to the Planning Engineer for the necessary pass.

Two coolies sitting on a heap of rubble at the edge of a lime-kiln in Mussoorie, and warming themselves lost their balance owing to a sudden settling of the soil, fell into the kiln, and were burnt to death.

APPEAL TO JAMNADAS MEHTA

Give Relief To Famine Areas, Says Prof. Ranga

BOMBAY, April 12.

Prof. N. G. Ranga, M.L.A., President of the All-India Kisan Sabha who arrived in Bombay this morning has issued the following statement to the press:

"I am shocked to hear of the harrowing tales of the famine conditions prevailing in Dohad-Jhalod taluquas of the Panchmahals district published recently in the "Bombay Sentinel" and the "Bombay Chronicle" by a most moderate social worker, Mr. Mananker, Secretary of the Bombay Humanitarian League."

Mr. Indulal Yagnik of the All-India Kisan Sabha has rightly demanded of the Government that famine conditions should be declared prevailing in the area and relief works should be started for the starving human beings and cattles. It is in keeping with the character and content of the Interim Ministry that it has failed even till to-day inspite of its bombastic economic programme to realise the seriousness of the situation at least as well as the Humanitarian League of Bombay and rush to the rescue of the Kisans."

Surely the provisional Government of Bombay can offer relief to the famine stricken cattle and human beings without having to wait for the convening of the legislature, which as its first step can only think of turning it out of office.

"Let my old friend Mr. Jamnadas Mehta, Finance Minister, spare a few lacs of rupees out of his newly found treasury and give a more practical demonstration of his love for the masses by providing fodder for cattle, food and water supply facilities for human beings."—United Press.

ALL FOR PROPERTY

Alleged Murder Of Brother

SHEIKHUPURA: April 10.

A report of a fratricidal fight between the sons of the same parents in which one Hazarasingh met his death at the hands of his elder brother has been received from the village of Rattachoa.

The elder brother, it is alleged, coveted the whole property of his aged and infirm father and got the younger brother out of his way by lashing his head off with a kirpan.

The police have arrested him in this connection.—United Press.

FIGHT BETWEEN JAT PARTIES

One Dead, Several Injured

MOGA, (By Mail)

The report of a fight between two Jat parties of village Bohona two miles from here resulting in the death of one person and serious injuries to several others has been received here.

The police have effected several arrests in this connection.—United Press

Edited by SYED ABDULLAH BRELVI and Printed and Published for The Bombay Chronicle Co., Ltd., by KESARINATH RAMKRISHNA GANDRE, at the "Bombay Chronicle" Press, Red Building, Parsi Bazaar Street, Fort, Bombay.